CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING (NOTES omitted)

<u>SEPARATING; MIXING</u>

B05 SPRAYING OR ATOMISING IN GENERAL; APPLYING FLUENT MATERIALS TO SURFACES, IN GENERAL

(NOTE omitted)

B05B SPRAYING APPARATUS; ATOMISING APPARATUS; NOZZLES (spray-mixers with nozzles <u>B01F 25/72</u>; processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces by spraying <u>B05D</u>)

NOTES

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> particularly apparatus for the release or projection of drops or droplets into the atmosphere or into a chamber to form a mist or the like. For this purpose, the materials to be projected may be suspended in a stream of gas or vapour.
- 2. Attention is drawn to the Note following the title of class <u>B05</u>.
- 3. In this subclass, "means for controlling volume of flow" is used in the most general meaning and includes also means allowing only starting and stopping the flow
- 4. In this subclass, the meaning of the expression "apparatus carried on or by a person" includes all apparatus comprising at least one container for the material to be sprayed carried on or by a person during use
- 5. In this subclass, the word "container" is to be understood as the innermost enclosure containing the material to be sprayed

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Nozzles, spray heads or other outlets, with
	or without auxiliary devices such as valves,
	heating means (B05B 3/00, B05B 5/00, B05B 7/00
	take precedence; {nozzles for baths with water
	or gas jets <u>A61H 33/00</u> , e.g. <u>A61H 33/6063</u> ,
	A61H 33/6021, A61H 33/026 or A61H 33/027;
	Nozzles specially adapted for fire-extinguishing
	A62C 31/02; Nozzles for generating high velocity
	abrasive fluid jets B24C 5/04; } nozzles for jet-
	ink printing mechanisms B41J 2/135; {nozzles for
	filling containers <u>B65B 39/00;</u> } nozzles for liquid-
	dispensing, e.g. in vehicle service stations <u>B67D 7/42</u>)
1/002	• {designed to reduce the generation or the
	transmission of noise or to produce a particular
	sound; associated with noise monitoring means}
1/005	(Norrlas or other outlets manipully adopted for

- 1/005 {Nozzles or other outlets specially adapted for discharging one or more gases}
- 1/02 designed to produce a jet, spray, or other discharge of particular shape or nature, e.g. in single drops, {or having an outlet of particular shape}(<u>B05B 1/26</u>, <u>B05B 1/28</u>, <u>B05B 1/34</u> take precedence)
- 1/04 . . in flat form, e.g. fan-like, sheet-like
- 1/042 . . . {Outlets having two planes of symmetry perpendicular to each other, one of them defining the plane of the jet (<u>B05B 1/044</u>, <u>B05B 1/046</u> take precedence)}

1/044	• • {Slits, i.e. narrow openings defined by two straight and parallel lips; Elongated outlets for producing very wide discharges, e.g. fluid curtains (<u>B05B 1/046</u> takes precedence)}
1/046	• • {Outlets formed, e.g. cut, in the circumference of tubular or spherical elements}
1/048	 {having a flow conduit with, immediately behind the outlet orifice, an elongated cross section, e.g. of oval or elliptic form, of which the major axis is perpendicular to the plane of the jet}
1/06	• • in annular, tubular or hollow conical form
1/08	• • of pulsating nature, e.g. delivering liquid
	in successive separate quantities {; Fluidic oscillators}
1/083	 the pulsating mechanism comprising movable parts (liquid driven rotating elements, e.g. turbines, arranged upstream the outlet B05B 3/04)}
1/086	• • • {with a resiliently deformable element, e.g. sleeve}
1/10	• in the form of a fine jet, e.g. for use in wind- screen washers
1/12	• capable of producing different kinds of discharge, e.g. either jet or spray (having selectively-effective outlets <u>B05B 1/16</u>)
1/14	 with multiple outlet openings (<u>B05B 1/02</u>, <u>B05B 1/26</u> take precedence); with strainers in or outside the outlet opening
1/16	• • having selectively- effective outlets

1/1609	 . { with a selecting mechanism comprising a lift valve (<u>B05B 1/1681</u> takes precedence; lift valves in general <u>F16K 1/00</u>)}
1/1618	• • • {where said valve is a double-seat lift valve}
1/1627	• • • {with a selecting mechanism comprising a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock (<u>B05B 1/1681</u> takes precedence; gate valves or sliding valves in general <u>F16K 3/00</u> ; cocks in general
1/1636	 F16K 5/00)} • {by relative rotative movement of the valve elements (B05B 1/1672 takes precedence)}
1/1645	• • • • {the outlets being rotated during selection}
1/1654	{about an axis parallel to the liquid passage in the stationary valve element}
1/1663	• • • {by relative translatory movement of the valve elements (<u>B05B 1/1672</u> takes
1/1672	precedence)} {the selectively-effective outlets being arranged on a tube or pipe}
1/1681	 . { with a selecting mechanism comprising a gate valve, sliding valve or cock and a lift valve}
1/169	• • {having three or more selectively effective outlets}
1/18	 Roses; Shower heads {(with means for adding soap or the like <u>E03C 1/046;</u> jet regulators <u>E03C 1/08</u>)}
1/185	 • {characterised by their outlet element; Mounting arrangements therefor}
1/20	• • {Arrangements of several outlets along elongated bodies, e.g.} perforated pipes or troughs, e.g. spray booms {(spray booms for agricultural uses <u>A01M 7/0071</u> ; spray bars for treating roads
1/202	 <u>E01C 19/176</u>); Outlet elements therefor {comprising inserted outlet elements
1/205	 (B05B 1/205 takes precedence)} . {characterised by the longitudinal shape of the
1/207	elongated body}elongated body being a closed loop}
1/22	 Spouts (anti-splash devices for water-taps E03C 1/08)
1/24	• incorporating means for heating the liquid or other fluent material, e.g. electrically
1/26	 with means for mechanically breaking-up or deflecting the jet after discharge, e.g. with fixed deflectors; Breaking-up the discharged liquid or other fluent material by impinging jets
1/262	• • {with fixed deflectors}
1/265	• • { the liquid or other fluent material being symmetrically deflected about the axis of the nozzle}
1/267	• • {the liquid or other fluent material being deflected in determined directions}
1/28	• with integral means for shielding the discharged liquid or other fluent material, e.g. to limit area of spray; with integral means for catching drips or collecting surplus liquid or other fluent material (means for any of these purposes, per se, B05B 12/16, B05B 12/32, B05B 14/00)
1/30	• designed to control volume of flow, e.g. with adjustable passages {(<u>B05B 11/0094</u> takes precedence)}
1/3006	 (the controlling element being actuated by the pressure of the fluid to be sprayed (<u>B05B 11/0062</u> takes precedence))

1/3013	 {the controlling element being a lift valve (<u>B05B 1/3006</u>, <u>B05B 1/3033</u> take precedence; lift valves in general <u>F16K 1/00</u>)}
1/302	 . { with a ball-shaped valve member (ball valves in general <u>F16K 1/14</u>)}
1/3026	 (the controlling element being a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock (<u>B05B 1/3006</u>,
	B05B 1/326 take precedence; gate valves or sliding valves in general F16K 3/00; cocks in general F16K 5/00)}
1/3033	• {the control being effected by relative coaxial
1,5055	longitudinal movement of the controlling
	element and the spray head (<u>B05B 1/3026</u> takes precedence)}
1/304	• • • {the controlling element being a lift valve}
1/3046	• • • {the valve element, e.g. a needle, co-
	operating with a valve seat located
	downstream of the valve element and its
	actuating means, generally in the proximity of the outlet orifice (<u>B05B 1/308</u> takes
1/3053	<pre>precedence)} {the actuating means being a solenoid}</pre>
1/3055	••••• {the actuating means being a solehold }
1/3066	••••• {the valve element being at least partially
1/3000	hollow and liquid passing through it when the valve is opened}
1/3073	• • • {the controlling element being a deflector
	acting as a valve in co-operation with the
	outlet orifice (<u>B05B 1/308</u> takes precedence;
	deflectors per se B05B 1/262)}
1/308	• • • { the controlling element comprising both a lift valve and a deflector }
1/3086	• • • {the controlling element being a grooved body, which is movable in the outlet orifice}
1/3093	• • {Recirculation valves, i.e. the valve element
	opens a passage to the nozzle and simultaneously closes at least partially a return passage the feeding means}
1/32	• • in which a valve member forms part of the outlet
	opening {(<u>B05B 1/3033</u> takes precedence)}
1/323	• • • {the valve member being actuated by
	the pressure of the fluid to be sprayed
1/226	(B05B 11/0062 takes precedence)}
1/326	• • • {the valve being a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock}
1/34	. designed to influence the nature of flow of the
	liquid or other fluent material, e.g. to produce swirl (designed to control volume of flow <u>B05B 1/30</u>)
1/3402	 (to avoid or to reduce turbulencies, e.g.
1/5402	comprising fluid flow straightening means}
1/3405	• {to produce swirl}
1/341	{before discharging the liquid or other fluent
	material, e.g. in a swirl chamber upstream the spray outlet}
1/3415	• • • • {with swirl imparting inserts upstream of the swirl chamber}
1/3421	•••• { with channels emerging substantially tangentially in the swirl chamber }
1/3426	\ldots . (the channels emerging in the swirl
	chamber perpendicularly to the outlet axis (<u>B05B 1/3436</u> takes precedence)}
1/3431	\ldots {the channels being formed at the interface
	of cooperating elements, e.g. by means of
	grooves}

