### **CPC** COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

### PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING В

(NOTES omitted)

# **SHAPING**

#### **B28** WORKING CEMENT, CLAY, OR STONE

## **B28B** SHAPING CLAY OR OTHER CERAMIC COMPOSITIONS; SHAPING SLAG; SHAPING MIXTURES CONTAINING CEMENTITIOUS MATERIAL, e.g. PLASTER

(foundry moulding B22C; working stone or stone-like material B28D; shaping of substances in a plastic state, in general <u>B29C</u>; making layered products not composed wholly of these substances B32B)

## **NOTE**

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "the material" means:
  - a. clay or other ceramic compositions;
  - b. slag;
  - c. mixtures with water-setting properties given by clay, cementitious material, or slag.

# **WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

B28B 23/08 covered by B28B 21/60, B28B 23/06

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Producing shaped {prefabricated} articles from	1/04	<ul> <li>by tamping or ramming (followed by pressing</li> </ul>
	the material (using presses <u>B28B 3/00</u> ; shaping on		<u>B28B 3/02</u> )
	moving conveyors <u>B28B 5/00</u> ; producing tubular	1/045	• • {combined with vibrating or jolting}
	articles <u>B28B 21/00</u> {; producing articles with	1/08	<ul> <li>by vibrating or jolting {(of moulding sand</li> </ul>
	embedded elements <u>B28B 23/00</u> })		<u>B22C 15/10</u> ; of concrete in general <u>E04G 21/063</u> )}
1/001	• {Rapid manufacturing of 3D objects by additive	1/081	• • {Vibration-absorbing means}
	depositing, agglomerating or laminating of material (selective deposition modelling of metallic powder	1/082	• • {combined with a vacuum, e.g. for moisture extraction (in general E04G 21/061)}
1,000	<u>B22F 10/00</u> ; rapid manufacturing of 3D objects in general and in particular of plastics <u>B29C 64/00</u> )}	1/084	• • {the vibrating moulds or cores being moved horizontally for making strands of moulded
1/002	• {assembled from preformed elements}		articles}
1/004	• {Devices for shaping artificial aggregates from ceramic mixtures or from mixtures containing	1/085	• • {Introducing non-longitudinal reinforcing elements, e.g. spirally shaped}
	hydraulic binder (from slag <u>C04B 5/00</u> ; composition of artificial aggregates <u>C04B 18/02</u> )}	1/087	<ul><li>by means acting on the mould {; Fixation thereof to the mould}</li></ul>
1/005	• {Devices or processes for obtaining articles having a marble appearance (producing decorative effects	1/0873	• • { the mould being placed on vibrating or jolting supports, e.g. moulding tables }
	<u>B44C</u> ; design of stone surfaces, e.g. marble, <u>B44F 9/04)</u> }	2001/0876	Supports, e.g. tables, therefor
1/007	• {by freezing the material}	1/093	<ul> <li>by means directly acting on the material, e.g. by cores wholly or partly immersed in the material</li> </ul>
1/008	• {made from two or more materials having different characteristics or properties (casting for producing layered articles <u>B28B 1/16</u> ; feeding several		{or elements acting on the upper surface of the material}({B28B 1/084 takes precedence; }
	succesive layers, optionally of different materials		internal vibrators for compacting concrete <u>in situ</u> E04G 21/08)
	B28B 13/022; coating B28B 11/04; applying material to surfaces to form a permanent layer	1/0935	• • {using only elements wholly or partly immersed in the material, e.g. cores}
1/02	thereon <u>B28B 19/00</u> )} • by turning or jiggering {in moulds or moulding	1/10	• and applying pressure otherwise than by the use
1, 02	surfaces on rotatable supports}	4.405	of presses
1/025	• • {Potters wheels}	1/105	<ul> <li> {this load also being actively vibrated or jolted}</li> </ul>

