CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

D TEXTILES; PAPER

TEXTILES OR FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06 TREATMENT OF TEXTILES OR THE LIKE; LAUNDERING; FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06M TREATMENT, NOT PROVIDED FOR ELSEWHERE IN CLASS <u>D06</u>, OF FIBRES, THREADS, YARNS, FABRICS, FEATHERS OR FIBROUS GOODS MADE FROM SUCH MATERIALS

NOTES

- 1. In each of the groups D06M 11/00 D06M 15/00, the last place priority rule is applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, a substance is classified in the last appropriate place.
- 2. In this subclass:
 - a. within each one of main groups D06M 11/00 D06M 15/00, a mixture of substances is classified at least according to the essential ingredient. If more than one ingredient is essential, the mixture is classified, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, according to the essential ingredient which belongs to the last appropriate place in the sequence of substance;
 - b. treatment by mixtures of substances covered by two or more of main groups <u>D06M 11/00</u> <u>D06M 15/00</u> is classified in each appropriate main group.
- 3. In this subclass, the treatment of textiles, not provided for elsewhere in class <u>D06</u>, is classified according to the following principles:
 - a. treatment of textiles characterised by the treating agent in groups <u>D06M 11/00</u> <u>D06M 16/00</u>;
 - b. treatment of textiles characterised by the process in group $\underline{D06M \ 23/00}$.
- 4. Attention is drawn to Note (3) after the title of section <u>C</u>, which Note indicates to which version of the Periodic Table of chemical elements the CPC refers.

WARNING

{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

7/00 7/005	{Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made of other substances with subsequent freeing of the treated goods from the treating medium, e.g. swelling, e.g. polyolefins (D06M 10/00) takes precedence; treating fibres or filaments made of glass, mineral -, or slag wool <u>C03C</u> ; carbon fibres <u>D01F 11/10</u>)} . {made of asbestos}	10/04 10/06 10/08 10/10	 Physical treatment combined with treatment with chemical compounds or elements (graft polymerisation using wave energy or particle radiation <u>D06M 14/18</u> {; treatment with radioactive elements <u>D06M 10/008</u>}) Inorganic compounds or elements Organic compounds Macromolecular compounds
10/00	Physical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. ultrasonic, corona discharge, irradiation, electric currents, or magnetic fields; Physical treatment combined with treatment with chemical compounds or elements	11/00	Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials, with inorganic substances or complexes thereof; Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment, e.g. mercerising (D06M 10/00 takes precedence) NOTES
10/001 10/003 10/005 10/006 10/008 10/02 10/025	 {Treatment with visible light, infrared or ultraviolet, X-rays} {Treatment with radio-waves or microwaves} {Laser beam treatment} {Ultra-high-frequency heating} {Treatment with radioactive elements or with neutrons, alpha, beta or gamma rays} ultrasonic or sonic; Corona discharge {Corona discharge or low temperature plasma} 		 If a compound used in the treatment is characterised by its cation, it is classified in group <u>D06M 11/00</u>; metallisation by treatment with a metal salt, followed by reduction, is classified in group <u>D06M 11/83</u>. In this group, the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with

