# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

### B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING

(NOTES omitted)

### **TRANSPORTING**

**B60** VEHICLES IN GENERAL

(NOTE omitted)

B60L PROPULSION OF ELECTRICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES (arrangements or

mounting of electrical propulsion units or of plural diverse prime-movers for mutual or common propulsion in vehicles <u>B60K 1/00</u>, <u>B60K 6/20</u>; arrangements or mounting of electrical gearing in vehicles <u>B60K 17/12</u>, <u>B60K 17/14</u>; preventing wheel slip by reducing power in rail vehicles <u>B61C 15/08</u>; dynamo-electric machines <u>H02K</u>; control or regulation of electric motors <u>H02P</u>); **SUPPLYING ELECTRIC POWER FOR AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT OF ELECTRICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES** (electric coupling devices combined with mechanical couplings of vehicles <u>B60D 1/64</u>; electric heating for vehicles <u>B60H 1/00</u>); **ELECTRODYNAMIC BRAKE SYSTEMS FOR VEHICLES IN GENERAL** (control or regulation of electric motors <u>H02P</u>); **MAGNETIC SUSPENSION OR LEVITATION FOR VEHICLES; MONITORING OPERATING VARIABLES OF ELECTRICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES; ELECTRIC SAFETY DEVICES FOR ELECTRICALLY-PROPELLED VEHICLES** 

#### NOTES

1. This subclass, subject to the above references, covers:

Supplying electric power to auxiliary equipment of

- · feeding of power to auxiliary circuits;
- · current collectors; arrangements thereof on rail or road vehicles or on vehicles in general
- electrodynamic brake systems;
- · electric propulsion of vehicles; control and regulation therefor
- 2. In this subclass it is desirable to classify any "additional information" which is of interest for search.

### **WARNING**

1/00

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

3/00

Electric devices on electrically-propelled vehicles

	vehicles (circuit arrangements for charging batteries H02J 7/00)	2.32	for safety purposes; Monitoring operating variables, e.g. speed, deceleration or energy
1/003	• {to auxiliary motors, e.g. for pumps, compressors}		consumption (methods or circuit arrangements
1/006	• {to power outlets}		for monitoring or controlling batteries or fuel cells
1/02	to electric heating circuits		<u>B60L 58/00</u> )
1/04	fed by the power supply line	3/0007	• {Measures or means for preventing or attenuating
1/06	• • using only one supply		collisions}
1/08	Methods and devices for control or	3/0015	• • {Prevention of collisions}
1,00	regulation	3/0023	• {Detecting, eliminating, remedying or compensating
1/10 1/12	<ul> <li>with provision for using different supplies</li> <li>Methods and devices for control or</li> </ul>		for drive train abnormalities, e.g. failures within the drive train}
1,12	regulation	3/003	• • {relating to inverters}
1/14	to electric lighting circuits	3/0038	• • {relating to sensors}
1/16 1/20	fed by the power supply line     {Energy regeneration from auxiliary equipment}	3/0046	• • {relating to electric energy storage systems, e.g. batteries or capacitors}
1/20	• (Energy regeneration from auxiliary equipment)	3/0053	• • {relating to fuel cells}
		3/0061	• • {relating to electrical machines}
		3/0069	• • {relating to the isolation, e.g. ground fault or leak current}
		3/0076	• • {relating to braking}

