#### **CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION**

#### PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING B (NOTES omitted)

# **SEPARATING; MIXING**

### **B03** SEPARATION OF SOLID MATERIALS USING LIQUIDS OR USING PNEUMATIC TABLES OR JIGS; MAGNETIC OR ELECTROSTATIC SEPARATION OF SOLID MATERIALS FROM SOLID MATERIALS OR FLUIDS; SEPARATION BY HIGH-**VOLTAGE ELECTRIC FIELDS**

### **B03D** FLOTATION; DIFFERENTIAL SEDIMENTATION (sedimentation in general <u>B01D 21/00</u>; in combination with other separation of solids <u>B03B</u>; sink-float separation <u>B03B 5/28</u>; detergents, soaps C11D)

## WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

g for flotation, general	1/082	• • {of the froth product, e.g. washing}
<u>)3B</u> )	1/085	• • {of the feed, e.g. conditioning, de-sliming}
nditioners <u>B03B 1/00</u> )	1/087	• • {of the sediment, e.g. regrinding}
	1/10	Removing adhering liquid from separated     materials (processes or devices capable of genera
last place priority rule is		use <u>B01D</u> )
	1/12	. Agent recovery
-	1/14	• Flotation machines (devices for feeding measured
hade in the last appropriate		quantities of reagents B01J 4/02; flotation apparatus
		for enzymology or microbiology C12M 1/09)
	1/1406	• • {with special arrangement of a plurality of
$\frac{B03D \ 2203/00}{B03D \ 2203/00}.$		flotation cells, e.g. positioning a flotation cell inside another}
nds	1/1412	• • {with baffles, e.g. at the wall for redirecting
ds		settling solids}
	1/1418	• • {using centrifugal forces}
	1/1425	• • • {air-sparged hydrocyclones}
,	1/1431	• • {Dissolved air flotation machines}
en	1/1437	• • {using electroflotation (waste water treatment
gen		using electroflotation <u>C02F 1/465</u> )}
ammonium compounds}	1/1443	• • {Feed or discharge mechanisms for flotation
ſ	1 /1 4 5	tanks}
phorus	1/145	• • • {Feed mechanisms for reagents (devices
r compounds		for feeding measured quantities of reagents <u>B01J 4/02</u> )
anic and organic compounds	1/1/156	• • {Feed mechanisms for the slurry}
esses		<ul> <li>. {Discharge mechanisms for the froth}</li> </ul>
bhosphate ores }		<ul> <li>Discharge mechanisms for the room;</li> <li>{Discharge mechanisms for the sediments}</li> </ul>
Flotation of a carrier material		<ul> <li>. (Discharge mechanisms for the sediments)</li> <li>. (Flotation tanks having means for discharging</li> </ul>
t material attaches}	1/14/5	the pulp, e.g. as a bleed stream}
otation of fines}	1/1481	• {with a plurality of parallel plates}
ible liquid in place of a gas for		<ul> <li>{What a platancy of platance plates;</li> <li>{Means for cleaning or maintenance}</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(with means for establishing a specified flow</li> </ul>
itoring of flotation processes;	1/14/5	pattern}
	1/16	• • with impellers; Subaeration machines {(mixing
at atmospheric pressure		gases or vapours with liquids <u>B01F 23/20</u> )}
	1/18	• • • without air supply
	1/20	• • • with internal air pumps
<u>02</u> )	1/22	• • • with external blowers
	<pre>a3B) dditioners B03B 1/00) last place priority rule is the hierarchical level, in indication to the contrary, hade in the last appropriate desirable to add the ing code(s) from each of groups B03D 2203/00. nds ds to contain a polyether group } con } en gen unmonium compounds } r phorus r compounds unic and organic compounds sses hosphate ores } Flotation of a carrier material cmaterial attaches } otation of fines } ible liquid in place of a gas for</pre>	33B)1/085iditioners B03B 1/00)1/0871/101/10last place priority rule is th hierarchical level, in indication to the contrary, hade in the last appropriate1/12desirable to add the ing code(s) from each of groups B03D 2203/00.1/1406nds1/1412ds1/1412ds1/1413to contain a polyether group } to contain a polyether group } to rempounds }1/1431en gen unmonium compounds } r r phorus1/1455r compounds mic and organic compounds sees1/1456Flotation of a carrier material to ratio of fines } totation of fines }1/1481ible liquid in place of a gas for toring of flotation processes; herefor } t t of concentrated product (froth 02)1/18

## B03D

1/24	• Pneumatic {(mixing gases or vapours with liquids <u>B01F 23/20)</u> }
1/242	• • {Nozzles for injecting gas into the flotation tank}
1/245	• • • {Injecting gas through perforated or porous area}
1/247	<ul> <li>. {Mixing gas and slurry in a device separate from the flotation tank, i.e. reactor-separator type}</li> </ul>
1/26	Air lift machines
3/00	Differential sedimentation
3/02	Coagulation
3/04	• • assisted by vibrations
3/06	• Flocculation
2201/00	Specified effects produced by the flotation agents
	(use of substances as emulsifying, wetting, dispersing
	or foam-producing agents C09K 23/00)
2201/002	Coagulants and Flocculants
2201/005	• Dispersants
2201/007	. Modifying reagents for adjusting pH or conductivity
2201/02	• Collectors
2201/04	• Frothers
2201/06	. Depressants
2203/00	Specified materials treated by the flotation agents;
	specified applications (paper pulp processing
	<u>D21F 1/70</u> , de-inking of paper pulp <u>D21B 1/325</u> )
2203/001	Agricultural products, food, biogas, algae
2203/003	• Biotechnological applications, e.g. separation
	or purification of enzymes, hormones, vitamins, viruses
2203/005	• Fine and commodity chemicals
2203/006	• Oil well fluids, oil sands, bitumen
2203/008	• Water purification, e.g. for process water recycling
	(waste water treatment $\underline{\text{C02F } 1/24}$ )
2203/02	. Ores
2203/025	Precious metal ores
2203/04	. Non-sulfide ores
2203/06	Phosphate ores
2203/08	Coal ores, fly ash or soot
2203/10	Potassium ores