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jolted}

1/14	by simple casting, the material being neither	1/50	specially adapted for producing articles of expanded
	forcibly fed nor positively compacted (for molten material <u>B28B 1/54</u> )		material, e.g. cellular concrete (chemical aspects {or making expanded aggregate} C04B)
1/16	<ul> <li>for producing layered articles (coating</li> </ul>	1/503	• • {Moulds therefor}
1/20	B28B 11/04)  • by centrifugal or rotational casting (slip-casting)	1/506	• • • { with means for, or adapted for, cutting the moulded article into pieces (in general
1,20	involving rotation of the mould <u>B28B 1/28</u> ; for		<u>B28B 7/14</u> )}
1 /2 /	molten material <u>B28B 1/54</u> )	1/52	specially adapted for producing articles from
1/24	<ul> <li>by injection moulding {(injection moulding of ceramic slips <u>B28B 1/265</u>; of tubular articles</li> </ul>		mixtures containing fibres, {e.g. asbestos cement}(by wrapping on to mandrels <u>B28B 1/42</u> )
	<u>B28B 21/38</u> )}	1/521	• • {from dry mixtures to which a setting agent is
1/26	<ul> <li>by slip-casting, i.e. by casting a suspension or dispersion of the material in a liquid-absorbent</li> </ul>		applied after forming (B28B 1/526, B28B 1/527 take precedence)}
	or porous mould, the liquid being allowed to	1/522	• • {for producing multi-layered articles
	soak into or pass through the walls of the mould;		( <u>B28B 1/526</u> , <u>B28B 1/527</u> take precedence)}
	Moulds therefor ( <u>B28B 1/52</u> takes precedence){;	1/523	• • {containing metal fibres (B28B 1/526,
	specially for manufacturing articles starting from		B28B 1/527 take precedence)}
	a ceramic slip; Moulds therefor (of tubular articles B28B 21/08)}	1/525	• • {containing organic fibres, e.g. wood fibres (B28B 1/526, B28B 1/527 take precedence)}
1/261	{Moulds therefor (absorbent moulds in general	1/526	• • {by delivering the materials on a conveyor of the
1/2/2	B28B 7/344)}		endless-belt type}
1/262	• • • {Mould materials; Manufacture of moulds or	1/527	• • {by delivering the materials on a rotating drum,
1/263	parts thereof} {Plastics}		e.g. a sieve drum, from which the materials are
1/263	• • • {Plaster}	1/500	picked up by a felt}
1/265	• • • { Flaster } • • { pressure being applied on the slip in the filled	1/528	• • {for producing corrugated sheets (B28B 1/526, B28B 1/527 take precedence)}
1/203	mould or on the moulded article in the mould, e.g.	1/54	• specially adapted for producing articles from
	pneumatically, by compressing slip in a closed	1/34	molten material, e.g. slag {refractory ceramic
	mould}		materials}(chemical aspects <u>CO4B</u> {; from molten
1/266	{Means for counteracting the pressure being		bituminous material <u>B29C</u> })
	applied on the slip or on the moulded article in	2100	
	the mould, e.g. means for clamping the moulds	3/00	Producing shaped articles from the material
	parts together in a frame-like structure}		by using presses (shaping on moving conveyors B28B 5/00); Presses specially adapted therefor
1/267	• • {in moulds or on moulding surfaces supported by,		(presses in general <u>B30B</u> )
1/260	or formed in or by, conveyors}	3/003	• {Pressing by means acting upon the material
1/268	• • {by dipping moulding surfaces in the slip (in general <u>B28B 1/38</u> )}	2,002	via flexible mould wall parts, e.g. by means of
1/269	<ul> <li>• {by electrophoresis (electrophoresis in general C25)}</li> </ul>		inflatable cores, isostatic presses (isostatic presses in general <u>B30B 5/02</u> )}
1/28	• involving rotation of the mould {about a	3/006	• {Pressing by atmospheric pressure, as a result of
	centrifugal axis}		vacuum generation or by gas or liquid pressure
1/29	<ul> <li>by profiling or strickling the material in open</li> </ul>		acting directly upon the material, e.g. jets of