1/3436	••••• {the interface being a plane
1/3442	perpendicular to the outlet axis} {the interface being a cone having the
1/3447	same axis as the outlet} {the interface being a cylinder having
1/3452	 the same axis as the outlet } {the cooperating elements being movable, e.g. adjustable relative to one
1/0457	another }
1/3457 1/3463	 {in response to liquid pressure} {the channels extending outwardly, e.g. radially from the inside to the outside}
1/3468	 {with means for controlling the flow of liquid entering or leaving the swirl chamber (<u>B05B 1/3452</u> takes precedence)}
1/3473	• • • • { in response to liquid pressure }
1/3478	• • • • • • (in response to inquite pressure) • • • • { the liquid flowing at least two different courses before reaching the swirl chamber}
1/3484	• • • • { with a by-pass conduit extending from the swirl chamber }
1/3489	• • • • {Nozzles having concentric outlets}
1/3494	•••• { the discharge outlet being not on the axis of the swirl chamber }
1/36	• Outlets for discharging by overflow
3/00	Spraying or sprinkling apparatus with moving outlet elements or moving deflecting elements
3/001	• {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
3/002	• {comprising a moving member supported by a fluid cushion}
3/003	• {with braking means, e.g. friction rings designed to provide a substantially constant revolution speed}
3/005	• • {using viscous dissipation, e.g. a rotor movable in a chamber filled with oil}
3/006	• • {using induced currents; using magnetic means}
3/007	• {with friction clutch means}
3/008	 {comprising a wobbling or nutating element, i.e. rotating about an axis describing a cone during spraying (<u>B05B 3/0463</u> takes precedence)}
3/02	 with rotating elements (electric spraying discharge apparatus characterised by having rotary outlet or deflecting elements <u>B05B 5/04</u>)
3/021	• • {with means for regulating the jet relative to the horizontal angular position of the nozzle, e.g. for spraying non circular areas by changing the elevation of the nozzle or by varying the nozzle flow-rate (B05B 3/0454 takes precedence)}
3/022	 {the rotating deflecting element being a ventilator or a fan (<u>B05B 3/105</u> takes precedence; agricultural atomisers or mist blowers <u>A01M 7/0003</u>)}
3/023	• {comprising a pneumatic motor actuated by a depression created by the liquid flow}
3/025	• • {Rotational joints}
3/026	• • { the fluid passing axially from one joint element to another }
3/027	• • • {with radial fluid passages}
3/028	• {the rotation being orbital (<u>B05B 3/0445</u> and <u>B05B 3/066</u> take precedence)}
3/04	 driven by the liquid or other fluent material discharged, e.g. the liquid actuating a motor before passing to the outlet {(<u>B05B 3/023</u> takes precedence)}
3/0404	• • • {the motor comprising a movable ball}

3/0409	• • • {with moving, e.g. rotating, outlet elements
	(<u>B05B 3/0486</u> , <u>B05B 3/06</u> take precedence)}
3/0413	• • • • {comprising a liquid driven piston motor}
3/0418	• • • • {comprising a liquid driven rotor, e.g. a
	turbine (<u>B05B 3/0463</u> , <u>B05B 3/0468</u> take
	precedence)}
3/0422	• • • • • {with rotating outlet elements}
3/0427	•••• {the outlet elements being directly
	attached to the rotor or being an integral
	part of it}
3/0431	•••• {the rotative movement of the outlet
	elements being reversible (B05B 3/0445
	takes precedence)}
3/0436	••••• {by reversing the direction of rotation
	of the rotor itself}
3/044	••••• {Tubular elements holding several
	outlets, e.g. apertured tubes,
	oscillating about an axis substantially
2/0445	parallel to the tubular element}
3/0445	{the movement of the outlet elements
	being a combination of two movements,
3/045	one being rotational}
5/045	the jet ($B05B 3/0445$ takes precedence)}
3/0454	• • • • • • {relative to the angular position of the
5/0454	outlet or to the direction of rotation
	of the outlet, e.g. for spraying non
	circular areas}
3/0459	••••• {the rotor axis not being parallel to the
	rotation axis of the outlet, e.g. being
	perpendicular thereto}
3/0463	• • • • {Rotor nozzles, i.e. nozzles consisting of
	an element having an upstream part rotated
	by the liquid flow, and a downstream part
	connected to the apparatus by a universal
	joint}
3/0468	{the liquid actuating a motor after passing
	the spray outlet (B05B $3/0472$ takes
2/0472	precedence)}
3/0472	• • • { the spray jet actuating a movable deflector
	which is successively moved out of the jet by jet action and brought back into the jet by
	spring action }
3/0477	• • • • { the spray outlet having a reversible
5/0477	rotative movement, e.g. for covering
	angular sector smaller than 360°}
3/0481	• • • • {Impact motive means}
3/0486	• • { the spray jet being generated by a rotary
2, 0 100	deflector rotated by liquid discharged onto it
	in a direction substantially parallel its rotation
	axis}
3/049	{comprising mechanical means for preventing
	a rotor from rotating despite being submerged
	in a streaming fluid}
3/0495	• • • {the liquid or other fluent material discharged
	powering several motors, e.g. several turbines}
3/06	• • • by jet reaction {, i.e. creating a spinning torque
	due to a tangential component of the jet}
3/063	• • • {using a member, e.g. a deflector, for
	creating the tangential component of the jet}
3/066	• • • {the movement of the outlet elements being
	a combination of two movements, one being
0/00	rotational}
3/08	• in association with stationary outlet or deflecting
	elements

3/082	 • { the spraying being effected by centrifugal forces }
3/085	• • • {in association with sectorial deflectors}
3/087	•••• {Spray guns comprising this arrangement}
3/10	discharging over substantially the whole periphery of the rotating member {, i.e. the spraying being effected by centrifugal forces
	(B05B 3/082 takes precedence)}
3/1007	• • {characterised by the rotating member (<u>B05B 3/105</u> takes precedence)}
3/1014	•••• { with a spraying edge, e.g. like a cup or a bell }
3/1021	• • • • {with individual passages at its periphery}
3/1028	•••• {the passages comprising an insert}
3/1035	• • { Driving means; Parts thereof, e.g. turbine, shaft, bearings }
3/1042	• • • {Means for connecting, e.g. reversibly, the rotating spray member to its driving shaft}
3/105	• • • {Fan or ventilator arrangements therefor}
3/1057	• • { with at least two outlets, other than gas
	and cleaning fluid outlets, for discharging, selectively or not, different or identical liquids or other fluent materials on the rotating element}
3/1064	••• {the liquid or other fluent material to be
	sprayed being axially supplied to the rotating member through a hollow rotating shaft}
3/1071	• • • { with two rotating members rotating at different speeds }
3/1078	• • • {the rotating members rotating in opposite directions}
3/1085 3/1092	 . { with means for detecting or controlling the rotational speed } . { Means for supplying shaping gas }
3/1092	 . {Weaks for supprying shaping gas} . with spray booms or the like rotating around an
5/12	axis by means independent of the liquid or other fluent material discharged
3/14	• with oscillating elements; with intermittent operation
3/16	 driven or controlled by the liquid or other fluent material discharged, e.g. the liquid actuating a motor before passing to the outlet {(<u>B05B 3/0431</u>, <u>B05B 3/0468</u>, <u>B05B 3/0472</u> take precedence)}
3/18	• with elements moving in a straight line, e.g. along a track; Mobile sprinklers {(watering arrangements making use of movable installations <u>A01G 25/09</u>)}
5/00	Electrostatic spraying apparatus; Spraying
	apparatus with means for charging the spray
	electrically; Apparatus for spraying liquids or
5/001	other fluent materials by other electric means
5/001	 {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
5/002	 {comprising means for neutralising the spray of charged droplets or particules}
5/003	• {by mixing two sprays of opposite polarity}
5/004	 • {by alternating the polarity of the spray}
5/005	• {the high voltage supplied to an electrostatic
	spraying apparatus being adjustable during spraying operation, e.g. for modifying spray width, droplet size }
5/006	• • {the adjustement of high voltage is responsive to a condition, e.g. a condition of material discharged, of ambient medium or of target}

5/007	
5/007	• {the high voltage supplied to an electrostatic spraying apparatus during spraying operation being
	periodical or in time, e.g. sinusoidal }
5/008	• {with periodical change of polarity}
5/025	• Discharge apparatus, e.g. electrostatic spray guns
5/0255	• {spraying and depositing by electrostatic forces only}
5/03	• • characterised by the use of gas {, e.g.
	electrostatically assisted pneumatic spraying
	(<u>B05B 5/04</u> , <u>B05B 5/043</u> , <u>B05B 5/047</u> take precedence)}
5/032	• • { for spraying particulate materials }
5/035	 characterised by gasless spraying {, e.g.
	electrostatically assisted airless spraying
	(B05B 5/04, B05B 5/043, B05B 5/047 take
5/04	precedence)}characterised by having rotary outlet or deflecting
5/04	elements {, i.e. spraying being also effected by
	centrifugal forces}
5/0403	• • • {characterised by the rotating member}
5/0407	• • • • { with a spraying edge, e.g. like a cup or a
	bell}
5/0411	• • • • {with individual passages at its periphery}
5/0415	• • {Driving means; Parts thereof, e.g. turbine,
5/0418	shaft, bearings}shaft, bearings}designed for spraying particulate material}
5/0418	 . {designed for spraying particulate material} . {comprising means for controlling speed of
5/0422	rotation}
5/0426	• • • {Means for supplying shaping gas}
5/043	• • using induction-charging
5/047	• • using tribo-charging
5/053	• Arrangements for supplying power, e.g. charging
5/0531	<pre>power {Power generators}</pre>
5/0532	 {driven by a gas turbine}
5/0532	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Arrangements of electrodes}
5/0535	{at least two electrodes having different
	potentials being held on the discharge
	apparatus, one of them being a charging electrode of the corona type located in the
	spray or close to it, and another being of the
	non-corona type located outside of the path
	for the material}
5/0536	{Dimensional characteristics of electrodes,
	e.g. diameter or radius of curvature of a
5/0537	needle-like corona electrode} {comprising a charge return path between the
5/0557	target and the spraying apparatus which is
	not the "true" earth, i.e. using a direct charge
	return path like a wire or the like, e.g. "floating
	earth"}
5/0538	• • {the operator being part of a charge return path
5/057	between target and apparatus}Arrangements for discharging liquids or other
5/057	fluent material without using a gun or nozzle
5/06	• using electric arc
5/08	• Plant for applying liquids or other fluent materials
F (0.0.1	to objects
5/081	• {specially adapted for treating particulate materials}
5/082	 • {characterised by means for supporting, holding
5/002	or conveying the objects}

