## CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING (NOTE omitted)

## **LIGHTING**; **HEATING**

F24 HEATING; RANGES; VENTILATING

(NOTE omitted)

F24F AIR-CONDITIONING; AIR-HUMIDIFICATION; VENTILATION; USE OF AIR

**CURRENTS FOR SCREENING** (removing dirt or fumes from areas where they are produced <u>B08B 15/00</u>; vertical ducts for carrying away waste gases from buildings <u>E04F 17/02</u>; tops for chimneys or ventilating shafts, terminals for flues <u>F23L 17/02</u>)

#### NOTES

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces in air conditioning systems or in room units.
- 2. In this subclass:
  - air-humidification as auxiliary treatment in air-conditioning, i.e. in units wherein the air is also either cooled or heated, is covered by groups F24F 1/00 or F24F 3/14;
  - air-humidification per se, e.g. "room humidifiers", is covered by group F24F 6/00.
- 3. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
  - "air-conditioning" means the supply of air to or the treatment of air in rooms or spaces by means of cooling or a combination of cooling and a further kind of air treatment, e.g. humidification, heating or air purification;
  - "ventilation" means the supply of air to, or its extraction from, rooms or spaces, and systems for circulating air within
    rooms or spaces, but does not cover the mere treatment of air being supplied to, extracted from, or circulated within, rooms
    or spaces.
- 4. In this subclass, control or safety arrangements are classified in group <u>F24F 11/00</u>. In order to indicate the type of airtreatment system in which these arrangements are used, further classification may be made in groups <u>F24F 1/00</u> <u>F24F 9/00</u>.

1/00	Room units for air-conditioning, e.g. separate or	1/0047	mounted in the ceiling or at the ceiling
	self-contained units or units receiving primary air	1/005	mounted on the floor; standing on the floor
	from a central station	1/0053	mounted at least partially below the floor; with
1/0003	<ul> <li>characterised by a split arrangement, wherein parts</li> </ul>		air distribution below the floor
	of the air-conditioning system, e.g. evaporator and	1/0057	mounted in or on a wall
	condenser, are in separately located units	1/0059	characterised by heat exchangers
1/0007	<ul> <li>Indoor units, e.g. fan coil units (self-contained units F24F 1/02)</li> </ul>	1/0063	• • • by the mounting or arrangement of the heat exchangers
1/00073	<ul><li>{comprising a compressor in the indoor unit housing}</li></ul>	1/0067	• • • by the shape of the heat exchangers or of parts thereof, e.g. of their fins
1/00075	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1/0068	characterised by the arrangement of refrigerant
1/00077	• • {receiving heat exchange fluid entering and leaving the unit as a liquid}		piping outside the heat exchanger within the unit casing
1/0011	characterised by air outlets	1/0071	• • with means for purifying supplied air (perfuming
1/0014	having two or more outlet openings		or deodorising means F24F 1/008)
1/0018	characterised by fans (with secondary air induced	1/0073	characterised by the mounting or arrangement
	by injector action of the primary air $\underline{F24F1/01}$ )		of filters
1/0022	Centrifugal or radial fans	1/0076	• • • by electric means, e.g. ionisers or electrostatic
1/0025	Cross-flow or tangential fans		separators
1/0029	Axial fans	1/008	<ul> <li>with perfuming or deodorising means</li> </ul>
1/0033	having two or more fans	1/0083	<ul> <li>with dehumidification means</li> </ul>
1/0035	characterised by introduction of outside air to the	1/0087	<ul> <li>with humidification means</li> </ul>
	room	1/009	<ul> <li>characterised by heating arrangements</li> </ul>
1/0038	in combination with simultaneous exhaustion		(characterised by heat exchangers <u>F24F 1/0059</u> )
	of inside air	1/0093	• • • with additional radiant heat-discharging
1/0041	characterised by exhaustion of inside air from		elements, e.g. electric heaters
	the room (in combination with simultaneous	1/0097	• • using thermoelectric or thermomagnetic means,
	introduction of outside air <u>F24F 1/0038</u> )		e.g. Peltier elements
1/0043	characterised by mounting arrangements		