	moulds or on moulding surfaces {(in rotary moulds		compressed air (moulds for treating with gases or degassing <u>B28B 7/44</u> ; compacting concrete by
	<u>B28B 1/02</u> ; by means of profiled rollers <u>B28B 3/12</u> ,		means of vacuum in general E04G 21/061)}
	<u>B28B 3/123</u> )}	3/02	• wherein a ram exerts pressure on the material in a
1/30	<ul> <li>by applying the material on to a core or other</li> </ul>	3/02	moulding space; Ram heads of special form
	moulding surface to form a layer thereon (to form a	3/021	• • {Ram heads of special form}
1 /22	permanent layer B28B 19/00)	3/022	• • {combined with vibrating or jolting}
1/32	<ul> <li>by projecting, e.g. spraying (spraying in general B05B, B05D)</li> </ul>	3/024	• • {the pressure on the material being transmitted
1/34	by centrifugal force {(centrifugally acting)		through flexible or resilient wall parts, e.g.
1/31	implements for applying plaster or the like to		flexible cushions on the ramming surface,
	walls $E04F 21/10$ )		resilient wall parts pressing as a result of
1/38	• • by dipping (in general <u>B05C</u> , <u>B05D</u> {; shaping	2/025	deformation caused by ram pressure}
	• • by dipping (in general <u>bose</u> , <u>bosb</u> (, shaping	3/025	• • {Hot pressing, e.g. of ceramic materials}
1/40	from synthetic resin $\underline{B29C 41/14}$ )		
		3/027	• • {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly
1/42	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin <u>B29C 41/14</u>})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for</li> </ul>	3/027	<ul> <li>{ using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> </ul>
1/42	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> </ul>		<ul><li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li><li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> <li>by forcing cores into filled moulds for forming</li> </ul>	3/027 3/028	<ul> <li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> <li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins or chamfered mould edges}</li> </ul>
1/42 1/44	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> <li>by forcing cores into filled moulds for forming hollow articles</li> </ul>	3/027	<ul> <li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> <li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins or chamfered mould edges}</li> <li>• with one ram per mould (B28B 3/10 takes</li> </ul>
1/42 1/44 1/445	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> <li>by forcing cores into filled moulds for forming hollow articles</li> <li>{Hollow punches or cores}</li> </ul>	3/027 3/028 3/04	<ul> <li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> <li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins or chamfered mould edges}</li> <li>• with one ram per mould (B28B 3/10 takes precedence)</li> </ul>
1/42 1/44	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> <li>by forcing cores into filled moulds for forming hollow articles</li> <li>{Hollow punches or cores}</li> <li>by removing material from solid section preforms</li> </ul>	3/027 3/028	<ul> <li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> <li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins or chamfered mould edges}</li> <li>• with one ram per mould (B28B 3/10 takes)</li> </ul>
1/42 1/44 1/445	<ul> <li>from synthetic resin B29C 41/14})</li> <li>by wrapping, e.g. winding</li> <li>using mixtures containing fibres, e.g. for making sheets by slitting the wound layer</li> <li>by forcing cores into filled moulds for forming hollow articles</li> <li>{Hollow punches or cores}</li> </ul>	3/027 3/028 3/04 3/06	<ul> <li>• {using a bottom press ram actuated upwardly towards mould covers}</li> <li>• {Centering the press head, e.g. using guiding pins or chamfered mould edges}</li> <li>• with one ram per mould (B28B 3/10 takes precedence)</li> <li>• with two or more ram and mould sets</li> </ul>