barium sulfate can mean treatment with barium

D06M 11/00

D06M 11/00	
(continued)	chloride and with sulfuric acid in two separate
	steps
11/01	• with hydrogen, water or heavy water; with
11/01	hydrides of metals or complexes thereof; with
	boranes, diboranes, silanes, disilanes, phosphines,
	diphosphines, stibines, distibines, arsines, or
	diarsines or complexes thereof
11/05	-
	• with water, e.g. steam; with heavy water
11/07	• with halogens; with halogen acids or salts thereof;
11/00	with oxides or oxyacids of halogens or salts thereof
11/09	• • with free halogens or interhalogen compounds
11/11	• • with halogen acids or salts thereof
11/13	Ammonium halides or halides of elements of
11/155	Groups 1 or 11 of the Periodic Table
11/155	• • • Halides of elements of Groups 2 or 12 of the
	Periodic Table
11/17	Halides of elements of Groups 3 or 13 of the
	Periodic Table
11/20	Halides of elements of Groups 4 or 14 of the
	Periodic Table, e.g. zirconyl chloride
11/22	Halides of elements of Groups 5 or 15 of the
	Periodic Table
11/24	Halides of elements of Groups 6 or 16 of the
	Periodic Table, e.g. chromyl chloride
11/26	Halides of elements of Groups 7 of the Periodic
	Table (interhalogen compounds D06M 11/09)
11/28	Halides of elements of Groups 8, 9, 10 or 18 of
	the Periodic Table
11/30	• • with oxides of halogens, oxyacids of halogens or
	their salts, e.g. with perchlorates
11/32	• with oxygen, ozone, ozonides, oxides, hydroxides
	or percompounds; Salts derived from anions with
	an amphoteric element-oxygen bond (with water or
	heavy water D06M 11/05; with oxides or oxyacids
	of halogens <u>D06M 11/30</u>)
11/34	• • with oxygen, ozone or ozonides
11/36	• • with oxides, hydroxides or mixed oxides; with
	salts derived from anions with an amphoteric
	element-oxygen bond
11/38	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 1
	or 11 of the Periodic Table
11/385	• • • {Saponification of cellulose-acetate}
11/40	combined with, or in absence of, mechanical
	tension, e.g. slack mercerising
11/42	Oxides or hydroxides of copper, silver or
	gold
11/44	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 2
	or 12 of the Periodic Table; Zincates; Cadmates
11/45	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 3
	or 13 of the Periodic Table; Aluminates
11/46	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups
	4 or 14 of the Periodic Table; Titanates;
	Zirconates; Stannates; Plumbates
11/47	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups
	5 or 15 of the Periodic Table; Vanadates;
	Niobates; Tantalates; Arsenates; Antimonates;
	Bismuthates
11/48	Oxides or hydroxides of chromium,
	molybdenum or tungsten; Chromates;
	Dichromates; Molybdates; Tungstates
11/485	• • • • {Oxides or hydroxides of manganese;
	Manganates (permanganates D06M 11/50)}

11/49	•••	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 8, 9,10 or 18 of the Periodic Table; Ferrates;
		Cobaltates; Nickelates; Ruthenates; Osmates;
		Rhodates; Iridates; Palladates; Platinates

- with hydrogen peroxide or peroxides of metals; with persulfuric, permanganic, pernitric, percarbonic acids or their salts
- 11/51 with sulfur, selenium, tellurium, polonium or compounds thereof (with persulfuric acids or their salts <u>D06M 11/50</u>)
- 11/52 . . with selenium, tellurium, polonium or their compounds; with sulfur, dithionites or compounds containing sulfur and halogens, with or without oxygen; by sulfohalogenation with chlorosulfonic acid; by sulfohalogenation with a mixture of sulfur dioxide and free halogens
 11/53 . . with hydrogen sulfide or its salts; with
- 11/53 . with hydrogen sulfide or its salts; with polysulfides
 11/54 . with sulfur dioxide; with sulfurous acid or its salts
- 11/54 . . with sulful dioxide; with sulfulous acid of its saits (D06M 11/52 takes precedence) 11/55 . . with sulfur trioxide; with sulfuric acid or
 - 1/55 . . with sulfur trioxide; with sulfuric acid or thiosulfuric acid or their salts
- 11/56 . . . Sulfates or thiosulfates other than of elements of Groups 3 or 13 of the Periodic Table
 11/57 . . Sulfates or thiosulfates of elements of Groups 3
- 11/57 . . . Sulfates or thiosulfates of elements of Groups 3 or 13 of the Periodic Table, e.g. alums
 11/58 . with nitrogen or compounds thereof, e.g. with
- nitrides (with ammonium halides <u>D06M 11/13</u>) 11/59 . with ammonia; with complexes of organic amines
- 11/59 . With animonia, with complexes of organic animes with inorganic substances
 11/60 . . Ammonia as a gas or in solution
- 11/60
 ...

