UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Update on Patent Quality Metrics and Current Quality Programs Silicon Valley USPTO

Greg Vidovich, Associate Commissioner for Patent Quality

Stefanos Karmis, Senior Advisor, Office of the Commissioner for Patents

May 11, 2017

USPTO

Master Review Form and Quality Metrics



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

MRF Program Goals

- To create a *single*, *comprehensive* tool (called the Master Review Form) that can be used by all areas of the Office to *consistently* review final work product
 - Common review standard
 - Common data points
- To better collect information on the *clarity* and *correctness* of Office Actions
- To collect review results into a *single data warehouse* for more *robust analysis*
 - Increased precision in metrics
 - More granular levels of analyses to detect anomalies, inconsistencies, and hot spots



Looking Forward

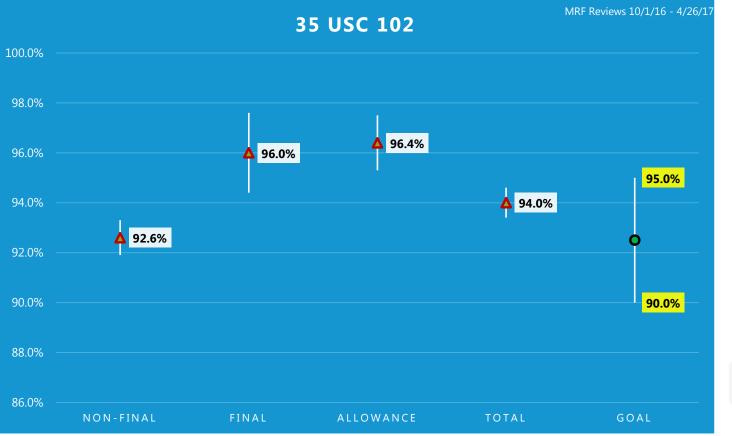
The Master Review Form's single data warehouse facilitates:

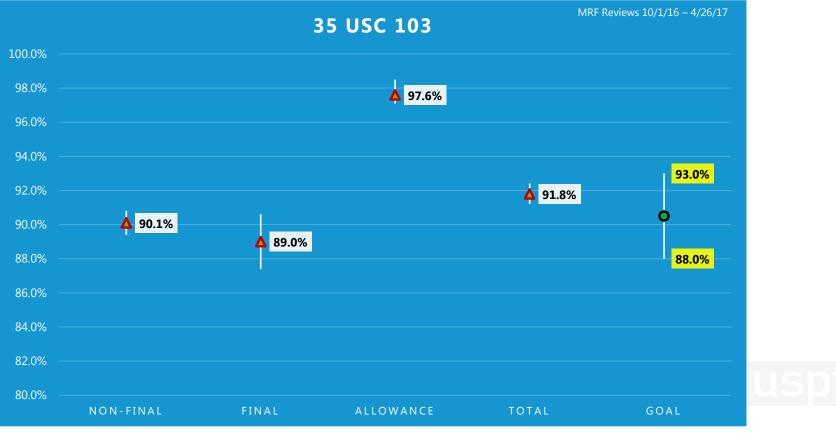
- Better quality metrics
- Case studies without the need for *ad hoc* reviews
- Rapid measurement of the impact of training, incentives, or other quality programs on our work product
- Quality monitoring tools, such as dashboards