3/086	• • {The rams working in different directions}	5/025	• • • {the moulds or the moulding surfaces being
3/10	<ul> <li> (The rams working in different directions)</li> <li> each charge of material being compressed against</li> </ul>	3/023	divided by separating walls and being
3/10	previously formed body		continuously fed (feeding B28B 13/02)}
3/12	wherein one or more rollers exert pressure on the	5/026	• • {the shaped articles being of indefinite length}
5, 1 <b>2</b>	material	5/027	• • • {the moulding surfaces being of the indefinite
3/123	• {on material in moulds or on moulding surfaces}		length type, e.g. belts, and being continuously
2, 222	moving continuously underneath or between the		fed (feeding <u>B28B 13/02</u> )}
	rollers, e.g. on an endless belt}	5/028	• • • {the moulding surfaces being of definite length,
3/126	• • {on material passing directly between the co-		e.g. succession of moving pallets, and being
	operating rollers}		continuously fed (feeding <u>B28B 13/02</u> )}
3/14	<ul> <li>with co-operating pocketed rollers</li> </ul>	5/04	<ul> <li>in moulds moved in succession past one or more</li> </ul>
3/16	<ul> <li>with co-operating profiled rollers</li> </ul>		shaping stations (on turn-tables <u>B28B 5/06</u> )
3/18	Roller-and-ring machines, i.e. with roller	2005/041	• • {with compacting of the material}
	disposed within a ring and co-operating with the	2005/042	• • • {only by vibrating or jolting}
	inner surface of the ring	2005/044	• • • {only by tamping or ramming}
3/20	• wherein the material is extruded {(extrusion	2005/045	• • · · {only by pressing}
2/201	moulding of plastics <u>B29C 48/00</u> )}	2005/047	• • • {by tamping, ramming or pressing as well as by
3/201	• • {Means for heating or cooling the barrel}		vibrating, jolting or by rolling}
2003/203	• • {for multi-channelled structures, e.g. honeycomb	2005/048	• • (in moulds carried on a conveyor of the endless-
2/205	structures}	5/06	belt type}
3/205	• • {using vibrations}	5/06	in moulds on a turntable
3/206	• • {Forcing the material through screens or slots}	5/08	. intermittently rotated
3/208	• • {Exchangeable wear parts, e.g. liners}	5/10	<ul> <li>in moulds carried on the circumference of a rotating drum</li> </ul>
3/22	• by screw or worm	5/12	intermittently rotated
3/222	{Screw or worm constructions}	2005/125	{Revolving presses}
3/224	• • {Twin screw extruders, e.g. double shaft extruders}	2003/123	· · · {Kevolving presses}
3/226	• • {Means for heating or cooling the screw}	7/00	Moulds; Cores; Mandrels (specially adapted for
3/228	{Slipform casting extruder, e.g. self-propelled		the production of the tubular articles <u>B28B 21/00</u> ;
3/220	extruder}		{for casting metals B22C 9/00; moulds for plastic
3/24	by reciprocating plunger		materials in general <u>B29C 33/00</u> ; falsework, forms or
3/26	Extrusion dies		shutterings for forming buildings or parts thereof <u>in</u>
3/2609	• • • {Containing rotating elements perpendicular to	7/0002	<ul><li>situ E04G 9/00 - E04G 15/00})</li><li>• {Auxiliary parts or elements of the mould}</li></ul>
	the axis of extrusion}		Mould identification means, e.g. by radio
3/2618	• • • {using lubricating means}	7/0005	frequency identification device [RFID]}
3/2627	• • • {using means for making hollow objects with	7/0008	• • {Venting channels, e.g. to avoid vacuum during
	transverse walls, e.g. hollow objects closed on	770000	demoulding or allowing air to escape during
	all sides}		feeding, pressing or moulding}
3/2636	• • • {using means for co-extruding different	7/0011	{Mould seals}
	materials}	7/0014	{Fastening means for mould parts, e.g. for
3/2645	• • • {using means for inserting reinforcing		attaching mould walls on mould tables; Mould
	members}		clamps (clamping means specially adapted
3/2654	• • • {Means for heating or cooling the die}		for counteracting a pressure being applied on
3/2663	• • • {Exchangeable wear parts, e.g. liners}		a slip or on the moulded article in the mould
3/2672	• • • {Means for adjusting the flow inside the die,	5/0015	<u>B28B 1/266)</u> }
2/2/01	e.g. using choke means}	7/0017	• • • {for attaching mould walls on mould tables}
3/2681	• • {Adjustable dies, e.g. for altering the shape of	7/002	• • • {using magnets}
3/269	the product} {For multi-channeled structures, e.g.	7/0023	• • {using vacuum}
3/207	honeycomb structures}	7/0026	• • {using adhesive}
	noneycomo structures)	7/0029	• {Moulds or moulding surfaces not covered by <u>B28B 7/0058</u> - <u>B28B 7/36</u> and
5/00	Producing shaped articles from the material in		B28B 7/40 - B28B 7/465, e.g. moulds assembled
	moulds or on moulding surfaces, carried or formed		from several parts}
	by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner	7/0032	* *
5/02	by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping	7/0032	• • {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal
5/02	<ul><li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li><li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in</li></ul>	7/0032 7/0035	* *
	by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping  on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers <u>B28B 3/12</u> )		<ul> <li>{Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li> </ul>
5/021	<ul> <li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li> <li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers B28B 3/12)</li> <li>• {the shaped articles being of definite length}</li> </ul>		<ul><li>• {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li><li>• {Moulds characterised by the way in which</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li> <li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers B28B 3/12)</li> <li>{the shaped articles being of definite length}</li> <li>{the moulds or the moulding surfaces being</li> </ul>	7/0035	<ul> <li>• {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li> <li>• {Moulds characterised by the way in which the sidewalls of the mould and the moulded article move with respect to each other during demoulding}</li> </ul>
5/021	<ul> <li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li> <li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers B28B 3/12)</li> <li>{the shaped articles being of definite length}</li> <li>{the moulds or the moulding surfaces being individual independant units and being</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>• {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li> <li>• {Moulds characterised by the way in which the sidewalls of the mould and the moulded article move with respect to each other during demoulding}</li> <li>• • {the sidewalls of mould and moulded article</li> </ul>
5/021	<ul> <li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li> <li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers B28B 3/12)</li> <li>{the shaped articles being of definite length}</li> <li>{the moulds or the moulding surfaces being</li> </ul>	7/0035	<ul> <li>• {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li> <li>• {Moulds characterised by the way in which the sidewalls of the mould and the moulded article move with respect to each other during demoulding}</li> <li>• {the sidewalls of mould and moulded article moving only past each other, e.g. box-shaped</li> </ul>
5/021	<ul> <li>by, in or on conveyors irrespective of the manner of shaping</li> <li>on conveyors of the endless-belt or chain type (in combination with pressing rollers B28B 3/12)</li> <li>• {the shaped articles being of definite length}</li> <li>• {the moulds or the moulding surfaces being individual independant units and being discontinuously fed (feeding B28B 13/0215</li> </ul>	7/0035	<ul> <li>• {Moulding tables or similar mainly horizontal moulding surfaces}</li> <li>• {Moulds characterised by the way in which the sidewalls of the mould and the moulded article move with respect to each other during demoulding}</li> <li>• • {the sidewalls of mould and moulded article</li> </ul>