 Liquid ammonia
- 11/62 . . Complexes of metal oxides or complexes of metal salts with ammonia or with organic amines
- 11/63 with hydroxylamine or hydrazine
- 11/64 . . with nitrogen oxides; with oxyacids of nitrogen or their salts (with pernitric acids or their salts <u>D06M 11/50</u>)
- 11/65. . . Salts of oxyacids of nitrogen11/66. . with sulfamic acid or its salts
- with cyanogen or compounds thereof, e.g. with cyanhydric acid, cyanic acid, isocyanic acid, thiocyanic acid, isothiocyanic acid or their salts, or with cyanamides; with carbamic acid or its salts (with dicyanamides <u>D06M 13/432</u>)
- with phosphorus or compounds thereof, e.g. with chlorophosphonic acid or salts thereof (with phosphines or diphosphines <u>D06M 11/01</u>; with selenium or tellurium compounds <u>D06M 11/52</u>; with polyphosphazene or derivatives thereof <u>D06M 15/673</u>)
- 11/69 . . with phosphorus; with halides or oxyhalides of phosphorus; with chlorophosphonic acid or its salts
- 11/70 . . with oxides of phosphorus; with hypophosphorous, phosphorous or phosphoric acids or their salts
- 11/71 . . . Salts of phosphoric acids
- 11/72 . with metaphosphoric acids or their salts; with polyphosphoric acids or their salts; with perphosphoric acids or their salts
 11/72 mich acids are provided to the salts
- 11/73 with carbon or compounds thereof (<u>D06M 11/67</u> takes precedence)

11/74	• • with carbon or graphite; with carbides; with
	graphitic acids or their salts
11/75	• with phosgene; with compounds containing both carbon and sulfur, e.g. thiophosgene (with thiocyanic acid <u>D06M 11/67</u> ; with thiocarbamic acid <u>D06M 13/425</u> ; with thiourea <u>D06M 13/432</u>)
11/76	 with carbon oxides or carbonates (<u>D06M 11/75</u> takes precedence; with percarbonic acids or their salts <u>D06M 11/50</u>; with urea <u>D06M 13/432</u>)
11/77	 with silicon or compounds thereof (with silanes or disilanes <u>D06M 11/01</u>)
11/78	• with silicon; with halides or oxyhalides of silicon; with fluorosilicates
11/79	• • with silicon dioxide, silicic acids or their salts
11/80	 with boron or compounds thereof, e.g. borides (with boranes or diboranes <u>D06M 11/01</u>; with boron carbides <u>D06M 11/74</u>)
11/81	• • with boron; with boron halides; with fluoroborates
11/82	• with boron oxides; with boric, meta- or perboric acids or their salts, e.g. with borax
11/83	• with metals; with metal-generating compounds, e.g. metal carbonyls; Reduction of metal compounds on textiles
11/84	• combined with mechanical treatment (combined
	with mechanical tension, e.g. mercerising <u>D06M 11/40</u>)
13/00	Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials, with non- macromolecular organic compounds (<u>D06M 10/00</u> , <u>D06M 14/00</u> take precedence; treatment with
	complexes of organic amines with inorganic
	complexes of organic amines with inorganic substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment
	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u>
	<pre>substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated:</pre>
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an
	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which
	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with
	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which
13/005	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants}
13/02	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons
	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes
13/02 13/03 13/07	 substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u> In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes with halogenated hydrocarbons
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes {cycloaliphatic}
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes . Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Aldehydes; Ketones Polyaldehydes; Polyketones
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123 13/127	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes . Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones Polyaldehydes; Polyketones Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; Monoketones
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes . Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones Polyaldehydes; Polyketones Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde;