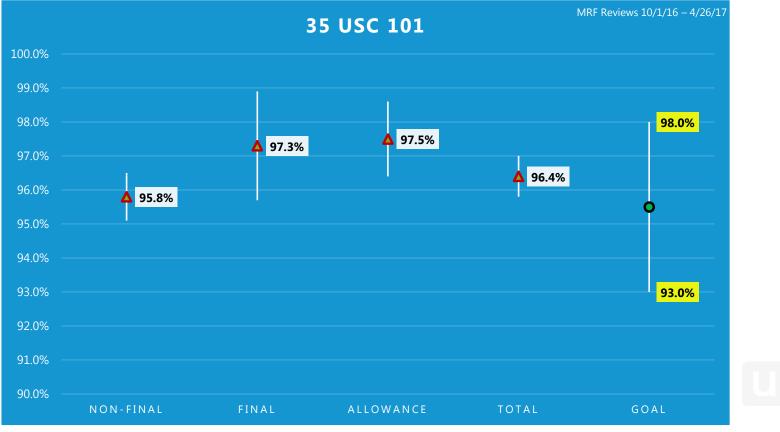
Compliance and Clarity

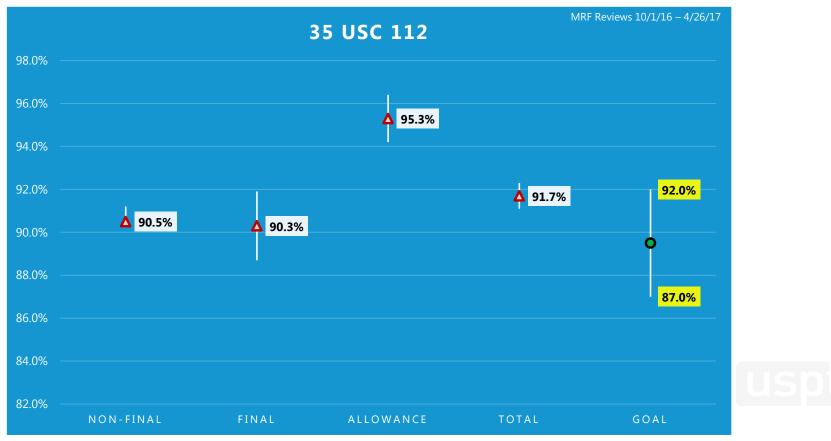
- Master Review Form (MRF) and Integrated Quality System (IQS)
- 11,000 reviews completed to date
- 18,000 targeted for FY17
- Correctness targets for FY17 were established based on FY16 reviews
 - Statutory Compliance reviews started midyear FY16
- MRF data being analyzed for development of both correctness and clarity goals for FY18







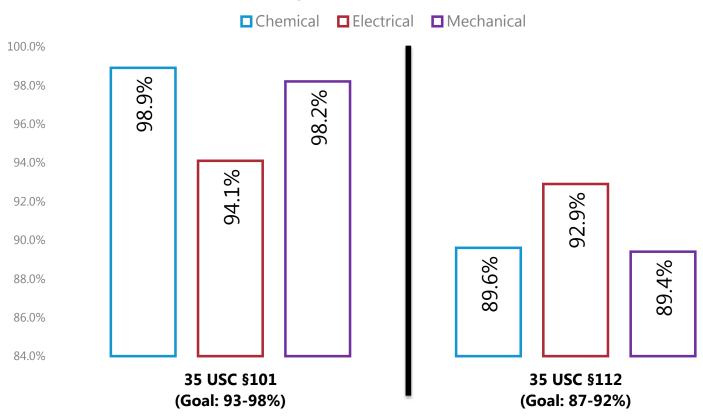




Compliance by Discipline

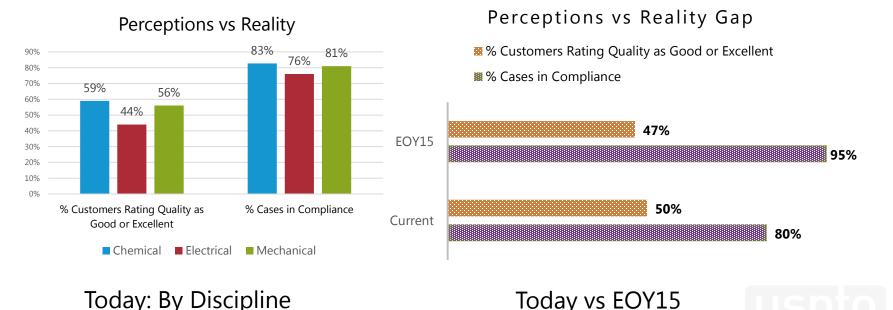
Chemical ■ Electrical ■ Mechanical 100.0% 98.0% 96.0% 95.7% 94.0% 94.5% 93.8% 92.0% 92.4% 5% 90.0% 90.3% 91. 88.0% 86.0% 84.0% 35 USC §102 35 USC §103 (Goal: 90-95%) (Goal: 88-93%)

Compliance by Discipline



Alignment with Customer Perceptions

Not an apples-to-apples comparison, but direction of quality should track



Today vs EOY15

Current Activities

- Reporting
 - Internal Dashboard
 - Coming soon: Publishing statistics on USPTO.gov
- Exploratory Analysis
 - example if clear, 3X more likely to be correct
 - example examiner and prosecution characteristics vs. compliance
- Supporting Corps-wide studies and evaluations
 - Examination Time Analysis, Clarity Pilot, etc.
- Supporting TC-specific quality initiatives
 - Action plans and own exploratory analysis

Clarity of the Record Pilot



USPTO



Identify

Examiner

Best Practices



Use Data/ Feedback to Assist Other Programs Enhance Clarity of Prosecution Record



Areas of Focus

- More detailed interview summaries
- More precise reasons for allowance
- Pre-search interview Examiner's option
- Enhanced documentation of 7 areas of claim interpretation:
 - Special definitions of claim terms
 - Functional language
 - Intended use or result (preamble and body of claim)
 - "Means-plus-function" (35 U.S.C. §112(f))

- Optional language
- Non-functional descriptive material
- Computer-implemented functions that invoke 35 U.S.C. §112(f) ("specialized" or "nonspecialized")

Clarity of the Record Training: Improving Clarity and Reasoning in Office Actions ICR Training



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE USPTO

Improving Clarity and Reasoning – ICR Training Program Goals

- To identify particular areas of prosecution that would benefit from increased clarity of the record and develop training
- To enhance all training to include tips and techniques for enhancing the clarity of the record as an integral part of ongoing substantive training