3/0084	• • {relating to control modules}	5/42	• for collecting current from individual contact pieces
3/0092	<ul><li> { relating to control modules }</li><li> { with use of redundant elements for safety</li></ul>	3/42	connected to the power supply line
3/0072	purposes}	<b>=</b> /00	
3/02	Dead-man's devices	7/00	Electrodynamic brake systems for vehicles in general
3/04	<ul> <li>Cutting off the power supply under fault conditions</li> </ul>	7/003	• {Dynamic electric braking by short circuiting the
	(protective devices and circuit arrangements in	77003	motor}
2/06	general <u>H01H</u> ; <u>H02H</u> )	7/006	• {Dynamic electric braking by reversing current, i.e.
3/06	Limiting the traction current under mechanical overload conditions		plugging}
3/08	Means for preventing excessive speed of the vehicle	7/02	• Dynamic electric resistor braking ( <u>B60L 7/22</u> takes
3/10	<ul> <li>Indicating wheel slip {; Correction of wheel slip}</li> </ul>		precedence)
3/102	• • {of individual wheels}	7/04	for vehicles propelled by dc motors
3/104	• • {by indirect measurement of vehicle speed}	7/06	• for vehicles propelled by ac motors
3/106	• • {for maintaining or recovering the adhesion of the drive wheels}	7/08	• Controlling the braking effect ( <u>B60L 7/04</u> , <u>B60L 7/06</u> take precedence)
3/108	• • {whilst braking, i.e. ABS}	7/10	• Dynamic electric regenerative braking ( <u>B60L 7/22</u>
3/12	• Recording operating variables {; Monitoring of	7/10	takes precedence)
-,	operating variables}	7/12	for vehicles propelled by dc motors
<i>51</i> 00		7/14 7/16	<ul><li>for vehicles propelled by ac motors</li><li>for vehicles comprising converters between the</li></ul>
5/00	Current collectors for power supply lines of electrically-propelled vehicles (current collectors in	//10	power source and the motor
	general H01R 41/00)	7/18	• Controlling the braking effect (B60L 7/12,
5/005	• {without mechanical contact between the collector	7/10	<u>B60L 7/14, B60L 7/16</u> take precedence)
	and the power supply line}	7/20	Braking by supplying regenerated power to the
5/02	<ul> <li>with ice-removing device</li> </ul>		prime mover of vehicles comprising engine-driven
5/04	<ul> <li>using rollers or sliding shoes in contact with trolley</li> </ul>		generators
	wire (B60L 5/40 takes precedence)	7/22	Dynamic electric resistor braking, combined with
5/045	• • {with trolley wire finders}	7./0.4	dynamic electric regenerative braking
5/06	Structure of the rollers or their carrying means	7/24	with additional mechanical or electromagnetic
5/08	• • Structure of the sliding shoes or their carrying	7/26	<ul><li>braking</li><li>Controlling the braking effect</li></ul>
5/005	means	7/28	Eddy-current braking
5/085 5/10	<ul><li> {with carbon contact members}</li><li>. Devices preventing the collector from jumping</li></ul>		•
3/10	off	8/00	Electric propulsion with power supply from forces of nature, e.g. sun or wind
5/12	Structural features of poles or their bases	8/003	• {Converting light into electric energy, e.g. by using
5/14	Devices for automatic lowering of a jumped-off	0/003	photo-voltaic systems}
	collector	8/006	• {Converting flow of air into electric energy, e.g. by
5/16	Devices for lifting and resetting the collector		using wind turbines}
<i>5</i> /10	(B60L 5/34 takes precedence)	9/00	
5/18	<ul> <li>using bow-type collectors in contact with trolley</li> </ul>		Flectric propulsion with power supply external to
	wire	2700	Electric propulsion with power supply external to the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles,
5/19	wire . using arrangements for effecting collector	2700	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> ;
5/19		2100	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> ; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the
	using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion		the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> ; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle <u>B60L 50/53</u> )
5/20	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> </ul>	9/005	<ul> <li>the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u>; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle <u>B60L 50/53</u>)</li> <li>{Interference suppression}</li> </ul>
5/20 5/205	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02	<ul> <li>the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)</li> <li>{Interference suppression}</li> <li>using dc motors</li> </ul>
5/20 5/205 5/22	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> ; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle <u>B60L 50/53</u> )  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> ; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle <u>B60L 50/53</u> )  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • with conversion by metadyne
5/20 5/205 5/22	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • • with conversion by metadyne  • fed from ac supply lines
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • with conversion by metadyne  • fed from ac supply lines  • with rotary converters