10/107	
13/137	• Acetals, e.g. formals, or ketals
13/144	• Alcohols; Metal alcoholates (<u>D06M 13/11</u> takes
12/140	precedence)
13/148	• • Polyalcohols, e.g. glycerol {or glucose}
13/152	• having a hydroxy group bound to a carbon atom of a six-membered aromatic ring
12/150	
13/156	• • • containing halogen atoms
13/165	• Ethers (<u>D06M 13/11</u> takes precedence)
13/17	• • Polyoxyalkyleneglycol ethers
13/175	Unsaturated ethers, e.g. vinylethers
13/184	• Carboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or salts
12/10/15	thereof
13/1845	{Aromatic mono- or polycarboxylic acids}
13/188	 Monocarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof {(<u>D06M 13/1845</u> takes precedence)}
13/192	• • Polycarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides
13/172	or salts thereof {(<u>D06M 13/1845</u> takes precedence)}
13/196	• • Percarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or
	salts thereof
13/203	Unsaturated carboxylic acids; Anhydrides,
	halides or salts thereof
13/2035	• • • • {Aromatic acids}
13/207	Substituted carboxylic acids, e.g. by hydroxy
	or keto groups; Anhydrides, halides or salts
	thereof
13/21	Halogenated carboxylic acids; Anhydrides,
	halides or salts thereof
13/213	Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids;
	Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof
13/217	Polyoxyalkyleneglycol ethers with a terminal
	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts
10/004	thereof
13/224	• Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid
13/2243	• • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides}
13/2246	• • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids}
13/228	Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones
13/232	Organic carbonates
13/236	containing halogen atoms
13/238	Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids
13/244	• with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus
13/248	with compounds containing sulfur
13/252	Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or
	polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid;
12/250	Sulfonium compounds
13/256	 Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones}
13/262	• • • Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates}
13/262	Surfaced compounds { tinosurfaces } containing halogen atoms
13/263	Sulfones
13/208	
13/2/2	Onsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms
13/275	Vinylthioethers
13/273	Vinylsulfonium compounds; Vinylsulfone or
13/2/0	vinylsulfoxide compounds
13/282	• • with compounds containing phosphorus
13/285	Phosphines; Phosphine oxides; Phosphine
15/205	sulfides; Phosphinic or phosphinous acids or
	derivatives thereof
13/288	• • Phosphonic or phosphonous acids or
	derivatives thereof
13/29	containing halogen atoms

13/292	Mono-, di- or triesters of phosphoric or	13/44	containing nitrogen and phosphorus
12/205	phosphorous acids; Salts thereof	13/447	Phosphonates or phosphinates containing
13/295	containing polyglycol moieties; containing	10/150	nitrogen atoms
12/200	neopentyl moieties	13/453	• • Phosphates or phosphites containing nitrogen
13/298 13/313	 containing halogen atoms Unsaturated compounds containing phosphorus 	12/46	atoms
15/515	atoms, e.g. vinylphosphonium compounds	13/46	 Compounds containing quaternary nitrogen atoms (hydrazinium compounds <u>D06M 13/338;</u>
13/322	 with compounds containing nitrogen 		betaines, sulfo-betaines D06M 13/342)
13/325	Amines	13/461	• • • {Quaternised amin-amides from polyamines or
13/3255	• • {Vinylamine; Allylamine}	12/162	heterocyclic compounds or polyamino-acids}
13/328	• • • the amino group being bound to an acyclic or	13/463	derived from monoamines
	cycloaliphatic carbon atom	13/467	derived from polyamines
13/33	containing halogen atoms	13/47	derived from heterocyclic compounds
13/332	Di- or polyamines	13/473	having five-membered heterocyclic rings
13/335	• • • having an amino group bound to a carbon atom	13/477	having six-membered heterocyclic rings
12/220	of a six-membered aromatic ring	13/48	• containing the ethylene imine ring
13/338	Organic hydrazines; Hydrazinium compounds	13/487	• Aziridinylphosphines; Aziridinylphosphine-
13/342	Amino-carboxylic acids; Betaines;		oxides or sulfides; Carbonylaziridinyl or carbonylbisaziridinyl compounds;
12/245	Aminosulfonic acids; Sulfo-betaines		Sulfonylaziridinyl or sulfonylbisaziridinyl
13/345	Nitriles		compounds
13/348	• • unsaturated, e.g. acrylonitrile	13/493	• • • perfluorinated
13/35	• Heterocyclic compounds	13/50	 with organometallic compounds; with organic
13/352	having five-membered heterocyclic rings	15/50	compounds containing boron, silicon, selenium or
13/355	• • • having six-membered heterocyclic rings		tellurium atoms
13/358	Triazines	13/503	• • without bond between a carbon atom and a metal
13/364	Cyanuric acid; Isocyanuric acid;		or a boron, silicon, selenium or tellurium atom
13/368	Derivatives thereof • Hydroxyalkylamines; Derivatives thereof, e.g.	13/507	Organic silicon compounds without carbon- silicon bond
	Kritchevsky bases	13/51	• Compounds with at least one carbon-metal or
13/372	 containing etherified or esterified hydroxy groups {; Polyethers of low molecular weight} 	10/01	carbon-boron, carbon-silicon, carbon-selenium, or carbon-tellurium bond
13/376	Oximes	13/513	• • • with at least one carbon-silicon bond
13/382	Aminoaldehydes	13/5135	• • • {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon
13/385	• • containing epoxy groups	10/0100	atoms}
13/388	. Amine oxides	13/517	containing silicon-halogen bonds
13/392	Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds	13/52	• combined with mechanical treatment
13/395	. Isocyanates	13/522	• • {Fulling}
13/398	containing fluorine atoms	13/525	• Embossing; Calendering; Pressing
13/402	Amides {imides, sulfamic acids}	13/53	• Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised
13/405	Acylated polyalkylene polyamines		beds; with molten metals
13/408	Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids	13/535	Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing
13/41	Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic	14/00	Graft polymerisation of monomers containing
	acids, e.g. acrylamide		carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres,
13/412	N-methylolacrylamides		threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made
13/415	Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated		from such materials (on to unshaped polymers
	aromatic amines	14/02	$\frac{C08F 251/00}{C08F 292/00} - \frac{C08F 292/00}{C08F 292/00}$
13/418	Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid	14/02	 on to materials of natural origin (<u>D06M 14/18</u> takes precedence)
13/419	• • • Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or	14/04	• of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof
	esterified hydroxyalkyl groups	14/06	• • of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk
13/422	Hydrazides	14/08	• on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18
13/425	Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives		takes precedence)
	thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67)	14/10	• of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
13/428	containing fluorine atoms		unsaturated bonds
13/432	Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof,	14/12	• of macromolecular compounds obtained
	e.g. biurets; Urea-inclusion compounds;		otherwise than by reactions only involving
	Dicyanamides; {Carbodiimides;} Guanidines,	1 4 / 1 4	carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
	e.g. dicyandiamides	14/14	Polyesters
13/435	Semicarbazides	14/16	• • Polyamides
13/438	Sulfonamides {; Sulfamic acids}	14/18	• using wave energy or particle radiation