ICR Training Courses

35 U.S.C. 112(f): Identifying Limitations that Invoke § 112(f)	35 U.S.C. 112(f): Making the Record Clear	35 U.S.C. 112(f): Broadest Reasonable Interpretation and Definiteness of § 112(f) Limitations		Evaluating Limitations in Software-Related Claims for Definiteness under	Broadest Reasonable Interpretation (BRI) and the Plain Meaning of Claim Terms
Examining Functional Claim Limitations: Focus on Computer/Software- related Claims	Examining Claims for Compliance with 35 U.S.C. 112(a): Part I Written Description	Examining Claims for Compliance with 35 U.S.C. 112(a): Part II – Enablement		35 U.S.C. 112(a): Written Description Workshop	§ 112(b): Enhancing Clarity By Ensuring That Claims Are Definite Under 35 U.S.C. 112(b)
2014 Interim Guidance on Patent Subject Matter Eligibility	Abstract Idea Example Workshops I & II	Enhancing Clarity By Ensuring Clear Reasoning of Allowance Under C.F.R. 1.104(e) and MPEP 1302.14		35 U.S.C. 101: Subject Matter Eligibility Workshop III: Formulating a Rejection and Evaluating the Applicant's Response	35 U.S.C. 112(b): Interpreting Functional Language and Evaluating Claim Boundaries - Workshop
	Advanced Legal Training Part I: Understanding Case Law and the Federal Court System		Trainin How to A Respond t	ed Legal g Part II: nalyze and o Case Law Arguments	uspt

Topic Submission for Case Studies



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Topic Submissions - Background

- Case studies used internally on an *ad hoc* basis to study particular issues
- Federal Register Notice on Topic Submissions
 - USPTO invited stakeholders to submit patent qualityrelated topics for study
 - Submissions were accepted through December '15 through February '16

Topics Selected for Case Studies

Patent Quality Topic	Project Status
1. Compliance of rejections with 35 U.S.C. 101 official guidance	Being Finalized
 Consistency of application of 35 U.S.C. 101 across Art Units/Technology Centers 	In-Progress
3. Use of compact prosecution when making 35 U.S.C. 101 rejections	Being Finalized
4. Correctness and clarity of motivation statements in 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections	Being Finalized
5. Enforcement of 35 U.S.C. 112(a) written description in continuing applications	In-Progress
 Consistent treatment of claims after May 2014 35 U.S.C. 112(f) training 	Being Finalized
	22

Post Grant Outcomes



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE USPTO 24

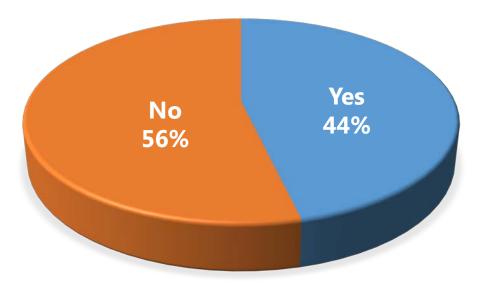
Post Grant Outcomes Program

- This program is to develop a process for providing post grant outcomes from various sources, such as the Federal Circuit and Patent Trial and Appeal Board (PTAB), to the examiner of record and the examiners of related applications.
- Post Grant Outcomes Pilot: April-August, 2016
 - Identify those patents being challenged at the PTAB under the AIA trials that have pending related applications in the Patent Corps
 - Provide the examiners of those pending related applications access to the contents of the AIA trial



Pilot Statistics – Relevant Art For Child Case

In the Office action of the child case, did the examiner refer to any of the references cited in the AIA trial petition of the parent case?



uspto

Post-Prosecution Pilot (P3)



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE USPTO

Post-Prosecution Pilot (P3) Overview

- Retains popular features of the Pre-appeal Brief Conference Pilot and AFCP 2.0 programs:
 - Consideration of 5-pages of arguments
 - Consideration of non-broadening claim amendments
 - Consideration by a panel
- Adds requested features:
 - Presentation of arguments to a panel of examiners
 - Explanation of the panel's recommendation in a written decision after the panel confers



Pre-Search Functionality and Search Enhancement Pilot

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE USPto 29

Pre-Search Functionality

Objective: Created to make a preexamination search available automatically available in every application

-Supplements the examiner search



Examination Search Enhancement

- Public Feedback
 - Identify the best prior art early in prosecution
 - Provide early notice to applicant
- Pilot Being Designed to Test
 - Best avenue for providing prior art
 - Overall benefits to the impact on examination quality
 - Benefits to patent pendency

Questions and Comments

Greg Vidovich Associate Commissioner for Patent Quality 571-272-4415 <u>Greg.Vidovich@uspto.gov</u>

Stefanos Karmis

Senior Advisor, Office of the Commissioner for Patents (571) 272-6744 <u>Stefanos.Karmis@uspto.gov</u>