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • with conversion by metadyne  • fed from ac supply lines  • with rotary converters  • with static converters
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  {Interference suppression}  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  with static converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  { Interference suppression}  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  with static converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  using ac induction motors
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  {Interference suppression}  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  with static converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines
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5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32 5/34	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another one using the same power supply line</li> <li>with means for collecting current simultaneously from more than one conductor, e.g. from more than</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14 9/16 9/18 9/20	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • with conversion by metadyne  • fed from ac supply lines  • with rotary converters  • with static converters  • fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  • using ac induction motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • single-phase motors  • polyphase motors  • fed from ac supply lines
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32 5/34	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another one using the same power supply line</li> <li>with means for collecting current simultaneously from more than one conductor, e.g. from more than one phase</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14 9/16 9/18 9/20 9/22	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  • {Interference suppression}  • using dc motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • with conversion by metadyne  • fed from ac supply lines  • with rotary converters  • with static converters  • fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  • using ac induction motors  • fed from dc supply lines  • single-phase motors  • polyphase motors
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32 5/34	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another one using the same power supply line</li> <li>with means for collecting current simultaneously from more than one conductor, e.g. from more than one phase</li> <li>for collecting current from conductor rails</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14 9/16 9/18 9/20 9/22 9/24 9/26 9/28	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  { Interference suppression }  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  with static converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  using ac induction motors  fed from dc supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  polyphase motors  polyphase motors
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32 5/34 5/36	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another one using the same power supply line</li> <li>with means for collecting current simultaneously from more than one conductor, e.g. from more than one phase</li> <li>for collecting current from conductor rails (B60L 5/40 takes precedence)</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14 9/16 9/18 9/20 9/22 9/24 9/26 9/28 9/30	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  { Interference suppression }  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  using ac induction motors  fed from dc supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines
5/20 5/205 5/22 5/24 5/26 5/28 5/30 5/32 5/34 5/36	<ul> <li>using arrangements for effecting collector movement transverse to the direction of vehicle motion</li> <li>Details of contact bow</li> <li>{with carbon contact members}</li> <li>Supporting means for the contact bow</li> <li>Pantographs</li> <li>Half pantographs, e.g. using counter rocking beams</li> <li>Devices for lifting and resetting the collector</li> <li>using springs</li> <li>using fluid pressure</li> <li>with devices to enable one vehicle to pass another one using the same power supply line</li> <li>with means for collecting current simultaneously from more than one conductor, e.g. from more than one phase</li> <li>for collecting current from conductor rails</li> </ul>	9/005 9/02 9/04 9/06 9/08 9/10 9/12 9/14 9/16 9/18 9/20 9/22 9/24 9/26 9/28	the vehicle (electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways B60L 13/00; in combination with batteries or fuel cells within the vehicle B60L 50/53)  { Interference suppression }  using dc motors  fed from dc supply lines  with conversion by metadyne  fed from ac supply lines  with rotary converters  with static converters  fed from different kinds of power-supply lines  using ac induction motors  fed from dc supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  fed from ac supply lines  single-phase motors  polyphase motors  polyphase motors