15/00	Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, with
14/36	• on to carbon fibres
14/34	Polyamides
14/32	• • • Polyesters
14/30	 of macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
14/28	• • • of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
14/26	• • on to materials of synthetic origin
14/24	• • • of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk
14/20 14/22	 on to materials of natural origin of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof
14/20	on to motorials of notional origin

fibrous goods made from such materials, with macromolecular compounds; Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment (D06M 10/00, D06M 14/00 take precedence; {treatment with inorganic polyphosphates D06M 11/72})

<u>NOTE</u>

In this group, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g.
 - a. treatment with polyvinylalcohol can mean treatment with polyvinylacetate and subsequent saponification in a separate step
 - b. treatment with aminoplast can mean the delayed cure process or the treatment with precondensation products, or with e.g. urea and with formaldehyde in two separate steps

15/01	• with natural macromolecular compounds or
	derivatives thereof (with natural rubber or
	derivatives thereof D06M 15/693)
15/03	• • Polysaccharides or derivatives thereof
15/035	• • • {Polymeric alcohol xanthates}
15/05	Cellulose or derivatives thereof
15/055	with the residual liquors derived of the
	sulfatic process for the preparation of
	cellulose
15/07	Cellulose esters
15/09	Cellulose ethers
15/11	Starch or derivatives thereof
15/13	Alginic acid or derivatives thereof
15/15	Proteins or derivatives thereof
15/155	• • • {Treatment in the presence of salts derived
	from amphoteric metal hydroxides}
15/17	Natural resins, resinous alcohols, resinous acids,
	or derivatives thereof
15/19	• with synthetic macromolecular compounds (with
	synthetic rubber D06M 15/693)
15/195	• • {sulfated or sulfonated}
15/21	Macromolecular compounds obtained by
	reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
	unsaturated bonds
15/227	of hydrocarbons, or reaction products thereof,
	e.g. afterhalogenated or sulfochlorinated
15/233	• • • aromatic, e.g. styrene
15/244	of halogenated hydrocarbons (afterhalogenated
	hydrocarbons D06M 15/227)