1/01	• in which secondary air is induced by injector action	1/20	Electric components for separate outdoor units
	of the primary air	1/22	Arrangement or mounting thereof
1/02	Self-contained room units for air-conditioning,	1/24	Cooling of electric components
	i.e. with all apparatus for treatment installed in a	1/26	Refrigerant piping
	common casing	1/28	<ul> <li>for connecting several separate outdoor units</li> </ul>
1/022	comprising a compressor cycle	1/30	for use inside the separate outdoor units
1/027	mounted in wall openings, e.g. in windows	1/32	for connecting the separate outdoor units to
1/028	characterised by air supply means, e.g. fan		indoor units
	casings, internal dampers or ducts (with	1/34	Protection means thereof, e.g. covers for
	secondary air induced by injector action of the	-,	refrigerant pipes
	primary air <u>F24F 1/01</u> )	1/36	Drip trays for outdoor units
1/0284	with horizontally arranged fan axis	1/38	Fan details of outdoor units, e.g. bell-mouth
1/0287	with vertically arranged fan axis	1/36	shaped inlets or fan mountings
1/029	characterised by the layout or mutual arrangement	1/40	Vibration or noise prevention at outdoor units (for
	of components, e.g. of compressors or fans	1/40	outdoor units compressors F24F 1/12)
1/03	characterised by mounting arrangements	1/42	• • characterised by the use of the condensate, e.g.
1/031	penetrating a wall or window	1/42	for enhanced cooling
1/0314	mounted on a wall	1 /4 4	
1/0317	suspended from the ceiling	1/44	characterised by the use of internal combustion
		1/46	engines
1/032	characterised by heat exchangers	1/46	Component arrangements in separate outdoor
1/0323	by the mounting or arrangement of the heat	4/40	units
1 /0225	exchangers	1/48	characterised by air airflow, e.g. inlet or outlet
1/0325	by the shape of the heat exchangers or of parts		airflow
	thereof, e.g. of their fins	1/50	with outlet air in upward direction
1/0326	characterised by the arrangement of refrigerant	1/52	• • • with inlet and outlet arranged on the same
	piping outside the heat exchanger within the unit		side, e.g. for mounting in a wall opening
	casing	1/54	• • • Inlet and outlet arranged on opposite sides
1/0328	• • with means for purifying supplied air (perfuming	1/56	<ul> <li>Casing or covers of separate outdoor units, e.g.</li> </ul>
	or deodorising means <u>F24F 1/0355</u> )		fan guards
1/035	• • • characterised by the mounting or arrangement	1/58	Separate protective covers for outdoor units,
	of filters		e.g. solar guards, snow shields or camouflage
1/0353	• • • by electric means, e.g. ionisers or electrostatic	1/60	Arrangement or mounting of the outdoor unit
	separators	1/62	Wall-mounted
1/0355	with perfuming or deodorising means	1/64	Ceiling-mounted, e.g. below a balcony
1/0358	with dehumidification means	1/66	under the floor level
1/037	with humidification means	1/68	Arrangement of multiple separate outdoor units
1/0373	characterised by heating arrangements	1/00	Arrangement of multiple separate outdoor units
	(characterised by heat exchangers <u>F24F 1/032</u> )	3/00	Air-conditioning systems in which conditioned
1/0375	with additional radiant heat-discharging		primary air is supplied from one or more central
	elements, e.g. electric heaters		stations to distributing units in the rooms or
1/0378	using thermoelectric or thermomagnetic means,		spaces where it may receive secondary treatment;
	e.g. Peltier elements		Apparatus specially designed for such systems
1/039	using water to enhance cooling, e.g. spraying onto		(room units <u>F24F 1/00</u> )
1/03/	condensers	3/001	• {in which the air treatment in the central station
1/04	Arrangements for portability		takes place by means of a heat-pump or by means of
1/06	Separate outdoor units, e.g. outdoor unit to be linked		a reversible cycle (reversible cycle for humidifying
1/00	to a separate room comprising a compressor and a		and drying air <u>F24F 3/147</u> )}
	heat exchanger	2003/003	• {with primary air treatment in the central station and
	neat exchanger		subsequent secondary air treatment in air treatment
	<u>NOTE</u>		units located in or near the rooms}
	In this around the first place priority pulsis	2003/005	• • {with a single air duct for transporting treated
	In this group, the first place priority rule is		primary air from the central station to air
	applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary,		treatment units located in or near the rooms}
	classification is made in the first appropriate	2003/006	• • { with two air ducts for separately transporting
			treated hot and cold primary air from the central
	place.		station to air treatment units located in or near the
1/08	Compressors specially adapted for separate		rooms}
	outdoor units	2003/008	• {Supplying highly filtered air to a room or to a
1/10	Arrangement or mounting thereof		limited area within a room}
1/12	Vibration or noise prevention thereof	3/02	<ul> <li>characterised by the pressure or velocity of the</li> </ul>
1/14	Heat exchangers specially adapted for separate		primary air
	outdoor units	3/04	operating with high pressure or high velocity
1/16	Arrangement or mounting thereof	3/044	Systems in which all treatment is given in the
1/18	characterised by their shape		central station, i.e. all-air systems