13/00	Electric propulsion for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways; Magnetic	15/24	• • with main controller driven by a servomotor (B60L 15/28 takes precedence)
	<b>suspension or levitation for vehicles</b> ({tracks for Maglev-type trains <u>E01B 25/30;</u> } electromagnets <u>per</u>	15/26	• • with main controller driven through a ratchet mechanism ( <u>B60L 15/28</u> takes precedence)
12/002	se H01F 7/06; linear motors per se H02K 41/00)	15/28	• • without contact making and breaking, e.g. using a
13/003	• {Crossings; Points}	15/20	transductor
13/006	<ul> <li>{Electric propulsion adapted for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways (<u>B60L 13/03</u></li> </ul>	15/30	• with means to change over to human control
	takes precedence)}	15/32	<ul> <li>Control or regulation of multiple-unit electrically- propelled vehicles</li> </ul>
13/03	Electric propulsion by linear motors	15/34	<ul> <li>with human control of a setting device</li> </ul>
13/035	• • {Suspension of the vehicle-borne motorparts}	15/36	with automatic control superimposed, e.g. to
13/04	Magnetic suspension or levitation for vehicles	10,00	prevent excessive motor current
13/06	Means to sense or control vehicle position or	15/38	with automatic control
	attitude with respect to railway	15/40	Adaptation of control equipment on vehicle for
13/08	• • • for the lateral position		remote actuation from a stationary place (devices
13/10	<ul> <li>Combination of electric propulsion and magnetic</li> </ul>		along the route for controlling devices on rail
	suspension or levitation		vehicles <u>B61L 3/00</u> ; central rail-traffic control
15/00	Methods, circuits, or devices for controlling the		systems <u>B61L 27/00</u> )
20,00	traction-motor speed of electrically-propelled	15/42	• Adaptation of control equipment on vehicle for
	vehicles		actuation from alternative parts of the vehicle or from alternative vehicles of the same vehicle train
15/002	• {for control of propulsion for monorail vehicles,		( <u>B60L 15/32</u> takes precedence)
	suspension vehicles or rack railways; for control of		
	magnetic suspension or levitation for vehicles for	50/00	Electric propulsion with power supplied within
15/005	propulsion purposes}		the vehicle (with power supply from force of nature,
15/005	• • (for control of propulsion for vehicles propelled		e.g. sun or wind, <u>B60L 8/00</u> ; for monorail vehicles, suspension vehicles or rack railways <u>B60L 13/00</u> )
15/007	by linear motors} • {Physical arrangements or structures of drive train	50/10	<ul> <li>using propulsion power supplied by engine-driven</li> </ul>
13/007	converters specially adapted for the propulsion motors of electric vehicles}	30/10	generators, e.g. generators driven by combustion engines
15/02	• characterised by the form of the current used in the	50/11	using DC generators and DC motors
13/02	control circuit	50/12	using AC generators and DC motors
15/025	• • {using field orientation; Vector control; Direct	50/13	using AC generators and AC motors
	Torque Control [DTC]}	50/14	using DC generators and AC motors
15/04	using dc	50/15	• • with additional electric power supply (with
15/06 15/08	<ul><li>using substantially sinusoidal ac</li><li>using pulses</li></ul>		capacitors charged by engine-driven generators <u>B60L 50/40</u> ; with batteries charged by engine-
15/10	for automatic control superimposed on human		driven generators <u>B60L 50/61</u> )
	control to limit the acceleration of the vehicle, e.g.	50/16	• with provision for separate direct mechanical
	to prevent excessive motor current (electric devices		propulsion
	for safety purposes <u>B60L 3/00</u> )	50/20	• using propulsion power generated by humans or
15/12	• with circuits controlled by relays or contactors	50/20	animals
15/14	with main controller driven by a servomotor (B60L 15/18 takes precedence)	50/30	<ul> <li>using propulsion power stored mechanically, e.g. in fly-wheels</li> </ul>
15/16	with main controller driven through a ratchet	50/40	<ul> <li>using propulsion power supplied by capacitors</li> </ul>
	mechanism ( <u>B60L 15/18</u> takes precedence)	50/50	<ul> <li>using propulsion power supplied by batteries or fuel</li> </ul>
15/18	without contact making and breaking, e.g. using a		cells
	transductor	50/51	characterised by AC-motors
15/20	<ul> <li>for control of the vehicle or its driving motor to</li> </ul>	50/52	characterised by DC-motors
	achieve a desired performance, e.g. speed, torque,	50/53	• in combination with an external power supply,
15/2000	programmed variation of speed	50/60	e.g. from overhead contact lines
15/2009 15/2018	<ul><li>. {for braking}</li><li> {for braking on a slope}</li></ul>	50/60	• using power supplied by batteries (in combination with fuel cells <u>B60L 50/75</u> )
15/2018	{whilst maintaining constant speed}	50/61	by batteries charged by engine-driven
15/2036	• • {Electric differentials, e.g. for supporting steering	30/01	generators, e.g. series hybrid electric vehicles
13/2030	vehicles}	50/62	charged by low-power generators primarily
15/2045	• • {for optimising the use of energy}		intended to support the batteries, e.g. range
15/2054	<ul> <li>(tot openhaning are use of energy)</li> <li>(by controlling transmissions or clutches)</li> </ul>		extenders
15/2063	• · {for creeping}	50/64	Constructional details of batteries specially
15/2072	• • {for drive off}		adapted for electric vehicles
15/2081	• • · {for drive off on a slope}		<u>NOTE</u>
15/209	• • {for overtaking}		This group <u>covers</u> adaptation of battery
15/22	• • with sequential operation of interdependent		structures of electric vehicles, e.g.
	switches, e.g. relays, contactors, programme drum		integration into control or safety systems,