15/248	•	•	•	containing chlorine
15/252	•	•	•	containing bromine
15/256	•	•	•	containing fluorine
15/263	•	•	•	of unsaturated carboxylic acids; Salts or esters
15/267	_	_	_	thereof . of unsaturated carboxylic esters having
15/207	•	•	•	amino or quaternary ammonium groups
15/27	•	•	•	 of alkylpolyalkylene glycol esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids
15/273				 of unsaturated carboxylic acids of unsaturated carboxylic esters having
13/273	•	•	•	epoxy groups
15/2735	•	•	•	• • {of unsaturated carboxylic esters having
				mercapto groups}
15/277				containing fluorine
15/285				of unsaturated carboxylic acid amides or imides
15/29	•	•	•	 containing a N-methylol group or an
				etherified N-methylol group; containing a
				N-aminomethylene group; containing a N-
				sulfidomethylene group
15/295				containing fluorine
15/31	-		-	of unsaturated nitriles
15/327				of unsaturated alcohols or esters thereof
15/33				Esters containing fluorine
15/333				 of vinyl acetate; Polyvinylalcohol
15/3335	•	•	•	• • {fluorinated}
15/347	•	•	•	of unsaturated ethers, acetals, hemiacetals,
				ketones or aldehydes
15/353				containing fluorine
15/356	•	•	•	of other unsaturated compounds containing
				nitrogen, sulfur, silicon or phosphorus atoms
15/3562				• {containing nitrogen}
15/3564				• {containing phosphorus}
15/3566				• {containing sulfur}
15/3568				• {containing silicon}
15/37	•	•		acromolecular compounds obtained otherwise
				an by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
				nsaturated bonds
15/39	•	•	•	Aldehyde resins; Ketone resins; Polyacetals
15/41				• Phenol-aldehyde or phenol-ketone resins
15/412				• • {sulfonated}
15/415	•	•	•	modified by compounds containing phosphorus
15/423				• Amino-aldehyde resins
15/427	•			 modified by alkoxylated compounds or
15/12/	•	•	•	alkylene oxides
15/429				 modified by compounds containing sulfur
15/43				• modified by phosphorus compounds
15/431				by phosphines or phosphine oxides;
	•	•	•	by oxides or salts of the phosphonium
				radical
15/432	•	•	•	• • • by phosphonic acids or derivatives thereof
15/433				• • • by phosphoric acids
15/435	•			
				-
15/45				Use of special catalysts
15/507				Polyesters
15/5075				• {containing sulfonic groups}
15/51				• Unsaturated polymerisable polyesters
15/513		•		• Polycarbonates
15/52				Delyethers (nelyes-t-1-DOCM 15/20)
15/53				Polyethers (polyacetals <u>D06M 15/39</u>)
15/55	•	•	•	Epoxy resins
	•	•	•	Epoxy resins modified by compounds containing
15/55	•	•	•	Epoxy resins

15/564	 Polyureas, polyurethanes or other polymers having ureide or urethane links; Precondensation products forming them
15/568	• • • Reaction products of isocyanates with polyethers
15/572	• • • Reaction products of isocyanates with polyesters or polyesteramides
15/576	containing fluorine
15/579	modified by compounds containing
	phosphorus
15/59	Polyamides; Polyimides
15/592	• • • made from polymerised unsaturated fatty acids and polyamines
15/595	Derivatives obtained by substitution of a
15/598	hydrogen atom of the carboxamide radical modified by compounds containing
15/576	phosphorus
15/61	• • • Polyamines {polyimines}
15/63	• • • containing sulfur in the main chain, e.g.
	polysulfones
15/643	containing silicon in the main chain
15/6433	• • • • {containing carboxylic groups}
15/6436	• • • • {containing amino groups}
15/647	• • • • containing polyether sequences
15/65	• • • • containing epoxy groups
15/651	•••• {comprising carboxylic groups}
15/652	• • • • {comprising amino groups}
15/653	modified by isocyanate compounds
15/657	containing fluorine
15/667	• • • containing phosphorus in the main chain {(inorganic polyphosphates D06M 11/72)}
15/673	containing phosphorus and nitrogen in the
	main chain
15/687	• • • containing atoms other than phosphorus,
	silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in
15/002	the main chain
15/693	• with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof
15/70	• combined with mechanical treatment
15/705	• Embossing; Calendering; Pressing
15/71	• Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals
15/715	• Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing
16/00	Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns,
	fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic
16/003	• {with enzymes or microorganisms}
16/006	• {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth
	agents}
17/00	Producing multi-layer textile fabrics
17/02	• by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives
17/04	• by applying synthetic resins as adhesives
17/06	• Polymers of vinyl compounds
17/08	• • Polyamides {polyimides}
17/10	• • Polyurethanes {polyurea}
19/00	Treatment of feathers
23/00	Treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics
	or fibrous goods made from such materials, characterised by the process
23/005	• {Applying monomolecular films on textile products
23/003	like fibres, threads or fabrics}