2/0442			2002/1452	
3/0442	• •	{with volume control at a constant temperature}	2003/1452	· ·
3/0444	• •	• {in which two airstreams are conducted from	2002/1450	condensing is returned to the dried air}
		the central station via independent conduits to the space to be treated, of which one has	2003/1458	• • • {using regenerators}
		a constant volume and a season-adapted	2003/1464 3/147	<ul><li> {using rotating regenerators}</li><li> with both heat and humidity transfer between</li></ul>
		temperature, while the other one is always cold	3/14/	supplied and exhausted air
		and varies in volume}	3/153	• • • with subsequent heating, i.e. with the air,
2003/0446		{with a single air duct for transporting treated air	3/133	given the required humidity in the central
		from the central station to the rooms}		station, passing a heating element to achieve
2003/0448		{with two air ducts for separately transporting		the required temperature
		treated hot and cold air from the central station to	3/16	• • by purification, e.g. by filtering; by sterilisation;
		the rooms}		by ozonisation
3/048		with temperature control at constant rate of air-	3/163	Clean air work stations, i.e. selected areas
2 10 72		flow		within a space which filtered air is passed
3/052	• •	• Multiple duct systems, e.g. systems in which	3/167	Clean rooms, i.e. enclosed spaces in which a
		hot and cold air are supplied by separate circuits from the central station to mixing		uniform flow of filtered air is distributed (air
		chambers in the spaces to be conditioned		distribution by perforated walls <u>F24F 7/10</u> )
3/0522		• {in which warm or cold air from the central	5/00	Air-conditioning systems or apparatus not covered
3/0322	• •	station is delivered via individual pipes to		by <u>F24F 1/00</u> or <u>F24F 3/00</u> {, e.g. using solar heat
		mixing chambers in the space to be treated,		or combined with household units such as an oven
		the cold air/warm air ratio being controlled		or water heater}
		by a thermostat in the space concerned, i.e.	5/0003	• {Exclusively-fluid systems}
		so-called Dual-duct System}	5/0007	• {cooling apparatus specially adapted for use in air-
3/0525		• • {in which the air treated in the central station	<i>5</i> /001	conditioning ( <u>F24F 5/0046</u> takes precedence)}
2/0527		is reheated}	5/001 5/0014	{Compression cycle type}
3/0527	• •	• • {in which treated air having differing	5/0014	<ul><li> { using absorption or desorption }</li><li> { using cold storage bodies, e.g. ice }</li></ul>
		temperatures is conducted through independent conduits from the central station	5/0017 5/0021	<ul><li>• {using cold storage bodies, e.g. ice}</li><li>• • {using phase change material [PCM] for</li></ul>
		to various spaces to be treated, i.e. so-called	3/0021	storage }
		"multi-Zone" systems ( <u>F24F 3/0525</u> takes	2005/0025	• • • {using heat exchange fluid storage tanks}
		precedence)}	2005/0028	• • {using hydridable metals as energy storage
3/056		the air at least partially flowing over lighting	2002,0020	media}