conveyor for making pottery ware}

7/0041	• • • {the sidewalls of the mould being moved	7/085	• • {for making double wall panels}
	only parallelly away from the sidewalls of the	7/087	• • {using rocker or rolling means}
	moulded article}	7/10	<ul> <li>Moulds with means incorporated therein, or carried</li> </ul>
7/0044	• • • {the sidewalls of the mould being only tilted		thereby, for ejecting {or detaching} the moulded
	away from the sidewalls of the moulded article,		article ({flexible moulds bent open for ejecting
2007/0047	e.g. moulds with hingedly mounted sidewalls}		B28B 7/06; ejecting by tilting or inverting the
2007/0047	{Mould seals}		mould <u>B28B 7/08</u> ; } devices, not forming part of the
2007/005	• • {Fastening means for mould parts, e.g. for attaching mould walls on mould tables; Mould	7/12	mould, for ejecting the moulded article <u>B28B 13/06</u> )  • by fluid pressure {, e.g. acting through flexible
	clamps}	7/12	wall parts or linings of the moulds}
2007/0052	• • • {for attaching mould walls on mould tables}	7/14	• Moulds with means incorporated therein, or carried
7/0055	• • (Mould pallets; Mould panels)	7,11	thereby, for cutting the moulded article into parts
7/0058	• {Moulds, cores or mandrels with provisions		({for expanded material <u>B28B 1/506</u> ; } cutting
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	concerning the elimination of superfluous material;		means independent of the mould <u>B28B 11/14</u> )
	Moulds with burr-removing means provided therein	7/16	. Moulds for making shaped articles with cavities or
	or carried thereby}		holes open to the surface {, e.g. with blind holes}
7/0061	• {Moulds, cores or mandrels specially adapted for	7/162	• • {for building blocks or similar block-shaped
	mechanically working moulding surfaces during		articles}
	moulding or demoulding, e.g. smoothing by means	7/164	• • {for plates, panels, or similar sheet- or disc-
	of mould walls driven during moulding or of parts	<b>5</b> 4.44	shaped articles}
7/0064	acting during demoulding } . {Moulds characterised by special surfaces for	7/166	• • {for oblong articles, e.g. hollow masts}
7/0064	producing a desired surface of a moulded article,	7/168	<ul> <li>• {for holders or similar hollow articles, e.g. vaults, sewer pits}</li> </ul>
	e.g. profiled or polished moulding surfaces	7/18	<ul> <li>the holes passing completely through the article</li> </ul>
	( <u>B28B 7/36</u> takes precedence; producing decorative	7/183	
	effects <u>B44C</u> ; designs of stone surfaces <u>B44F</u> )}	7/103	objects}
7/0067	• • {with polished or glossy moulding surfaces}	7/186	• • • {for plates, panels or similar sheet- or disc-
7/007	• • { with moulding surfaces simulating natural effets,	7,100	shaped objects, also flat oblong moulded
	e.g. wood or stone}		articles with lateral openings, e.g. panels with
7/0073	• • {with moulding surfaces simulating assembled		openings for doors or windows, grated girders}
	bricks or blocks with mortar joints (B28B 7/007	7/20	<ul> <li>Moulds for making shaped articles with undercut</li> </ul>
7,007.6	takes precedence)}		recesses, e.g. dovetails
7/0076	• • {with surfaces for moulding letters or marks}	7/22	• Moulds for making units for prefabricated buildings
7/0079	<ul> <li>{ with surfaces for moulding interlocking means, e.g. grooves and ribs}</li> </ul>		{, i.e. units each comprising an important section of
7/0082	• • { with surfaces for moulding parallel grooves		at least two limiting planes of a room or space, e.g. cells (for making rooms or entire buildings in situ
7/0082	or ribs (B28B 7/0073, B28B 7/0079 takes		E04G 11/02)}; Moulds for making prefabricated
	precedence)}		stair units
7/0085	• • {with surfaces for moulding chamfers}	7/225	• • { for making stairs or stair units comprising more
7/0088	• {Moulds in which at least one surface of the		than one step ( <u>in situ E04G 13/06</u> )}
	moulded article serves as mould surface, e.g.	7/24	<ul> <li>Unitary mould structures with a plurality of</li> </ul>
	moulding articles on or against a previously shaped		moulding spaces {, e.g. moulds divided into
	article, between previously shaped articles}		multiple moulding spaces by integratable partitions,
7/0091	• {Transformable moulds allowing the change of		mould part structures providing a number of
	shape of an initial moulded preform by preform		moulding spaces in mutual co-operation (assemblies of individually complete moulds <u>B28B 7/26</u> )}
	deformation or the change of its size by moulding on the preform}	7/241	Detachable assemblies of mould parts providing
7/0094	• {Moulds for concrete test samples}	7/2-1	only in mutual co-operation a number of complete
7/0097	• {Press moulds; Press-mould and press-ram		moulding spaces}
770057	assemblies}	7/243	• • • {for making plates, panels or similar sheet- or
7/02	• Moulds with adjustable parts {specially for		disc-shaped objects}
	modifying at will the dimensions or form of the	7/245	• • • {using transportable mould batteries}
	moulded article}	7/246	• • • {for making oblong objects, e.g. girders}
7/025	• • {the mould surface being made of or being	7/248	• • • {using angle-shaped mould parts, e.g. L-parts}
	supported by a plurality of small elements, e.g. to	7/26	• Assemblies of separate moulds {, i.e. of moulds
7/04	create double curvatures}		or moulding space units, each forming a complete
7/04	• • one or more of the parts being pivotally mounted		mould or moulding space unit independently from
7/06 7/065	. Moulds with flexible parts	7/263	<ul><li>each other}</li><li>• {for making plates, panels or similar sheet- or</li></ul>
7/065 7/08	{Casting in sack or bag like moulds}	1/203	disc-shaped objects}
7/08 7/082	<ul> <li>Moulds provided with means for tilting or inverting</li> <li>{Tiltable moulding tables or similar moulding</li> </ul>	7/266	• • {for making oblong objects, e.g. girders}
7/062	surfaces (specially for casting and erecting	7/28	• Cores; Mandrels {(B28B 1/44 takes precedence; of
	walls or parts thereof during construction work	••	special materials in general <u>B28B 7/34</u> ; cores for
	E04G 11/32)}		making blind holes in situ E04G 15/04; for making
			recesses E04G 15/06)}