5/084	• • {the objects lying on, or being supported above conveying means, e.g. conveyor belts}
5/085	• {the plant being provided on a vehicle}
5/087	 {Arrangements of electrodes, e.g. of charging, shielding, collecting electrodes (<u>B05B 5/12</u>, <u>B05B 5/14</u> take precedence; arrangements
	of electrodes on the discharge apparatus B05B 5/0533)}
5/088	• • • {for creating electric field curtains}
5/10	• Arrangements for supplying power, e.g. charging power (in discharge apparatus <u>B05B 5/053</u>)
5/12	• • specially adapted for coating the interior of hollow bodies
5/14	• specially adapted for coating continuously
5/1.6	moving elongated bodies, e.g. wires, strips, pipes
5/16	Arrangements for supplying liquids or other fluent material
5/1608	the liquid or other fluent material being
3/1008	electrically conductive}
5/1616	• • { and the arrangement comprising means for
	insulating a grounded material source from high voltage applied to the material}
5/1625	• • • { the insulating means comprising an
	intermediate container alternately connected to the grounded material source for filling, and then disconnected and electrically insulated therefrom }
5/1633	•••• {the arrangement comprising several
	supply lines arranged in parallel,
	each comprising such an intermediate
5/1/11	container}
5/1641	•••• {an additional container being provided downstream the intermediate container}
5/165	• • • {by dividing the material into discrete
5/105	quantities, e.g. droplets}
5/1658	• • • • {Details}
5/1666	••••• {Voltage blocking valves, e.g. with axially
	separable coupling elements}
5/1675	• • • {the supply means comprising a piston, e.g. a
	piston pump}
5/1683	• • {specially adapted for particulate materials}
5/1691	• {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person or with a container fixed to the discharge device}
7/00	Spraying apparatus for discharge of liquids
	or other fluent materials from two or more
	sources, e.g. of liquid and air, of powder and
	gas (<u>B05B 3/00</u> , <u>B05B 5/00</u> {, <u>B05B 11/06</u> } take
7/0006	precedence)
7/0006 7/0012	• {Spraying by means of explosions}
//0012	• {Apparatus for achieving spraying before discharge from the apparatus}
7/0018	• {with devices for making foam}
7/0025	 {with a compressed gas supply}
7/0023	 • (with a compressed gas suppry) • (with disturbing means promoting mixing, e.g.
7/0037	 whit disturbing means promoting mixing, e.g. balls, crowns} fincluding sieves, porous members or the
7/0043	like}
//0043	• • • {including a plurality of individual elements, e.g. needles, baffles, rotatable blades}
7/005	• {wherein ambient air is aspirated by a liquid
	flow}
7/0056	• • {with disturbing means promoting mixing, e.g. balls, crowns}

7/0062	• • • {including sieves, porous members or the like}
7/0068	• • • {including a plurality of individual elements, e.g. needles, baffles, rotatable blades}
7/0075	• {Nozzle arrangements in gas streams}
7/0081	• {Apparatus supplied with low pressure gas, e.g. "hvlp"-guns; air supplied by a fan}
7/0087	• • {Atmospheric air being sucked by a gas stream, generally flowing through a venturi, at a location upstream or inside the spraying apparatus}
7/0093	• {At least a part of the apparatus, e.g. a container, being provided with means, e.g. wheels or casters for allowing its displacement relative to the ground}
7/02	• Spray pistols; Apparatus for discharge (for spraying particulate material <u>B05B 7/14</u> ; with means for heating the material to be sprayed <u>B05B 7/16</u> ; with means for supplying fluent material to a discharge device <u>B05B 7/24</u>)
7/025	• • {Nozzles having elongated outlets, e.g. slots, for the material to be sprayed}
7/04	• with arrangements for mixing liquids or other fluent materials before discharge (mixing in general <u>B01F</u> , e.g. <u>B01F 25/00</u> ; mixing valves <u>F16K 11/00</u>)
7/0408	• • • { with arrangements for mixing two or more liquids }
7/0416	• • • { with arrangements for mixing one gas and one liquid }
7/0425	• • • • {without any source of compressed gas, e.g. the air being sucked by the pressurised liquid}
7/0433	• • • • {with one inner conduit of gas surrounded by an external conduit of liquid upstream the mixing chamber}
7/0441	•••• {with one inner conduit of liquid surrounded by an external conduit of gas upstream the mixing chamber}
7/045	•••• {the gas and liquid flows being parallel just upstream the mixing chamber (<u>B05B 7/0458</u> , <u>B05B 7/0466</u> take precedence)}
7/0458	••••• {the gas and liquid flows being perpendicular just upstream the mixing chamber}
7/0466	••••• {with means for deflecting the central liquid flow towards the peripheral gas flow}
7/0475	••••• {with means for deflecting the peripheral gas flow towards the central liquid flow (<u>B05B 7/0458</u> takes precedence)}
7/0483	•••• {with gas and liquid jets intersecting in the mixing chamber}
7/0491	•••• {the liquid and the gas being mixed at least twice along the flow path of the liquid}
7/06	• with {at least} one outlet orifice surrounding another approximately in the same plane
7/061	• • • { with several liquid outlets discharging one or several liquids }
7/062	• • • { with only one liquid outlet and at least one gas outlet }
7/063	• • • • {one fluid being sucked by the other}
7/064	••••• {the liquid being sucked by the gas}
7/065	• • • {an inner gas outlet being surrounded by an
	annular adjacent liquid outlet}

7/066	•••• { with an inner liquid outlet surrounded by at least one annular gas outlet }
7/067	•••• {the liquid outlet being annular}
7/068	•••• {the annular gas outlet being supplied by a gas conduit having an axially concave curved internal surface just upstream said outlet}
7/08	• with separate outlet orifices, e.g. to form parallel jets {, i.e. the axis of the jets being parallel}, to form intersecting jets {, i.e. the axis of the jets converging but not necessarily intersecting at a point}
7/0807	• • • {to form intersecting jets}
7/0815	 { with at least one gas jet intersecting a jet constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid for controlling the shape of the latter}
7/0823	••••• {comprising a rotatable spray pattern adjusting plate controlling the flow rate of the spray shaping gas jets}
7/083	•••• {comprising rotatable spray shaping gas jet outlets}
7/0838	{comprising a single means controlling simultaneously the flow rates of shaping and spraying gas jets}
7/0846	•••• {with jets being only jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid}
7/0853	•••• {with one single gas jet and several jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid (<u>B05B 7/0815</u> takes
7/0861	 precedence)} {with one single jet constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid and several gas jets (<u>B05B 7/0815</u> takes precedence)}
7/0869	• • • {the liquid or other fluent material being sucked or aspirated from an outlet orifice by another fluid, e.g. a gas, coming from another
7/0876	 outlet orifice} • {to form parallel jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid (<u>B05B 7/0884</u>, <u>B05B 7/0892</u> take precedence)}
7/0884	 . {the outlet orifices for jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid being aligned}
7/0892	• • • {the outlet orifices for jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid being disposed on a circle }
7/10	• • producing a swirling discharge
7/12	• designed to control volume of flow, e.g. with adjustable passages
7/1209	 {the controlling means for each liquid or other fluent material being manual and interdependent}
7/1218	• • • {With means for adjusting or modifying the action of the controlling means }
7/1227	•••• {Non linear relationship between the controlling means displacement and the valve element displacement}
7/1236	• • • • {with three or more interdependent valves}
7/1245	• • • {A gas valve being opened before a liquid valve}
7/1254	• • • {the controlling means being fluid actuated}
7/1263	• • • • {pneumatically actuated}