## **B60L**

B60L 50/64 (continued)	crash-resistant casings or vibration-damping	53/37	• • • using optical position determination, e.g. using
(continued)	means.	53/38	cameras specially adapted for charging by inductive
50/66	• • {Arrangements of batteries}	33/36	energy transfer
50/70	• using power supplied by fuel cells (in combination with batteries <u>B60L 50/75</u> )	53/39	with position-responsive activation of primary coils
50/71	• • • Arrangement of fuel cells within vehicles specially adapted for electric vehicles	53/50	. Charging stations characterised by energy-storage or
50/72	Constructional details of fuel cells specially	52/51	power-generation means
	adapted for electric vehicles	53/51	. Photovoltaic means
	NOTE	53/52 53/53	<ul><li>. Wind-driven generators</li><li>. Batteries</li></ul>
		53/54	Fuel cells
	This group <u>covers</u> adaptation of fuel	53/54	Capacitors
	cell structures of electric vehicles, e.g. integration into control or safety systems,	53/56	Capacitors     Mechanical storage means, e.g. fly wheels
	crash-resistant casings or vibration-damping	53/57	Charging stations without connection to power
	means.	33/37	networks
		53/60	Monitoring or controlling charging stations
50/75	<ul> <li>using propulsion power supplied by both fuel cells and batteries</li> </ul>	53/62	in response to charging parameters, e.g. current, voltage or electrical charge
50/90	<ul> <li>using propulsion power supplied by specific means</li> </ul>	53/63	in response to network capacity
	not covered by groups <u>B60L 50/10</u> - <u>B60L 50/50</u> ,	53/64	Optimising energy costs, e.g. responding to
	e.g. by direct conversion of thermal nuclear energy into electricity		electricity rates
<b>53</b> /00	•	53/65	involving identification of vehicles or their
53/00	Methods of charging batteries, specially adapted for electric vehicles; Charging stations or on-board	52/66	battery types
	charging equipment therefor; Exchange of energy	53/66	Data transfer between charging stations and vehicles
	storage elements in electric vehicles	53/665	• • • {Methods related to measuring, billing or
53/10	<ul> <li>characterised by the energy transfer between the</li> </ul>		payment}
	charging station and the vehicle	53/67	Controlling two or more charging stations
53/11	• • {DC charging controlled by the charging station,	53/68	Off-site monitoring or control, e.g. remote control
50/10	e.g. mode 4}	53/80	<ul> <li>Exchanging energy storage elements, e.g.</li> </ul>
53/12	. Inductive energy transfer		removable batteries
53/122	coil, e.g. supplying electric power to the coil	55/00	Arrangements for supplying energy stored within a vehicle to a power network, i.e. vehicle-to-grid
53/124 53/126	<ul><li> Detection or removal of foreign bodies</li><li> Methods for pairing a vehicle and a charging</li></ul>		[V2G] arrangements
	station, e.g. establishing a one-to-one relation between a wireless power transmitter and a wireless power receiver	58/00	Methods or circuit arrangements for monitoring or controlling batteries or fuel cells, specially adapted for electric vehicles
53/14	Conductive energy transfer		NOTE
53/16	Connectors, e.g. plugs or sockets, specially		
53/18	adapted for charging electric vehicles  Cables specially adapted for charging electric		This group <u>covers</u> the monitoring of the operating state of batteries or fuel cells in combination
	vehicles		with controlling the propulsion in response to the detected variables of the state.
53/20	. characterised by converters located in the vehicle		detected variables of the state.
53/22	Constructional details or arrangements of charging converters specially adapted for	58/10	<ul> <li>for monitoring or controlling batteries</li> </ul>
	charging electric vehicles	58/12	<ul> <li>responding to state of charge [SoC]</li> </ul>
53/24	Using the vehicle's propulsion converter for	58/13	Maintaining the SoC within a determined range
	charging	58/14	Preventing excessive discharging
53/30	Constructional details of charging stations	58/15	Preventing overcharging
53/302	Cooling of charging equipment	58/16	• responding to battery ageing, e.g. to the number
53/305	• • {Communication interfaces}	<b>5</b> 0/10	of charging cycles or the state of health [SoH]
53/31	Charging columns specially adapted for electric	58/18 58/19	<ul><li>. of two or more battery modules</li><li> Switching between serial connection and</li></ul>
53/32	vehicles  • {by charging in short intervals along the itinerary,		parallel connection of battery modules
	e.g. during short stops}	58/20	having different nominal voltages
53/34	Plug-like or socket-like devices specially adapted	58/21 58/22	having the same nominal voltage
	for contactless inductive charging of electric	58/22 58/24	Balancing the charge of battery modules
	vehicles (positioning means for charging devices	58/24 58/25	for controlling the temperature of batteries  by controlling the electric lead.
50/05	using inductive energy transfer <u>B60L 53/38</u> )	58/25 58/26	by cooling
53/35	<ul> <li>Means for automatic or assisted adjustment of the relative position of charging devices and vehicles</li> </ul>	58/26 58/27	<ul><li> by cooling</li><li> by heating</li></ul>
53/36	<ul> <li>by positioning the vehicle</li> </ul>	58/30	<ul> <li>for monitoring or controlling fuel cells</li> </ul>
55/50	· · · oy positioning the ventere	30/30	monitoring of conditing ratio cons