recesses <u>E04G 15/06</u>)}

7/285	{Core puller}	11/005	• • {Using heat to allow reshaping, e.g. to soften
7/30	. adjustable, collapsible, or expanding {(for making	11/006	ceramic articles}
7/202	tubular objects B28B 21/88)}	11/006	• • {Making hollow articles or partly closed articles}
7/303	• • • { specially for making undercut recesses or	11/007	• • • {Using a mask for plugging}
	continuous cavities the inner section of which is superior to the section of either of the	11/008	• • {Blow moulding, e.g. with or without the use of a membrane}
	mouths}	11/02	<ul> <li>for attaching appendages, e.g. handles, spouts</li> </ul>
7/306	• • · {pliable or extensible}	11/04	<ul> <li>for coating {or applying engobing layers}(glazing,</li> </ul>
7/32	• • • inflatable {(connection of valves to inflatable elastic bodies <u>B60C 29/00</u> )}	11/041	<ul><li>engobing <u>C04B</u>)</li><li>. {for moulded articles undergoing a thermal</li></ul>
7/34	• Moulds, cores, or mandrels of special material, e.g. destructible materials (for slip casting B28B 1/26)	11/041	treatment at high temperatures, such as burning, after coating}
7/342	• • {which are at least partially destroyed, e.g.	11/042	
11342	broken, molten, before demoulding; Moulding	11/042	<ul><li> { with insulating material }</li><li> { filling cavities or chambers of hollow blocks }</li></ul>
	surfaces or spaces shaped by, or in, the ground,	11/043	<ul><li>. { fining cavines of chambers of nonlow blocks }</li><li>. { with glaze or engobe or enamel or varnish }</li></ul>
	or sand or soil, whether bound or not; Cores	11/044	<ul><li>. {with graze of engage of enamer of variation}</li><li>. {by dipping}</li></ul>
	consisting at least mainly of sand or soil, whether	11/045	<ul><li>. {by dipping}</li><li>. {by rolling}</li></ul>
	bound or not}	11/040	<ul><li>• {by forming}</li><li>• {by pooring, e.g. curtain coating}</li></ul>
7/344	• • {from absorbent or liquid- or gas-permeable		
	materials, e.g. plaster moulds in general}	11/048	• • {by spraying or projecting}
7/346	• • {Manufacture of moulds}	11/049	• • {Recycling of the coating material}
7/348	• • {of plastic material or rubber}	11/06	<ul> <li>with powdered or granular material {, e.g. sanding of shaped articles}</li> </ul>
7/36	Linings or coatings, {e.g. removable, absorbent	11/08	• for reshaping the surface, e.g. smoothing,
	linings, permanent anti-stick coatings; Linings becoming a non-permanent layer of the moulded		roughening, corrugating, making screw-threads
	article}(lubricating surfaces of moulds, cores or	11/0809	• • {Hand tools therefore}
	mandrels <u>B28B 7/38</u> )	11/0818	• • {for roughening, profiling, corrugating}
7/362	• • {specially for making moulded articles from	11/0827	• • • {for corrugating, profiling or the like of plates
	concrete with exposed aggregate}	11/0026	such as asbestos cement sheets}
7/364	• • {of plastic material or rubber}	11/0836	• • {for pottery articles}
7/366	• • {Replaceable lining plates for press mould}	11/0845	• • {for smoothing}
7/368	• • {Absorbent linings}	11/0854	• • {for making screw-threads or the like in the
7/38	<ul> <li>Treating surfaces of moulds, cores, or mandrels to</li> </ul>	11/09/2	surface of the shaped article}
	prevent sticking	11/0863 11/0872	<ul><li>. {for profiling, e.g. making grooves}</li><li>. {Non-mechanical reshaping of the surface, e.g. by</li></ul>
7/382	• • {Devices for treating, e.g. sanding}	11/06/2	burning, acids, radiation energy, air flow, etc.}
7/384	• • {Treating agents (for plastic moulding materials in general <u>B29C 33/60</u> ; lubricants in general	11/0881	• • {Using vibrating mechanisms, e.g. vibrating
	<u>C10M</u> )}	11/000	plates for ageing stones}
7/386	{Cleaning}	11/089	• • {Using impacting tools}
7/388	• • {with liquid material, e.g. lubricating}	11/10	• by using presses
7/40	<ul> <li>characterised by means for modifying the properties</li> </ul>	11/12	• for removing parts of the articles by cutting
7/42	of the moulding material  • for heating or cooling, e.g. steam jackets {, by	11/125	<ul> <li>{Cutting-off protruding ridges, also profiled cutting}</li> </ul>
	means of treating agents acting directly on the	11/14	<ul> <li>for dividing shaped articles by cutting</li> </ul>
	moulding material}	11/145	• • {for dividing block-shaped bodies of expanded
7/44	for treating with gases or degassing, e.g. for		materials, e.g. cellular concrete}
	de-aerating {(treating with hot gases or vapour	11/16	<ul> <li>for extrusion {or for materials supplied in long webs}</li> </ul>
7/16	B28B 7/42)} for humidifying or dehumidifying	11/161	{in vertically operating extrusion presses}
7/46 7/465	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11/161	{in which the cutting device is moved
7/465		11/103	longitudinally with the moving strand}
11/00	Apparatus or processes for treating or working the shaped {or preshaped} articles (specially adapted	11/165	• • • { mounted on a carrier }
	for tubular articles <u>B28B 21/92</u> ; decoration or surface	11/166	• • • { with devices for determining the correct
	treatment in general <u>B05</u> , <u>B44</u> ; compacting concrete		cutting moment, e.g. measuring rollers or the
	in situ in connection with building E04G 21/06;		like}
	drying F26)	11/168	• • • {in which the material is cut-out from a strand
11/001	• {Applying decorations on shaped articles, e.g. by	11/10	or web by means of a frame-shaped knife}
	painting}	11/18	• for removing burr {(combined with the mould B28B 7/0058)}
11/002	• {Apparatus for washing concrete for decorative	11/22	• for cleaning
	purposes or similar surface treatments for exposing	11/24	<ul> <li>for curing, setting or hardening (processes for</li> </ul>
11/002	the texture}		influencing or modifying the setting or hardening
11/003	• {the shaping of preshaped articles, e.g. by bending		ability of mortars, concrete or artificial stone
	(B28B 11/08 takes precedence)}		compositions, in general <u>C04B 40/00</u> )