7/1272	••••• {actuated by gas involved in spraying, i.e. exiting the nozzle, e.g. as a spraying or jet
7/1001	shaping gas}
7/1281	••••• {Serial arrangement, i.e. a single gas stream acting on the controlling means
	first and flowing downstream thereof to
	the nozzle}
7/129	• • • {Hand guns comprising a gas valve located at
	the bottom of the handle (B05B 7/0087 takes
	precedence)}
7/14	 designed for spraying particulate materials
	(B05B 7/16 takes precedence)
7/1404	• • {Arrangements for supplying particulate
7/1 400	material}
7/1409	• • • {specially adapted for short fibres or chips (<u>B05B 7/145</u> takes precedence)}
7/1413	• • {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person,
//1415	e.g. by hand; Apparatus comprising a container
	fixed to the discharge device}
7/1418	• • • • {comprising means for supplying an
	additional liquid}
7/1422	• • • • {the means for supplying particulate material
	comprising moving mechanical means, e.g.
- // /	to impart vibration}
7/1427	• • • {Apparatus to be carried on the back of the user}
7/1431	• • {comprising means for supplying an additional
//1/01	liquid (<u>B05B 7/1418</u> takes precedence)}
7/1436	• • • {to a container where the particulate material
	and the additional liquid are brought together
	(mixing in general <u>B01F</u>)}
7/144	• • • {the means for supplying particulate material
	comprising moving mechanical means (<u>B05B 7/1422, B05B 7/1459</u> take precedence)}
7/1445	• • • {involving vibrations (<u>B05B 7/1455</u> takes
//1445	precedence)}
7/145	• • • {specially adapted for short fibres or chips}
7/1454	• • • {comprising means for supplying collected
	oversprayed particulate material (spray booth
	with arrangements for collecting oversprayed material <u>B05B 14/40</u>)}
7/1459	• • {comprising a chamber, inlet and outlet valves
11109	upstream and downstream the chamber and
	means for alternately sucking particulate
	material into and removing particulate
	material from the chamber through the
	valves (conveying material in bulk by using a combination of gas pressure and suction
	<u>B65G 53/28;</u> pumps in general <u>F04B</u> ; apparatus
	for repeatedly measuring and separating a
	predetermined volume of fluent solid material
	from a supply or container <u>G01F 11/00</u>)}
7/1463	• • • { the means for supplying particulate material
	comprising a gas inlet for pressurising or avoiding depressurisation of a powder
	container}
7/1468	•••• {the means for supplying particulate material
	comprising a recirculation loop}
7/1472	• • • {Powder extracted from a powder container in
	a direction substantially opposite to gravity by
7/1477	a suction device dipped into the powder}. (means for supplying to several spray
//14//	apparatus}
7/1481	• • {Spray pistols or apparatus for discharging
	particulate material }

7/1486	
	••• {for spraying particulate material in dry state}
7/149	• • • { with separate inlets for a particulate material
	and a liquid to be sprayed}
7/1495	• • • { and with separate outlets for the particulate
//1493	
	material and the liquid}
7/16	 incorporating means for heating {or cooling} the
	material to be sprayed {(spraying by means of
	explosions <u>B05B 7/0006</u>)}
7/1606	• • {the spraying of the material involving the use
	of an atomising fluid, e.g. air (B05B 7/168,
	B05B 7/1686, B05B 7/20, B05B 7/22 take
	precedence)}
7/1613	• • {comprising means for heating the atomising
	fluid before mixing with the material to be
	sprayed }
7/162	• • • {and heat being transferred from the
7/102	atomising fluid to the material to be sprayed}
7/1/00/	
7/1626	• • • • {at the moment of mixing}
7/1633	{and heat being transferred from the material
	to be sprayed to the atomising fluid}
7/164	• • • • {the material to be sprayed and the atomising
	fluid being heated by independent sources
	of heat, without transfer of heat between
	atomising fluid and material to be sprayed}
7/1646	• • • • {the material to be sprayed and the atomising
	fluid being heated by the same source
	of heat, without transfer of heat between
	atomising fluid and material to be sprayed}
7/1653	• • • • { the source of heat being a heat conductive
7/1055	fluid}
7/1//	
7/166	• {the material to be sprayed being heated in a $(P_{10})^{-1} = (P_{10})^{-1} = (P_{10})^{-1$
	container (B05B $7/208$ takes precedence)}
7/1666	• • • {fixed to the discharge device}
7/1673	• • {heat being transferred to the material to be
	sprayed by a heat transfer conductive fluid
	sprayed by a heat transfer conductive fluid (<u>B05B 7/162</u> , <u>B05B 7/1653</u> take precedence)}
7/168	
7/168	(B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)}
7/168 7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)}
	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be
	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)}
7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product}
	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} • {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} • {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} • {with means for heating the material to be
7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} • {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} • {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} • {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or
7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} • {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} • {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} • {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like}
7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} • {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} • {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} • {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} • the material having originally the shape of a wire,
7/1686	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take
7/1686 7/1693 7/18	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)}
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle}
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} the material to be sprayed having originally
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like is sprayed for a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like } { the material to be sprayed having originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container}
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like is hape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like } { the material to be sprayed having originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being not particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like { nozzle} { the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being no riginally a container fixed to the discharge device} . { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {(B05B 7/20)
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208 7/208 7/22	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like { nozzle} { the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} { the material to be sprayed being no riginally a container fixed to the discharge device} { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {(B05B 7/20)
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208 7/208 7/222	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like { or combustion { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like} the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} the material to be sprayed being neated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {(B05B 7/20) takes precedence)} wing an arc}
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208 7/208 7/22	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like { nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like} { the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {(B05B 7/20) takes precedence)} { using an arc} { the material having originally the shape of a
7/1686 7/1693 7/18 7/20 7/201 7/203 7/205 7/206 7/208 7/208 7/222	 (B05B 7/162, B05B 7/1653 take precedence)} {with means for heating or cooling after mixing (B05B 7/201, B05B 7/22 take precedence)} {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product} {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like} the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {(B05B 7/203, B05B 7/224 take precedence)} by flame or combustion {downstream of the nozzle} { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like { or combustion { the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like} the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being noriginally a particulate material} . { the material to be sprayed being heated in a container} electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {(B05B 7/20) takes precedence)} . { using an arc}

7/226	•••• {the material being originally a particulate material}
7/228	• • {using electromagnetic radiation, e.g. laser}
7/24	 with means, e.g. a container, for supplying
	liquid or other fluent material to a discharge
	device (<u>B05B 7/14, B05B 7/16, B05B 11/00</u> take
	precedence)
7/2402	• • {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person, e.g.
	by hand; Apparatus comprising containers fixed
	to the discharge device (B05B $7/0012$ takes
7/2405	precedence)}
7/2403	• • • {using an atomising fluid as carrying fluid for feeding, e.g. by suction or pressure, a
	carried liquid from the container to the nozzle
	(B05B 7/2459 - B05B 7/247 take precedence)
7/2408	• • • • {characterised by the container or its
	attachment means to the spray apparatus}
7/241	• • • • {the container being pressurised}
7/2413	•••• {with means for changing the position or
	the orientation of the container relative to
7/2416	the spray apparatus } •••• { characterised by the means for producing or
//2410	supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses,
	air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans,
	ventilators, their drives}
7/2418	•••• {Air pumps actuated by the operator, e.g.
	manually actuated}
7/2421	{Gas containers}
7/2424	•••• {the carried liquid and the main stream of atomising fluid being brought together
	downstream of the container before
	discharge (<u>B05B 7/2435</u> takes precedence)}
7/2427	{and a secondary stream of atomising fluid
	being brought together in the container or
	putting the carried liquid under pressure in
7/2420	the container} { the carried liquid and the main stream of
7/2429	atomising fluid being brought together after
	discharge (<u>B05B 7/2435</u> takes precedence)}
7/2432	• • • • {and a secondary stream of atomising fluid
	being brought together in the container or
	putting the carried liquid under pressure in
7/0425	the container}
7/2435	• • • • {the carried liquid and the main stream of atomising fluid being brought together by
	parallel conduits placed one inside the other}
7/2437	• • • • {and a secondary stream of atomising fluid
	being brought together in the container or
	putting the carried fluid under pressure in
7/244	the container}
7/244	• • • {using carrying liquid for feeding, e.g. by suction, pressure or dissolution, a carried
	liquid from the container to the nozzle
	(B05B 7/2459 - B05B 7/247 take precedence)
7/2443	•••• {the carried liquid and the main stream
	of carrying liquid being brought together
	downstream of the container before
7/2445	discharge (<u>B05B 7/2454</u> takes precedence)} {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid
112443	being brought together in the container or
	putting the carried liquid under pressure in
	the container}
7/2448	• • • • {the carried liquid and the main stream of
	carrying liquid being brought together after discharge (<u>B05B 7/2454</u> takes precedence)}
	uscharge $(\underline{D} \cup \underline{D} \cup \underline{D} \cup \underline{D})$ takes precedence)}

	••••• {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid in the container}
7/2454	•••• {the carried liquid and the main stream of carrying liquid being brought together by parallel conduits, one conduit being in the other}
7/2456	••••• {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid under pressure in the container}
7/2459	• • • {a liquid being fed by capillarity from the container to the nozzle}
7/2462	• • • {using a carrying liquid flowing through the container for dissolving a block of solid material}
7/2464	• • • {a liquid being fed by mechanical pumping from the container to the nozzle}
7/2467	••• {a liquid being fed by a pressure generated in the container, which is not produced by a carrying fluid}
7/247	• • • {a liquid being fed by gravity only from the container to the nozzle (<u>B05B 7/2478</u> takes precedence)}
7/2472	• • • {comprising several containers}
7/2475	• • • {comprising a container carried on the back of the user}
7/2478	• • • {Gun with a container which, in normal use, is located above the gun}
7/2481	• • • {with a flexible container for liquid or other fluent material}
7/2483	• • {the supplying means involving no pressure
	or aspiration, e.g. means involving gravity or capillarity (<u>B05B 7/2459</u> , <u>B05B 7/247</u> take
	precedence)}
7/2486	 {with means for supplying liquid or other fluent material to several discharge devices}
7/2489	 {an atomising fluid, e.g. a gas, being supplied to the discharge device (B05B 7/2402, B05B 7/2483, B05B 7/262 take precedence)}
	<u>B</u> <u>B</u>
7/2491	 {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives}
7/2491 7/2494	• • • {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans,
	 . {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being
7/2494	 . {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device} Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device
7/2494 7/2497	 . (characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device} . Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device {(B05B 7/2402 takes precedence)} . {a liquid and a gas being brought together
7/2494 7/2497 7/26	 . (characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device} . Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device {(B05B 7/2402 takes precedence)} . {a liquid and a gas being brought together before entering the discharge device} . {the liquid being fed by gravity, or sucked
7/2494 7/2497 7/26 7/262	 . (characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device} . Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device {(B05B 7/2402 takes precedence)} . {a liquid and a gas being brought together before entering the discharge device} . {the liquid being fed by gravity, or sucked into the gas} . {the liquid and the gas being both under
7/2494 7/2497 7/26 7/262 7/265	 . (characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives} . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device} . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device} . Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device {(B05B 7/2402 takes precedence)} . {a liquid and a gas being brought together before entering the discharge device} . {the liquid being fed by gravity, or sucked into the gas}