58/31	for starting of fuel cells	2240/00	Control parameters of input or output; Target
58/32	for controlling the temperature of fuel cells, e.g.		parameters
	by controlling the electric load	2240/10	Vehicle control parameters
58/33	by cooling	2240/12	Speed
58/34	by heating	2240/14	Acceleration
58/40	for controlling a combination of batteries and fuel	2240/16	longitudinal
	cells	2240/18	lateral
2200/00	Type of vehicles	2240/20	angular
2200/10	. Air crafts	2240/22	Yaw angle
2200/10	Bikes	2240/24	Steering angle
2200/12	Vehicles with one wheel only	2240/26	Vehicle weight
2200/14	Single-axle vehicles	2240/28	Door position
2200/18	Buses	2240/30	• Parking brake position
2200/20	Vehicles specially adapted for children, e.g. toy	2240/32	. Driving direction
	vehicles	2240/34	. Cabin temperature
2200/22	• Microcars, e.g. golf cars	2240/36	Temperature of vehicle components or parts
2200/24	Personal mobility vehicles	2240/40	Drive Train control parameters
2200/26	Rail vehicles	2240/42	related to electric machines
2200/28	• Trailers	2240/421	Speed
2200/30	• Trolleys	2240/423	Torque
2200/32	Waterborne vessels	2240/425	Temperature
2200/34	Wheel chairs	2240/427	· · · Voltage
2200/36	Vehicles designed to transport cargo, e.g. trucks	2240/429	Current
2200/40	• Working vehicles	2240/44	related to combustion engines
2200/42	Fork lift trucks	2240/441	Speed
2200/44	Industrial trucks or floor conveyors	2240/443	Torque
2200/46	• Vehicles with auxiliary ad-on propulsions, e.g. add-	2240/445	Temperature
	on electric motor kits for bicycles	2240/46	related to wheels
	•	2240/461	Speed
2210/00	Converter types	2240/463	Torque
2210/10	• DC to DC converters	2240/465	Slip
2210/12	Buck converters	2240/48	related to transmissions
2210/14	Boost converters	2240/485	Temperature
2210/20	• AC to AC converters	2240/486	Operating parameters
2210/22	• • without intermediate conversion to DC	2240/50	• related to clutches
2210/30	. AC to DC converters	2240/507	Operating parameters
2210/40	• DC to AC converters	2240/52	related to converters
2210/42	Voltage source inverters	2240/525	Temperature of converter or components thereof
2210/44	Current source inverters	2240/526	Operating parameters
2210/46	• • with more than three phases	2240/527	Voltage
2220/00	Electrical machine types; Structures or	2240/527	Current
	applications thereof	2240/54	related to batteries
2220/10	Electrical machine types	2240/545	Temperature
2220/12	Induction machines	2240/547	Voltage
2220/14	Synchronous machines	2240/549	Current
2220/16	DC brushless machines	2240/549	Navigation input
2220/18	Reluctance machines	2240/62	. Vehicle position
2220/20	DC electrical machines	2240/622	by satellite navigation
2220/30	Universal machines	2240/625	by GSM
2220/40	Electrical machine applications	2240/627	by WLAN
2220/42	with use of more than one motor	2240/64	Road conditions
2220/44	• • Wheel Hub motors, i.e. integrated in the wheel	2240/642	Slope of road
	hub	2240/645	Type of road
2220/46	Wheel motors, i.e. motor connected to only one	2240/647	Surface situation of road, e.g. type of paving
	wheel	2240/66	Ambient conditions
2220/50	Structural details of electrical machines	2240/662	Temperature
2220/52	Clutch motors	2240/665	Light intensity
2220/54	Windings for different functions	2240/667	Precipitation
2220/56	with switched windings	2240/68	Traffic data
2220/58	with more than three phases	2. 00	