11/241	(ii	12/06	Dominion the shored entire from moral de (her
11/241	• {using microwave heating means}	13/06	<ul> <li>Removing the shaped articles from moulds (by means incorporated in, or carried by, the moulds</li> </ul>
11/242	<ul> <li>{by passing an electric current through wires, rods or reinforcing members incorporated in the</li> </ul>		B28B 7/10)
	article}	13/062	• • {by elastically deforming the mould, e.g.
11/243	• • {Setting, e.g. drying, dehydrating or firing		bending flexible moulds}
	ceramic articles ( <u>B28B 11/242</u> takes precedence)}	13/065	• • • {by applying electric current or other means
11/245	• • {Curing concrete articles (B28B 11/242 takes		of discharging, e.g. pneumatic or hydraulic
	precedence)}		discharging means}
11/246	{Underwater curing}	13/067	• • • {by applying blows or vibrations followed by,
11/247	• • {Controlling the humidity during curing, setting		or during, the removal of a mould part}
	or hardening}	15/00	General arrangement or layout of plant {;
11/248	• • {Supports for drying}	12,00	Industrial outlines or plant installations}
13/00	Feeding the unshaped material to moulds	15/002	• {Mobile plants, e.g. on vehicles or on boats}
15/00	or apparatus for producing shaped articles;	15/005	• {Machines using pallets co-operating with a
	Discharging shaped articles from such moulds or		bottomless mould; Feeding or discharging means
	apparatus		for pallets (feeding pallets for making a continuous
13/02	. Feeding the unshaped material to moulds or		moulding surface <u>B28B 5/025</u> , <u>B28B 5/028</u> )}
	apparatus for producing shaped articles	15/007	• {Plant with two or more identical shaping or
13/0205	• • {supplied to the moulding device in form of		moulding devices}
	a coherent mass of material, e.g. a lump or an	17/00	Details of, or accessories for, apparatus for
	already partially preshaped tablet, pastil or the		shaping the material; Auxiliary measures taken in
12/021	like}		connection with such shaping (moulds <u>B28B 7/00</u> ;
13/021	<ul> <li>• {by fluid pressure acting directly on the material, e.g. using vacuum, air pressure}</li> </ul>		after-treatment <u>B28B 11/00</u> ; feeding or discharging
13/0215	Feeding the moulding material in measured		B28B 13/00; arrangements for embedding elements in
15/0215	quantities from a container or silo}	17/0000	the material B28B 23/00)
13/022	• • {Feeding several successive layers, optionally	17/0009	• {Shaping of preshaped articles (shaping the surface
	of different materials}	17/0018	of articles <u>B28B 11/08</u> )} • {Separating articles from each other}
13/0225	{Feeding specific quantities of material at	17/0018	• {Separating articles from each other? • {Accessories for obtaining rubblestones}
	specific locations in the mould}	17/0027	• {Accessories for obtaining rubblestones} • {Cutting means, e.g. water jets}
13/023	• • • {by using a feed box transferring the moulding	17/0045	• {Cutting means, e.g. water jets] • {Tensioning devices for cutting means}
	material from a hopper to the moulding	17/0054	• {Cleaning devices for cutting means}
12/0227	cavities}	17/0063	• {Control arrangements}
13/0235	• • • • {the feed box being provided with agitating means, e.g. stirring vanes to avoid premature	17/0072	• • {Product control or inspection}
	setting of the moulding material (agitation in	17/0081	• • {Process control}
	general B01F)}	17/009	• {Changing the forming elements, e.g. exchanging
2013/024	{the feed box being provided with means for		moulds, dies}
	transporting the moulded products, e.g. out	17/02	• Conditioning the material prior to shaping {(for
	of the machine}		mixtures containing clay or cement <u>B28C</u> )}
13/0245	• • • • {Rotatable feed frames, e.g. horizontally	17/023	• • {Conditioning gypsum}
	rotated over 90 degrees}	17/026	• • {Conditioning ceramic materials}
13/025	• • • • {the feed box being vibrated, e.g. to promote	17/04	Exhausting or laying dust
12/0255	discharging of the material}	19/00	Machines or methods for applying the material
13/0255	• • • {Disposal of residual material, e.g. by means of the return stroke of the feed drawer}		to surfaces to form a permanent layer thereon
13/026	• • • {by using a movable hopper transferring the		(making shaped articles on mandrels <u>B28B 1/30</u> ;
15/020	moulding material to the moulding cavities}		applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces
2013/0265	• • {Feeding a slurry or a ceramic slip}	40/000=	in general <u>B05C</u> ; glazing or engobing <u>C04B</u> )
13/027	• • {by using a removable belt or conveyor	19/0007	• {for producing articles with exposed aggregate}
	transferring the moulding material to the	19/0015	• {on multilayered articles}
	moulding cavities}	19/0023	• {Lining the inner wall of hollow objects, e.g. pipes}
13/0275	• • • {Feeding a slurry or a ceramic slip}	19/003	• {to insulating material}
13/028	• • {Deflecting the flow of the unshaped material}	19/0038 19/0046	<ul><li> {lining the outer wall of hollow objects, e.g. pipes}</li><li> {to plastics}</li></ul>
13/0285	• • {the material being prearranged on a sheet, e.g.	19/0040	• {to plastics} • {to tiles, bricks or the like}
10/000	using a decal}	19/0055	<ul><li> {to thes, bricks of the fixe}</li><li> {Means for arranging or fixing the tiles, bricks or</li></ul>
13/029	• (through a sieve or grid, e.g. to ensure evenly	17/0001	the like in the mould}
13/0295	filling of cavities}  • {Treating the surface of the fed layer, e.g.	19/0069	• • • {the tiles, bricks or the like being sunk in
13/0293	removing material or equalization of the surface		resilient mould material}
13/04	Discharging the shaped articles ({discharging})	19/0076	• • • {the tiles, bricks or the like being sunk in
15,57	tubular articles after shaping B28B 21/90; }		heated mould material, e.g. thermoplastic
	conveying systems for ceramic mouldings		material to temporarily fix them}
	<u>B65G 49/08</u> )		

