From: Tammi.Murray [e-mail address redacted] Sent: Tuesday, October 11, 2011 4:06 PM

To: AC58.comments
Cc: [e-mail addresses redacted]
Subject: Comment on Proposed Rule Changes

Dear Mr. Bernstein:

Attached is the comment of Washington State Patent Law Association on the proposed rule change published July 21, 2011, in the Federal Register (76 FR 18,408). The deadline to submit comments was September 19, 2011; however, Washington State Patent Law Association was kindly granted an extension of time, until October 11, 2011, to submit their comments.

Thank you.

Amanda Carmany-Rampey Ph.D. Associate

Mail Stop Comments – Patents

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Attention: Hiram H. Ber

Hiram H. Bernstein, Senior Legal Advisor, Office of Patent Legal Administration,

Office of the Associate Commissioner for Patent Examination Policy

VIA EMAIL ONLY

AC58.comments@uspto.gov

Dear Mr. Bernstein,

In response to the request for comments regarding the proposed rulemaking published

on July 21, 2011, in the Federal Register (76 FR 18,408) applying to 37 CFR Part 1 "Revision

of the Materiality to Patentability Standard for the Duty To Disclose Information in Patent

Applications," the Washington State Patent Law Association ("WSPLA") desires to provide

the following comments. WSPLA generally views favorably the efforts by the U.S.P.T.O. to

harmonize the materiality standard for the duty of disclosure to the standard set forth by the

Federal Circuit in Therasense, Inc. v. Becton, Dickinson & Co., 593 F3d 1325 (2011). It is

the opinion of WSPLA that §§ 1.56 (b)(1) and 1.555 (b)(1) set forth a workable standard for

determining materiality of information. Further, it would be beneficial to practitioners to have

a single, uniform standard.

With regard to §§ 1.56 (b)(2) and 1.555 (b)(2), however, WSPLA is concerned that

while the rules specify that information is material if the applicant engages in affirmative

egregious misconduct before the Office as to the information, neither the Therasense opinion

nor the proposed rule clearly define the boundaries of "affirmative egregious misconduct."

Therasense and the U.S.P.T.O. have provided guidance on what sorts of activities do not

constitute affirmative egregious misconduct, but have given little guidance on what sort of

affirmative conduct constitutes affirmative egregious misconduct. Greater clarity would be a

benefit to practitioners.

Thank you,

/ Peter J. Knudsen /

President, WSPLA