2240/70	. Interactions with external data bases, e.g. traffic
	centres
2240/72	Charging station selection relying on external
22.40.400	data
2240/80	. Time limits
2250/00	Driver interactions
2250/10	• by alarm
2250/12	• by confirmation, e.g. of the input
2250/14	by input of vehicle departure time
2250/16	• by display
2250/18	• by enquiring driving style
2250/20	by driver identification
2250/22 2250/24	by presence detection     by lever actuation
2250/24	by pedal actuation
2250/28	Accelerator pedal thresholds
2250/30	• by voice
22(0/00	
2260/00	Operating Modes
2260/10 2260/12	Temporary overload     of combustion engines
2260/12	of transmissions
2260/14	of electrical drive trains
2260/162	of electrical cells or capacitors
2260/165	of converters
2260/167	of motors or generators
2260/20	Drive modes; Transition between modes
2260/22	Standstill, e.g. zero speed
2260/24	Coasting mode
2260/26	Transition between different drive modes
2260/28	Four wheel or all wheel drive
2260/30	Engine braking emulation
2260/32	Auto pilot mode
2260/34	Stabilising upright position of vehicles, e.g. of single axle vehicles
2260/40	Control modes
2260/42	by adaptive correction
2260/44	• by parameter estimation
2260/46	by self learning
2260/48	• • by fuzzy logic
2260/50	by future state prediction
2260/52	drive range estimation, e.g. of estimation of
2260/54	available travel distance
2260/54 2260/56	Energy consumption estimation
2200/30	
2260/58	Temperature prediction, e.g. for pre-cooling
2260/58	Departure time prediction
2260/58 <b>2270/00</b>	Problem solutions or means not otherwise
2270/00	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for
<b>2270/00</b> 2270/10	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for Emission reduction
<b>2270/00</b> 2270/10 2270/12	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for Emission reduction of exhaust
<b>2270/00</b> 2270/10	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for Emission reduction
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14	<ul> <li>Departure time prediction</li> <li>Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for</li> <li>Emission reduction</li> <li>of exhaust</li> <li>of noise</li> </ul>
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/142	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for Emission reduction of exhaust of noise accounting
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/142 2270/145	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for  Emission reduction  of exhaust  acoustic  Structure borne vibrations
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/142 2270/145 2270/147	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for  Emission reduction  of exhaust  of noise  structure borne vibrations  electro magnetic [EMI]  Inrush current reduction, i.e. avoiding high currents when connecting the battery
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/142 2270/145 2270/147 2270/20 2270/30	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for Emission reduction of exhaust of noise of acoustic of Structure borne vibrations of electro magnetic [EMI] Inrush current reduction, i.e. avoiding high currents when connecting the battery Preventing theft during charging
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/145 2270/147 2270/20 2270/30 2270/32	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for  Emission reduction  of exhaust  of noise  structure borne vibrations  electro magnetic [EMI]  Inrush current reduction, i.e. avoiding high currents when connecting the battery  Preventing theft during charging  of electricity
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/145 2270/147 2270/20 2270/30 2270/32 2270/34	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for  Emission reduction  of exhaust  of noise  selectro magnetic [EMI]  Inrush current reduction, i.e. avoiding high currents when connecting the battery  Preventing theft during charging  of electricity  of parts
2270/00 2270/10 2270/12 2270/14 2270/145 2270/147 2270/20 2270/30 2270/32	Problem solutions or means not otherwise provided for  Emission reduction  of exhaust  of noise  structure borne vibrations  electro magnetic [EMI]  Inrush current reduction, i.e. avoiding high currents when connecting the battery  Preventing theft during charging  of electricity

related to technical updates when adding new parts or software
 Means to improve acoustic vehicle detection by humans
 Heat storages, e.g. for cabin heating
 Heat pumps, e.g. for cabin heating