19/0084	• • • {using pressurized elements for fixing the tiles,	21/50	Details of compression or compacting means
	bricks or the like}	21/52	• by extruding
19/0092	• {to webs, sheets or the like, e.g. of paper, cardboard}	21/54	<ul> <li>Mouthpieces for shaping sockets, bends, or like peculiarly-shaped tubular articles</li> </ul>
3.5.41		21/56	<ul><li>incorporating reinforcements {or inserts}</li></ul>
	paratus, or machines, specially adapted for the	21/563	• • {Gaskets}
production o	f tubular or reinforced articles	21/566	• • {Climbing elements}
21/00	Methods or machines specially adapted for the	21/58	Steel tubes
	production of tubular articles	21/60	<ul> <li>prestressed reinforcements</li> </ul>
21/02	<ul> <li>by casting into moulds</li> </ul>	21/62	• • • circumferential {laterally tensioned}
21/04	by simple casting, the material being neither	21/64	• • • Winding arrangements
	positively compacted nor forcibly fed	21/66	Reinforcing mats
21/06	• into moulds having sliding parts (B28B 21/26	21/68	<ul> <li>and applying centrifugal forces</li> </ul>
	takes precedence; forms, shutterings, or falsework	21/70	<ul> <li>by building-up from preformed elements</li> </ul>
	for making rooms as a whole, whole stories, or	21/72	Producing multilayer tubes
21/08	whole buildings in situ E04G 11/02)  • by slip-casting; Moulds therefor	21/74	• Producing pipe bends, sockets, sleeves; Moulds
21/08	using compacting means		therefor (combined with extrusion presses
21/10	tamping or ramming the material or the mould	21/56	B28B 21/54)
21/12	elements	21/76	• Moulds {(for slip-casting <u>B28B 21/08</u> )}
21/14	• • vibrating, e.g. the surface of the material	21/765	• • {Top or bottom rings}
21/16	• • • one or more mould elements	21/78	• with heating or cooling means, e.g. steam jackets
21/18	using expansible or retractable mould or core	21/80	adapted to centrifugal or rotational moulding
21/10	elements	21/82	built-up from several parts; Multiple moulds;     Moulds with adjustable parts
21/20	using inflatable cores, e.g. having a frame	21/84	Moulds with one or more pivotable parts
	inside the inflatable part of the core	21/86	• Cores (in general <u>B28B 7/00</u> )
	(connection of valves to inflatable elastic	21/88	adjustable, collapsible or expansible (using
21/205	bodies <u>B60C 29/00</u> )  • • • • {having a rigid frame inside the inflatable		inflatable cores <u>B28B 21/20</u> {; for compacting
21/203	part of the core}	21/00	<u>B28B 21/18</u> })
21/22	using rotatable mould or core parts	21/90	• Methods or apparatus for {demoulding or}
21/24	• • • using compacting heads, rollers, or the like	21/005	discharging after shaping
21/242	• • • • { the working diameter of the compacting	21/905	{Removing from a mandrel}
	mechanism being adjustable, e.g. the	21/92 21/925	<ul><li>Methods or apparatus for treating or reshaping</li><li>• {for wrapping}</li></ul>
	compacting rollers on the head being	21/923	<ul><li>. {for wrapping}</li><li>. for impregnating or coating by applying liquids or</li></ul>
21/245	displaceable}	21/94	semi-liquids
21/245	{using a horizontal compacting roller in a horizontally rotatable mould}	21/96	• • for smoothing, roughening, corrugating or for
21/247	{the rollers of the compaction head being	21/065	removing burr
	driven, e.g. to overcome or modify the	21/965	for growing or corrugating }
	tangential force}	21/98	for reshaping, e.g. by means of reshape moulds
21/26	with a packer head serving as a sliding	23/00	Arrangements specially adapted for the
	mould or provided with guiding means for		production of shaped articles with elements wholly
24/20	feeding the material		or partly embedded in the moulding material;
21/28	combined with vibration means		{Production of reinforced objects}(B28B 21/00
21/30	Centrifugal moulding		takes precedence; in units for prefabricated buildings
21/305	• • • • {Moulding machines with vertical rotation axis}	23/0006	(the reinforcement consisting of cliqued, non-motel
21/32	• • • • Feeding the material into the moulds	23/0000	<ul> <li>{the reinforcement consisting of aligned, non-metal reinforcing elements}</li> </ul>
21/32	combined with vibrating or other	23/0012	· {Producing brick netting}
21/34	additional compacting means	23/0012	• {Producing oriex neutring} • {Producing metal-clad stones, such as oven stones}
21/36	applying fluid pressure or vacuum to	23/0016	• {with installation or service material, e.g. tubes for
21/30	the material (combined with slip-casting	23/0023	electricity or water}
	<u>B28B 21/08</u> )	23/0031	• {with product identification means, e.g. labels
21/38	introducing the material wholly or partly		on test products or integrated circuit tags inside
	under pressure {; Injection-moulding		products RFID}
	machines}	23/0037	• {with elements being able to conduct light, e.g. light
21/40	by evacuating one or more of the mould parts		conducting fibers}
21/42	{; Vacuum machines}	23/0043	• {with gaskets or sealing elements, e.g. for
21/42	<ul> <li>by shaping on or against mandrels or like moulding surfaces</li> </ul>		tunnelings or man holes ( <u>B28B 21/563</u> takes
21/44		23/005	precedence)} (with anchoring or factoring elements for the
21/44	<ul><li>by projecting, e.g. spraying</li><li>by dipping</li></ul>	23/003	<ul> <li>{ with anchoring or fastening elements for the shaped articles}</li> </ul>
21/48	by wrapping, e.g. winding		support articles;
21/70	· · oj włapping, c.g. wilding		

23/0056	• {Means for inserting the elements into the mould or supporting them in the mould ( <u>B28B 23/022</u> takes precedence)}
23/0062	• {forcing the elements into the cast material, e.g.
23/0002	hooks into cast concrete}
23/0068	• {Embedding lost cores}
23/0075	• {for decorative purposes}
23/0081	• {Embedding aggregates to obtain particular
	properties}
23/0087	• • {Lightweight aggregates for making lightweight articles}
23/0093	• • {Heavy aggregates or scrap material for making heavy articles}
23/02	<ul> <li>wherein the elements are reinforcing members {(<u>B28B 23/0006</u> takes precedence)}</li> </ul>
23/022	• • {Means for inserting reinforcing members into the mould or for supporting them in the mould (inserting during extrusion B28B 3/2645)}
23/024	• • {Supporting means}
23/026	• • • • {Mould partitionning elements acting
	as supporting means in moulds, e.g. for elongated articles}
23/028	• • {for double - wall articles}
23/04	the elements being stressed
23/043	• • {Wire anchoring or tensioning means for the reinforcements}
23/046	• • {Post treatment to obtain pre-stressed articles}
23/06	for the production of elongated articles
23/10	• • • the shaping being effected by centrifugal or rotational moulding
23/12	to form prestressed circumferential reinforcements
23/14	by wrapping, e.g. winding, apparatus
23/16	Prestressed reinforcing nets
23/18	• • for the production of elongated articles
20,10	(B28B 23/06 takes precedence)
23/20	the shaping being effected by centrifugal or rotational moulding (B28B 23/10 takes precedence)
23/22	assembled from preformed parts