7/32	• • • • the fed liquid or other fluent material being under pressure
9/00	Spraying apparatus for discharge of liquids or other fluent material, without essentially mixing with gas or vapour (B05B 11/00 takes precedence)
9/002	• {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
9/005	• {the liquid or other fluent material being a fluid close to a change of phase}
9/007	• {At least a part of the apparatus, e.g. a container, being provided with means, e.g. wheels, for allowing its displacement relative to the ground}
9/01	• Spray pistols, {discharge devices}(<u>B05B 9/03</u> takes precedence)
9/03	 characterised by means for supplying liquid or other fluent material {(<u>B05B 9/002</u> takes precedence)}
9/035	 {to several spraying apparatus (<u>B05B 9/0423</u> takes precedence)}
9/04	• with pressurised or compressible container (aerosol containers <u>B65D 83/14</u>); with pump
9/0403	• • • { with pumps for liquids or other fluent material (B05B 9/043 takes precedence) }
9/0406	• • • • {with several pumps}
9/0409	• • • • {the pumps being driven by a hydraulic or a pneumatic fluid}
9/0413	• • • { with reciprocating pumps, e.g. membrane pump, piston pump, bellow pump (<u>B05B 9/0409</u> takes precedence)}
9/0416	• • • • {with pumps comprising rotating pumping parts, e.g. gear pump, centrifugal pump, screw-type pump (<u>B05B 9/042</u> takes precedence)}
9/042	• • • • {with peristaltic pumps}
9/0423	• • • { for supplying liquid or other fluent material to several spraying apparatus }
9/0426	•••• {with a pump attached to the spray gun or discharge device (single-units hand-held apparatus in which the flow is effected by a pump <u>B05B 11/10</u>)}
9/043	having pump readily separable from container
9/047	 supply being effected by follower in container, e.g. membrane or floating piston {, or by deformation of container (<u>B05B 9/0838</u> takes precedence)}
9/06	• • • the delivery being related to the movement of a vehicle, e.g. the pump being driven by a vehicle wheel
9/08	Apparatus to be carried on or by a person, e.g. of knapsack type ({ <u>B05B 9/0426</u> , <u>B05B 11/00</u> take precedence } ; details or components, e.g. casings, bodies of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed <u>B25F 5/00</u>)
9/0805	• • • • {comprising a pressurised or compressible container for liquid or other fluent material (B05B 9/085 takes precedence)}
9/0811	••••• {comprising air supplying means actuated by the operator to pressurise or compress the container}
9/0816	••••• {the air supplying means being a manually actuated air pump}
9/0822	••••• {a discharge device being fixed to the container}

9/0827	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
9/0833	{comprising a compressed gas container,
0.100.20	e.g. a nitrogen cartridge}
9/0838	•••• {supply being effected by follower in container, e.g. membrane or floating piston, or by deformation of container}
9/0844	{ the container being pressurised or
	compressed by a gas generated by a
	chemical reaction}
9/085	•••• {with a liquid pump}
9/0855	<pre> {the pump being motor-driven (B05B 9/0866, B05B 9/0872 take precedence)}</pre>
9/0861	• • • • • {the motor being electric}
9/0866	•••• {the pump being a gear, centrifugal or
	screw-type pump}
9/0872	•••• {the pump being a peristaltic pump}
9/0877	• • • • {the pump being of pressure-accumulation
	type or being connected to a pressure
0/0002	accumulation chamber}
9/0883	• • • • • {having a discharge device fixed to the container}
9/0888	•••• {Carrying means for knapsack sprayers}
9/0894	• • • • {Gun with a container which, in normal use,
	is located above the gun}
11/00	Single-unit hand-held apparatus in which flow of contents is produced by the muscular force of the operator at the moment of use
	WARNING
	Group $B05B 11/00$ is impacted by reclassification
	Group <u>B05B 11/00</u> is impacted by reclassification into group <u>B05B 11/01</u> .
11/0002	 into group <u>B05B 11/01</u>. Groups <u>B05B 11/00</u> and <u>B05B 11/01</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete search. (incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the
	 into group <u>B05B 11/01</u>. Groups <u>B05B 11/00</u> and <u>B05B 11/01</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
11/0005	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)}
	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between
11/0005	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and
11/0005 11/0008	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)}
11/0005 11/0008 11/001	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections}
11/0005 11/0008	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container}
11/0005 11/0008 11/001	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means <u>B05B 11/1059</u>); Means for preventing access to the sprayer
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means}
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027 11/0029	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. (incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed) (Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)) (Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)) (Snap-on-twist-off type connections) {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} (Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump B05B 11/1053)} (Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027 11/0029	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. (incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed) (Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)) (Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)) (Snap-on-twist-off type connections) {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means B05B 11/1059); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} (Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump B05B 11/1053)} {Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering it, e.g. shutters (automatically removed during actuation for a spray pump B05B 11/1053)
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027 11/0029 11/0032	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means <u>B05B 11/1059</u>); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)} {Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering it, e.g. shutters (automatically removed during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)}
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027 11/0029 11/0032	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means <u>B05B 11/1059</u>); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)} {Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering it, e.g. shutters (automatically removed during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)} {Pen-like sprayers}
11/0005 11/0008 11/001 11/0013 11/0027 11/0029 11/0032	 into group B05B 11/01. Groups B05B 11/00 and B05B 11/01 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed} {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump B05B 11/1042)} {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container (between pump and container B05B 11/1043)} {Snap-on-twist-off type connections} {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container} {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer (pump locking means <u>B05B 11/1059</u>); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means} {Valves not actuated by pressure (B05B 11/0032, B05B 11/0094 take precedence; automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)} {Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering it, e.g. shutters (automatically removed during actuation of a spray pump <u>B05B 11/1053</u>)}

outer casing}

11/0039	•	•	• {associated with means for compensating the pressure difference between the ambient
			pressure and the pressure inside the container, e.g. pressure relief means}
11/0041	•	•	• • {compensating underpressure without
			contact of the fluid remaining in the
			container with the atmospheric air (B05B 11/026 and B05B 11/028 take
			precedence)}
11/00411			• • {the means being an inert gas}
11/0044	•	•	• • {compensating underpressure by ingress
			of atmospheric air into the container, i.e.
			with venting means (venting means for
11/00442			deformable containers <u>B05B 11/047</u>)}
11/00442	•	•	• • • {the means being actuated by the difference between the atmospheric
			pressure and the pressure inside the
			container}
11/00444	•	•	• • • {with provision for filtering or cleaning the air flow drawn into the container}
11/00446	•	•	• • • {the means being located at the bottom
			of the container or of an enclosure surrounding the container}
11/0054			• {Cartridges, i.e. containers specially designed
11/0054	•	•	for easy attachment to or easy removal from the
			rest of the sprayer (attachment arrangements
			between pump and container <u>B05B 11/1043</u>)}
11/0056	•	•	• {with an additional opening for filling or refilling}
11/0059			{allowing operation in any orientation, e.g. for
			discharge in inverted position}
11/0062	•	•	{Outlet valves actuated by the pressure of
			the fluid to be sprayed (fluid-actuated pump
			outlet valve arrangements <u>B05B 11/1016</u> , <u>B05B 11/1022</u> , <u>B05B 11/1033</u> , <u>B05B 11/1036</u> ,
			$\frac{B05B 11/104}{B05B 11/1064}, \frac{B05B 11/1097}{B05B 11/1097})$
11/0064	•		• {Lift valves (<u>B05B 11/007</u> takes precedence)}
11/0067	•	•	• • {having a valve seat located downstream the
			valve element (take precedence)}
11/007	•	•	• {being opened by deformation of a sealing element made of resiliently deformable
			material, e.g. flaps, skirts, duck-bill valves}
11/0072			• {A valve member forming part of an outlet
			opening}
11/0075	•	•	• {Two outlet valves being placed in a delivery
			conduit, one downstream the other}
11/0078	•	•	{Arrangements for separately storing several
			components (arrangements for pumping several liquids or other fluent materials from several
			containers B05B 11/1081)}
11/0081	•	•	• {and for mixing the components in a common
			container as a mixture ready for use before
11/0000			discharging the latter}
11/0083	•	•	• • {one of the components being in powder form}
11/0086	•	•	{Arrangements for allowing spraying and
			pouring}
11/0089			{Dispensing tubes}
11/0091	•		• {movable, e.g. articulated on the sprayer}
11/0094	•	•	 {movement of the dispensing tube controlling a valve}
11/0097	•	•	{Means for filling or refilling the sprayer
			(through additional openings in the container
			<u>B05B 11/0056</u>)}