23/02	. Processes in which the treating agent is releasably
	affixed or incorporated into a dispensing means

- 23/04 Processes in which the treating agent is applied in the form of a foam
- Processes in which the treating agent is dispersed in a gas, e.g. aerosols (aerosol compositions C09K 3/30)
- 23/08 Processes in which the treating agent is applied in powder or granular form (adhesives for multi-layer textile fabrics D06M 17/00)
- 23/10 Processes in which the treating agent is dissolved or dispersed in organic solvents; Processes for the recovery of organic solvents thereof
- 23/105 {Processes in which the solvent is in a supercritical state}
- Processes in which the treating agent is incorporated in microcapsules (making microcapsules <u>B01J 13/02</u>)
- 23/14 Processes for the fixation or treatment of textile materials in three-dimensional forms
- Processes for the non-uniform application of treating agents, e.g. one-sided treatment; Differential treatment
- 23/18 . for the chemical treatment of borders of fabrics or knittings; for the thermal or chemical fixation of cuttings, seams or fibre ends

2101/00 Chemical constitution of the fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials, to be treated

NOTES

- 1. This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.
- The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups <u>D06M 11/00</u>, <u>D06M 13/00</u>, <u>D06M 15/00</u>, <u>D06M 16/00</u> and <u>D06M 23/00</u>

Examples:

- the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06
- the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in <u>D06M 13/325</u> // <u>D06M 2101/06</u>
- the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in <u>D06M 15/507</u> // <u>D06M 2101/32</u>
- the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in <u>D06M 16/00</u> // <u>D06M 2101/12</u>
- the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in <u>D06M 11/78</u>, <u>D06M 23/04</u> // D06M 2101/06.
- 2101/005 {Asbestos fibres}

<u>NOTE</u>

Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre

2101/02	• Natural fibres, other than mineral fibres
2101/04	• • Vegetal fibres
2101/06	• • • cellulosic
2101/08	Esters or ethers of cellulose
2101/10	Animal fibres

2101/12	• • • Keratin fibres or silk
2101/14	Collagen fibres
2101/16	• Synthetic fibres, other than mineral fibres
2101/18	• Synthetic fibres consisting of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
2101/20	Polyalkenes, polymers or copolymers of compounds with alkenyl groups bonded to aromatic groups
2101/22	Polymers or copolymers of halogenated mono- olefins
2101/24	• • Polymers or copolymers of alkenylalcohols or esters thereof; Polymers or copolymers of alkenylethers, acetals or ketones
2101/26	• • Polymers or copolymers of unsaturated carboxylic acids or derivatives thereof
2101/28	Acrylonitrile; Methacrylonitrile
2101/30	• • Synthetic polymers consisting of macromolecular
	compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
2101/32	Polyesters
2101/34	Polyamides
2101/36	Aromatic polyamides
2101/38	• • • Polyurethanes
2101/40	• Fibres of carbon
2200/00	Functionality of the treatment composition and/or
	properties imparted to the textile material
2200/01	Stain or soil resistance
2200/01 2200/05	
	Stain or soil resistanceLotus effect
2200/05	. Stain or soil resistance
2200/05 2200/10	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties; Softening
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/20 2200/20 2200/25 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/45 2200/50 2400/00	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions Specific information on the treatment or the process itself not provided in D06M 23/00-D06M 23/18