11/01	. characterised by the means producing the flow
	WARNING
	Group <u>B05B 11/01</u> is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group <u>B05B 11/00</u> .
	Groups <u>B05B 11/00</u> and <u>B05B 11/01</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
11/02	• Membranes or pistons acting on the contents inside the container, e.g. follower pistons
11/025	• • { with stepwise advancement of the piston, e.g. for spraying a predetermined quantity of content }
11/026	• • • {Membranes separating the content remaining in the container from the atmospheric air to compensate underpressure inside the container}
11/027	{ inverted during outflow of content}
11/028	• • • {Pistons separating the content remaining in the container from the atmospheric air to compensate underpressure inside the container}
11/029	{located on top of the remaining content}
11/04	• Deformable containers producing the flow, e.g. squeeze bottles
11/041	• • • {designed for spraying particulate material (<u>B05B 11/045</u> takes precedence)}
11/042	• • • {the spray being effected by a gas or vapour flow in the nozzle, spray head, outlet or dip tube}
11/043	• • • {designed for spraying a liquid (B05B 11/046 takes precedence)}
11/045	{designed for spraying particulate material (<u>B05B 11/046</u> takes precedence)}
11/046	•••• { the gas or vapour flow coming from a source where the gas or vapour is not in contact with the liquid or other fluent material to be sprayed, e.g. from a compressive bulb, an air pump or an enclosure surrounding the container}
11/047	 . {characterised by the outlet or venting means (<u>B05B 11/041</u> and <u>B05B 11/042</u> take precedence)}
11/048	• • {characterised by the container, e.g. this latter being surrounded by an enclosure, or the means for deforming it (<u>B05B 11/041</u> , <u>B05B 11/046</u> take precedence)}
11/06	• Gas or vapour producing the flow, e.g. from a compressible bulb or air pump
11/061	• • • {characterised by the means producing the gas or vapour pressure}
11/062	• • • {designed for spraying particulate material}
11/064	• • • {the particulate material being stored in several discrete quantities delivered one at a time}
11/065	 {the particulate material being separated from a main storage in discrete quantities delivered one at a time}
11/067	•••• { the particulate material being separated from the main storage by a dosing device }
11/068	• • • {comprising a liquid-absorbent material}
11/10	• Pump arrangements for transferring the contents from the container to a pump chamber by a sucking effect and forcing the contents out through the dispensing nozzle

11/1001	
11/1001	• • {Piston pumps (<u>B05B 11/1087</u> , <u>B05B 11/1088</u> , <u>B05B 11/109</u> take precedence)}
11/1002	 {the direction of the pressure stroke being substantially perpendicular to the major axis of the container (B05B 11/1009,
	B05B 11/1015 take precedence)}
11/1004	• • • • {comprising a movable cylinder and a stationary piston}
11/1005	• • • • {with means for adjusting or modifying
	pump stroke}
11/1007	• • • • {by adjusting or modifying the pump end- of-sucking-stroke position}
11/1008	• • • • {by adjusting or modifying the pump end-
11/1000	of-dispensing-stroke position}
11/1000	
11/1009	• • • • {actuated by a lever}
11/1011	• • • • { without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke }
11/1012	,
11/1012	•••• {the pump chamber being arranged
	substantially coaxially to the neck of
	the container (B05B 11/1011 takes
	precedence)}
11/1014	••••• (the pump chamber being arranged
	substantially coaxially to the container}
11/1015	• • • • {actuated without substantial movement of
	the nozzle in the direction of the pressure
	stroke (<u>B05B 11/1011</u> takes precedence)}
11/1016	• • • • {the outlet valve having a valve seat located
11/1010	downstream a movable valve element
	controlled by a pressure actuated controlling
	element ($B05B 11/1022$, $B05B 11/1023$ take
	precedence)}
11/1018	
11/1018	••••• {and the controlling element cooperating with means for opening or closing the inlet
11/1019	valve (<u>B05B 11/1019</u> takes precedence)}
11/1019	•••• {the inlet valve moving concurrently with
	the controlling element during whole
	the controlling element during whole
	pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage
	pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the
	pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element}
11/1021	pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate
11/1021	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (<u>B05B 11/1023</u>, <u>B05B 11/1038</u> take
11/1021	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (<u>B05B 11/1023</u>, <u>B05B 11/1038</u> take precedence)}
11/1021	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure}
	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by
11/1022	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston
11/1022	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by
11/1022	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston
11/1022 11/1023	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its
11/1022 11/1023	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)}
11/1022 11/1023	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} { the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} { the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet}
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} { the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} { the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)}
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} {actuated by a lever}
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure}
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} {without substantial movement of the pressure
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029 11/103	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} { without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke}
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} { without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke} {actuated without substantial movement of
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029 11/103	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} { without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure
11/1022 11/1023 11/1025 11/1026 11/1028 11/1029 11/103	 pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element} {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve (B05B 11/1023, B05B 11/1038 take precedence)} {actuated by pressure} {actuated by pressure} {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem} {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position (B05B 11/1026 takes precedence)} {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet} {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall (B05B 11/1087 take precedence)} { without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke} {actuated without substantial movement of

11/1033	
	•••• { the deformable wall, the inlet and outlet valve elements being integrally formed, e.g. moulded }
11/1035	
	• • • {the pumping chamber being a bellow}
11/1036	• • • • {the outlet valve being opened in the
	direction opposite to the fluid flow
	downstream the outlet valve by the pressure
	acting on a valve controlling element}
11/1020	
11/1038	• • • {Pressure accumulation pumps, i.e. pumps
	comprising a pressure accumulation chamber}
11/1039	{the outlet valve being mechanically opened
	after a defined accumulation stroke}
11/104	• • • • {the outlet valve being opened by pressure
11/101	after a defined accumulation stroke}
11/10/10	
11/1042	• • {Components or details}
11/1043	• • • • {Sealing or attachment arrangements
	between pump and container (sealing
	arrangements around pump actuating stem
	<u>B05B 11/105</u>)}
11/1045	• • • • { the pump being preassembled as an
11/1045	
	independent unit before being mounted
	on the container (<u>B05B 11/1047</u> ,
	B05B 11/1049 take precedence)}
11/1046	•••• {the pump chamber being arranged
	substantially coaxially to the neck of
	the container (B05B 11/1049 takes
	precedence)}
11/1047	• • • • • {the pump being preassembled as an
11/104/	independent unit before being mounted
	on the container}
	,
11/1049	{Attachment arrangements comprising a
	deformable or resilient ferrule clamped
	or locked onto the neck of the container
	by displacing, e.g. sliding, a sleeve
	surrounding the ferrule}
11/105	{Sealing arrangements around pump
	actuating stem}
11/1052	{Actuation means (locking means therefor
11/1002	<u>B05B 11/1059;</u> the dispensing stroke being
	affected by the stored energy of a spring
	<u>B05B 11/109</u>)}
11/1053	• • • • {combined with means, other than
	pressure, for automatically opening a valve
	during actuation; combined with means
	during actuation; combined with means for automatically removing closures or
	for automatically removing closures or
11/1054	for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation}
11/1054	for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation } {the valve being located upstream of an
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve}
11/1054 11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation}
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009;
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation}
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (<u>B05B 11/1053</u> takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps <u>B05B 11/1009</u>; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber <u>B05B 11/1029</u>)}
	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation }
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (<u>B05B 11/1053</u> takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps <u>B05B 11/1009</u>; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber <u>B05B 11/1029</u>)}
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation }
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation }
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation } { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve } { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029) } { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation }
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation } { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve } { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029) } { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user }
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation}
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029)} { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user} { Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position (B05B 11/1091
11/1056 11/1057 11/1059	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029)} { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user} { Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position (B05B 11/1091 takes precedence)}
11/1056	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029)} { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user} { Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position (B05B 11/1091 takes precedence)} { in a retracted position, e.g. in an end-of-
11/1056 11/1057 11/1059	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029)} { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user} { Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position (B05B 11/1091 takes precedence)}
11/1056 11/1057 11/1059	 for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation} { the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve} { comprising rotatable or articulated levers (B05B 11/1053 takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps B05B 11/1009; lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber B05B 11/1029)} { Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user} { Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position (B05B 11/1091 takes precedence)} { in a retracted position, e.g. in an end-of-

11/1061	
	•••• {Pump priming means}
11/1063	•••• {Air exhausted from the pump chamber
	being discharged into the container during
	priming}
11/1064	• • • • {Pump inlet and outlet valve elements
11/1004	
	integrally formed of a deformable material
	(pump chambers having a deformable wall
	integrally formed with inlet and outlet valve
	elements <u>B05B 11/1033</u>)}
11/1066	• • • • {Pump inlet valves (<u>B05B 11/1018</u> ,
11/1000	
	<u>B05B 11/1019</u> , <u>B05B 11/1064</u> take
	precedence)}
11/1067	••••• {actuated by pressure}
11/1069	••••• {the valve being made of a resiliently
11/1007	
	deformable material or being urged in a
	closed position by a spring}
11/107	•••• {Gate valves; Sliding valves}
11/1071	• • • • {Two inlet valves being placed in a supply
11/10/1	conduit one upstream of the other}
	•
11/1073	• • • • {Springs}
11/1074	••••• {located outside pump chambers}
11/1076	•••• {Traction springs, e.g. stretchable sleeve}
11/1077	•••• {characterised by a particular shape
	or material (<u>B05B 11/1076</u> takes
	precedence)}
11/1078	••••• {Vacuum chambers acting like springs}
11/108	• • • • {Means for counting the number of
	dispensing strokes}
11/1081	• • • {Arrangements for pumping several liquids or
	other fluent materials from several containers,
	e.g. for mixing them at the moment of
	pumping}
11/1083	• • • {in adjustable proportion}
11/1084	• • • • {each liquid or other fluent material being
	pumped by a separate pump}
11/1005	
11/1085	•••• {the pumps being coaxial}
11/1087	• • {Combination of liquid and air pumps}
11/1088	• • • {the pump being a double-acting pump}
11/109	• • {the dispensing stroke being affected by the
11/109	
	stored energy of a spring (B05B 11/1088 takes
	presedence)]
	precedence)}
11/1091	
11/1091	•••• {being first hold in a loaded state by
11/1091	•••• {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released
	•••• {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (<u>B05B 11/1092</u> takes precedence)}
11/1091 11/1092	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state
	•••• {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (<u>B05B 11/1092</u> takes precedence)}
	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state
11/1092	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being
11/1092	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet
11/1092 11/1094	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve}
11/1092	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet
11/1092 11/1094	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} . {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} . {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} . {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling the spray area . {Manually-actuated controlling means, e.g.
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling the spray area . {Manually-actuated controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers (for single units
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00 12/002	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling the spray area . {Manually-actuated controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers (for single units B05B 11/00)}
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} . {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers (for single units B05B 11/00)} . {associated with means for restricting their
11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00 12/002	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} {with movable suction side} {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling the spray area . {Manually-actuated controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers (for single units B05B 11/00)}
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11/1092 11/1094 11/1095 11/1097 11/1098 12/00 12/002 12/002	 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released (B05B 11/1092 takes precedence)} {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke} . {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve} . {with movable suction side} . {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke} . {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber} Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers (for single units B05B 11/00)} . {associated with means for restricting their

10/000	
12/0026 12/004	 {to inhibit delivery}. {comprising sensors for monitoring the delivery,
12/004	 e.g. by displaying the sensed value or generating an alarm (<u>B05B 12/08</u> takes precedence; registering or
	indicating the condition or the working of machines
	or other apparatus in general <u>G07C 3/00</u>)}
12/006	• {Pressure or flow rate sensors}
12/008	• • • {integrated in or attached to a discharge
12/02	apparatus, e.g. a spray gun} for controlling time, or sequence, of delivery
12/02	 for controlling time, or sequence, or derivery for sequential operation or multiple outlets
12/04	 for effecting pulsating flow {(nozzles, spray head or outlet with means for generating a discharge of pulsating nature <u>B05B 1/08</u>)}
12/08	 responsive to condition of liquid or other fluent material {to be} discharged, of ambient medium or of target {; responsive to condition of spray devices
	or of supply means, e.g. pipes, pumps or their drive
10/001	means}
12/081	• (responsive to the weight of a reservoir or container for liquid or other fluent material;
	responsive to level or volume of liquid or other
	fluent material in a reservoir or container}
12/082	• • {responsive to a condition of the discharged jet
	or spray, e.g. to jet shape, spray pattern or droplet
12/084	size }fresponsive to condition of liquid or other fluent
12/001	material already sprayed on the target, e.g.
	coating thickness, weight or pattern}
12/085	• • {responsive to flow or pressure of liquid or other
	fluent material to be discharged (<u>B05B 1/3006</u> , <u>B05B 1/323</u> , <u>B05B 7/1254</u> take precedence)}
12/087	• • • {Flow or presssure regulators, i.e. non-electric
	unitary devices comprising a sensing element, e.g. a piston or a membrane, and a controlling
12/088	element, e.g. a valve} {the sensing element being a flexible
12/088	member, e.g. membrane, diaphragm,
12/10	bellows}responsive to temperature or viscosity of liquid or
12/10	other fluent material discharged
12/12	responsive to conditions of ambient medium
	or target, e.g. humidity, temperature {position
	or movement of the target relative to the spray apparatus (B05B 12/082, B05B 12/084 take
	precedence)}
12/122	• • {responsive to presence or shape of target
	(B05B 12/124 takes precedence)}
12/124	• • {responsive to distance between spray
10/106	apparatus and target }
12/126	• • {responsive to target velocity, e.g. to relative velocity between spray apparatus and target (<u>B05B 9/06</u> takes precedence)}
12/14	• for supplying a selected one of a plurality of liquids
	or other fluent materials {or several in selected
	proportions} to a {spray apparatus, e.g. to a} single
12/1409	spray outletthe selection means being part of the discharge
12/1409	apparatus, e.g. part of the spray gun}
12/1418	 (for supplying several liquids or other fluent)
	materials in selected proportions to a single spray
	outlet (controlling ratio of two or more flows of
	fluid <u>G05D 11/02</u>)}

- 12/1427 . . . {a condition of a first liquid or other fluent material in a first supply line controlling a condition of a second one in a second supply line}
- 12/1436 . . . {the controlling condition of the first liquid or other fluent material in the first supply line being its flow rate or its pressure}
- 12/1445 . . . {pumping means for the liquids or other fluent materials being mechanically linked, e.g. master and slave pumps}
- 12/1454 . . {separate units comprising both a material container and a spray device permanently connected thereto being removably attached to a part of the spray apparatus, e.g. to a robot arm}
- 12/1463 . {separate containers for different materials to be sprayed being moved from a first location, e.g. a filling station, where they are fluidically disconnected from the spraying apparatus, to a second location, generally close to the spraying apparatus, where they are fluidically connected to the latter (B05B 12/1454 takes precedence)}
- 12/1472 . . {separate supply lines supplying different materials to separate outlets of the spraying apparatus (B05B 12/1454 takes precedence)}
- 12/1481 . {comprising pigs, i.e. movable elements sealingly received in supply pipes, for separating different fluids, e.g. liquid coating materials from solvent or air (cleaning pipes with pigs <u>B08B 9/0557</u>, pigs per se F16L 55/26)}
- 12/149 . (characterised by colour change manifolds or valves therefor (<u>B05B 12/1409</u> takes precedence)}
- 12/16 for controlling the spray area (<u>B05B 3/00</u> takes precedence)
- 12/18. . using fluids, e.g. gas streams 12/20Masking elements, i.e. elements defining uncoated areas on an object to be coated 12/22. . . movable relative to the spray area 12/24. . . made at least partly of flexible material, e.g. sheets of paper or fabric 12/26. . . for masking cavities 12/265 . . . {between a door and a post, e.g. foam strips} . . . for defining uncoated areas that are not 12/28enclosed within coated areas or vice versa, e.g. for defining U-shaped border lines 12/29• • { with adjustable size } 12/30 . . . specially adapted for vehicle wheels . . Shielding elements, i.e. elements preventing 12/32
- 12/32 • Sinciding clements, i.e. clements preventing overspray from reaching areas other than the object to be sprayed (nozzles with integral shielding elements <u>B05B 1/28</u>)
 12/34 • movable relative to the spray area
- 12/36 . . . Side shields, i.e. shields extending in a direction substantially parallel to the spray jet
 12/40 . . {Devices for making a normally hidden area
 - accessible for the spray material}

13/00	Machines or plants for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces of objects or other work by spraying, not covered by groups B05B 1/00 - B05B 11/00 ({B05B 5/08 takes
	precedence } ; means for supplying or discharging
	liquid or other fluent material for this purpose, see
	the relevant preceding groups; processes for applying
	liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces in general <u>B05D</u>)
13/005	• {mounted on vehicles or designed to apply a liquid
	on a very large surface, e.g. on the road, on the
12/02	surface of large containers}
13/02	• Means for supporting work; Arrangement or mounting of spray heads; Adaptation or arrangement of means for feeding work
13/0207	 (B05B 13/06 takes precedence) • {the work being an elongated body, e.g. wire
15/0207	or pipe (<u>B05B 13/0436</u> , <u>B05B 13/0463</u> take precedence)}
13/0214	{ the liquid or other fluent material being
	applied to the whole periphery of the cross section of the elongated body}
13/0221	 (characterised by the means for moving or
	conveying the objects or other work, e.g.
	conveyor belts (<u>B05B 13/0207</u> takes precedence; conveyors in general <u>B65G</u>)}
13/0228	• • {the movement of the objects being rotative (B05B 13/0242 takes precedence)}
13/0235	{the movement of the objects being a
	combination of rotation and linear displacement (<u>B05B 13/0242</u> takes precedence)}
13/0242	• • { the objects being individually presented to the spray heads by a rotating element, e.g. turntable }
13/025	• • • {the objects or work being present in bulk}
13/0257	•••• {in a moving container, e.g. a rotatable foraminous drum}
13/0264	• • {Overhead conveying means, i.e. the object or other work being suspended from the conveying means; Details thereof, e.g. hanging
	hooks}
13/0271	• • { the object or work standing still during the spraying operation }
13/0278	• {Arrangement or mounting of spray heads (B05B 13/0207 takes precedence)}
13/0285	• • {Stands for supporting individual articles to be sprayed, e.g. doors, vehicle body parts}
13/0292	• {devices for holding several workpieces to be sprayed in a spaced relationship, e.g. vehicle
	doors spacers}
13/04	 the spray heads being moved during {spraying} operation
13/0405	 . • {with reciprocating or oscillating spray heads (B05B 13/0436, B05B 13/0442, B05B 13/0447, B05B 13/0468 take precedence)}
13/041	• • • { with spray heads reciprocating along a straight line }
13/0415	••••• {the angular position of the spray heads relative to the straight line being modified during the reciprocating movement}
13/0421	• • • {with rotating spray heads}
13/0426	• • { with spray heads moved along a closed path (<u>B05B 13/0421</u> takes precedence) }

13/0431	 • { with spray heads moved by robots or articulated arms, e.g. for applying liquid or other fluent material to 3D-surfaces (B05B 13/0436, B05B 13/0442, B05B 13/0447, B05B 13/0463 take precedence)}
13/0436	 {Installations or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to elongated bodies, e.g. light poles, pipes (<u>B05B 13/0442</u>, <u>B05B 13/0463</u> take precedence)}
13/0442	 {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to separate articles rotated during spraying operation}
13/0447	• • • {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to conveyed separate articles (<u>B05B 13/0442</u> takes precedence)}
13/0452	• • • • {the conveyed articles being vehicle bodies}
13/0457	•••• {specially designed for applying liquid or other fluent material to 3D-surfaces of the articles, e.g. by using several moving spray heads (<u>B05B 13/0452</u> takes precedence)}
13/0463	 {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to moving work of indefinite length}
13/0468	• • • { with reciprocating or oscillating spray heads }
13/0473	•••• { with spray heads reciprocating along a straight line }
13/0478	{the angular position of the spray heads relative to the straight line being modified during the reciprocating movement}
13/0484	•••• { with spray heads having a circular motion, e.g. being attached to a rotating supporting element (<u>B05B 13/0468</u> takes precedence)}
13/0489	• • • • {around the moving work}
13/0494	• • • • { with spray heads being moved along a closed path (<u>B05B 13/0484</u> takes precedence)}
13/06	 specially designed for treating the inside of hollow bodies (spray heads <u>B05B 1/00</u> - <u>B05B 7/00</u>; {devices for covering leaks in pipes or hoses, e.g. hose-menders, from inside the pipe <u>F16L 55/162</u>; sprayed layers of rubber or plastics for internal protection of pipes or pipe fittings against corrosion or incrustation <u>F16L 58/1027</u>})
13/0609	• {the hollow bodies being automatically fed to, or removed from, the machine}
13/0618	• {only a part of the inside of the hollow bodies being treated}
13/0627	• • {Arrangements of nozzles or spray heads specially adapted for treating the inside of hollow bodies (<u>B05B 13/0645</u> takes precedence)}
13/0636	• • {by means of rotatable spray heads or nozzles}
13/0645	• • {the hollow bodies being rotated during treatment operation (<u>B05B 13/0618</u> takes precedence)}
13/0654	• • • { and a treating nozzles being translated through the hollow bodies in a direction essentially parallel to the rotational axis (<u>B05B 13/0681</u> takes precedence)}
13/0663	 {and the hollow bodies being translated in a direction parallel to the rotational axis (B05B 13/0681 takes precedence)}

13/0672	• • { and the inclination or the distance of a treating nozzle being modified relative to the rotation axis, e.g. for treating irregular internal surfaces }
13/0681	 • { the hollow bodies comprising a closed end to be treated (<u>B05B 13/0672</u> takes precedence)}
13/069	• • {the hollow bodies having a closed end}
14/00	Arrangements for collecting, re-using or eliminating excess spraying material (arrangements
	integral with nozzles $\underline{B05B 1/28}$)
14/10	 the excess material being particulate (for spray booths <u>B05B 14/48</u>)
14/20	• from moving belts, e.g. filtering belts or conveying belts
14/30	 comprising enclosures close to, or in contact with, the object to be sprayed and surrounding or confining the discharged spray or jet but not the object to be sprayed
14/40	• for use in spray booths
14/41	• by cleaning the walls of the booth
14/412	• • • {wherein the walls of the booth is perforated or porous walls and the walls are cleaned of or prevented from being contacted with excess material by a flow of fluid, e.g. air or water, directed into the booth}
14/42	• • using electrostatic means
14/43	• • by filtering the air charged with excess material
14/435	• • • with means for cleaning the filters by gas flow, e.g. blasts of air
14/437	• • • { with means for introducing solid material into the air charged with excess material for preventing clogging of the filter }
14/44	• using walls specially adapted for promoting separation of the excess material from the air, e.g. baffle plates (using wetted walls <u>B05B 14/465</u>)
14/45	• • using cyclone separators
14/46	• • by washing the air charged with excess material
14/462	• • and separating the excess material from the washing liquid, e.g. for recovery
14/463	•••• {by means of ultrafiltration}
14/465	• • using substantially vertical liquid curtains or wetted walls behind the object to be sprayed
14/468	• • • with scrubbing means arranged below the booth floor
14/469	• • • {wherein the washing material is the spraying material}
14/48	• • specially adapted for particulate material
14/49	specially adapted for solvents
15/00	Details of spraying plant or spraying apparatus not otherwise provided for; Accessories
15/14	• Arrangements for preventing or controlling structural damage to spraying apparatus or its outlets, e.g. for breaking at desired places;
	Arrangements for handling or replacing damaged parts
15/16	 for preventing non-intended contact between spray heads or nozzles and foreign bodies, e.g. nozzle guards
15/18	• for improving resistance to wear, e.g. inserts or coatings; for indicating wear; for handling or
15/20	replacing worn partsArrangements for agitating the material to be sprayed, e.g. for stirring, mixing or homogenising

nozzle guards
for improving resistance to
coatings; for indicating we
replacing worn parts
rangements for agitating th
ayed, e.g. for stirring, mix

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15/25	• using moving elements, e.g. rotating blades
15/30	• Dip tubes
15/33	Weighted
15/37	• with decorative elements
15/40	• Filters located upstream of the spraying outlets
15/50	 Arrangements for cleaning; Arrangements for preventing deposits, drying-out or blockage; Arrangements for detecting improper discharge caused by the presence of foreign matter
15/52	for removal of clogging particles
15/522	• • • using cleaning elements penetrating the discharge openings
15/5223	• • • • { the cleaning element, e.g. a needle, and the discharge opening being movable relative to each other in a direction substantially parallel to the flow of liquid or other fluent material through said opening }
15/5225	••••• {the cleaning element being located upstream of the discharge opening or being actuated upstream therefrom}
15/525	• • by increasing the cross section of the discharge openings
15/528	by resilient deformation of the nozzle
15/531	• • • using backflow
15/534	• • • by reversing the nozzle relative to the supply conduit
15/55	• • using cleaning fluids
15/555	• • • discharged by cleaning nozzles
15/557	• • • {the cleaning fluid being a mixture of gas and liquid}
15/58	 preventing deposits, drying-out or blockage by recirculating the fluid to be sprayed from upstream of the discharge opening back to the supplying means {(<u>B05B 1/3093</u> takes precedence)}
15/60	 Arrangements for mounting, supporting or holding spraying apparatus
15/62	• Arrangements for supporting spraying apparatus, e.g. suction cups
15/622	ground-penetrating
15/625	designed to be placed on the ground
15/628	of variable length
15/63	• • Handgrips
15/65	• Mounting arrangements for fluid connection of the spraying apparatus or its outlets to flow conduits
15/652	whereby the jet can be oriented
15/654	• • • • using universal joints
15/656	whereby the flow conduit length is changeable
15/658	• • • the spraying apparatus or its outlet axis being perpendicular to the flow conduit
15/68	• Arrangements for adjusting the position of spray heads (<u>B05B 15/628</u> , <u>B05B 15/652</u> , <u>B05B 15/656</u> take precedence)
15/70	• Arrangements for moving spray heads automatically to or from the working position
15/72	• • using hydraulic or pneumatic means
15/74	• • • driven by the discharged fluid
15/80	 Arrangements in which the spray area is not enclosed, e.g. spray tables
16/00	Spray booths (arrangements for collecting, re-using or eliminating excess spraying material in spray booths <u>B05B 14/40</u>)

16/20	• Arrangements for spraying in combination with other operations, e.g. drying; Arrangements enabling a combination of spraying operations
16/25	• • for both automatic and manual spraying
16/40	• Construction elements specially adapted therefor, e.g. floors, walls or ceilings (ceiling elements filtering inflow of air into the booth <u>B05B 16/60</u> ; walls specially adapted for promoting separation of excess material <u>B05B 14/44</u>)
16/405	• • {Partly or totally cylindrical walls; Round floors}
16/60	• Ventilation arrangements specially adapted therefor
16/80	• Movable spray booths
16/90	• {comprising conveying means for moving objects or other work to be sprayed in and out of the booth, e.g. through the booth}
16/95	• • {the objects or other work to be sprayed lying on,
	or being held above the conveying means, i.e. not
	hanging from the conveying means}
17/00	Apparatus for spraying or atomising liquids or other fluent materials, not covered by the
	preceding groups (dropping or releasing powdered, liquid or gaseous matter in flight <u>B64D 1/16</u>)
17/04	• operating with special methods
17/06	• • using ultrasonic {or other kinds of} vibrations
17/0607	• • {generated by electrical means, e.g. piezoelectric transducers}
17/0615	 {spray being produced at the free surface of the liquid or other fluent material in a container and subjected to the vibrations}
17/0623	• • • • {coupled with a vibrating horn}
17/063	•••• {having an internal channel for supplying the liquid or other fluent material}
17/0638	•••• {spray being produced by discharging the liquid or other fluent material through a plate comprising a plurality of orifices}
17/0646	•••• {Vibrating plates, i.e. plates being directly subjected to the vibrations, e.g. having a piezoelectric transducer attached thereto}
17/0653	•••• {Details}
17/0661	• • • • • {Transducer materials}
17/0669	• • • • • {Excitation frequencies}
17/0676	{Feeding means}
17/0684	••••• {Wicks or the like}
17/0692	 {generated by a fluid (<u>B05B 17/0607</u> takes precedence)}
17/08	• Fountains (drinking fountains <u>E03B 9/20;</u> wash
	fountains <u>E03C 1/16</u>)
17/085	• • {designed to produce sheets or curtains of liquid, e.g. water walls}