		fixtures, the heat of which is dissipated or	2005/0032	• • {Systems storing energy during the night}
		used (outlets for directing or distributing air	5/0035	• • {using evaporation}
		into rooms or spaces combined with lighting	2005/0039	• • {using a cryogen, e.g. CO <sub>2</sub> liquid or N <sub>2</sub> liquid}
2/06		fixtures F24F 13/078)	5/0042	• {characterised by the application of thermo-electric
3/06		haracterised by the arrangements for the supply of eat-exchange fluid for the subsequent treatment of		units or the Peltier effect}
		orimary air in the room units	5/0046	• {using natural energy, e.g. solar energy, energy
3/065		{with a plurality of evaporators or condensers}		from the ground}
3/08		with separate supply and return lines for hot	5/005	• • {using energy from the ground by air circulation,
		and cold heat-exchange fluids (i.e. so-called "4-	2005/0052	e.g. "Canadian well"}
		conduit" system}	2005/0053	• {receiving heat-exchange fluid from a well}
3/10		with separate supply lines and common return	2005/0057	{receiving heat-exchange fluid from a closed circuit in the ground}
		line for hot and cold heat-exchange fluids {i.e. so-	2005/006	• • {receiving heat-exchange fluid from the drinking
242		called "3-conduit" system}	2003/000	or sanitary water supply circuit}
3/12		haracterised by the treatment of the air otherwise	2005/0064	• • {using solar energy}
3/14		han by heating and cooling by humidification; by dehumidification	2005/0067	• • {with photovoltaic panels}
3/1405		• {in which the humidity of the air is exclusively	5/0071	• {adapted for use in covered swimming pools}
3/1403	• •	affected by contact with the evaporator of a	5/0075	• {Systems using thermal walls, e.g. double window}
		closed-circuit cooling system or heat pump	2005/0078	• • {Double windows}
		circuit}	2005/0082	• • {Facades}
3/1411		• {by absorbing or adsorbing water, e.g. using an	5/0085	• {Systems using a compressed air circuit}
		hygroscopic desiccant}	5/0089	• {Systems using radiation from walls or panels}
3/1417		• • {with liquid hygroscopic desiccants}	5/0092	• • {ceilings, e.g. cool ceilings}
3/1423		• • {with a moving bed of solid desiccants, e.g. a	5/0096	• {combined with domestic apparatus}
0/4/20		rotary wheel supporting solid desiccants}	6/00	Air-humidification {, e.g. cooling by
3/1429	• •	{alternatively operating a heat exchanger	0, 00	humidification}
		in an absorbing/adsorbing mode and a heat exchanger in a regeneration mode }	2006/001	• {using a water curtain}
2003/1435		• {comprising semi-permeable membrane}	2006/003	• {using a decorative fountain}
2003/1433			2006/005	• {using plants}
		<ul><li> {by condensing}</li></ul>	2006/006	• {with water treatment}
		(-)(-)		

2006/008	• {Air-humidifier with water reservoir}	8/175	• using biological materials, plants or
6/02	• by evaporation of water in the air	0/102	microorganisms
6/025	• • {using electrical heating means ( <u>F24F 6/105</u> takes	8/183	• by centrifugal separation, e.g. using vortices
C/0.4	precedence)}	8/192	• by electrical means, e.g. by applying electrostatic fields or high voltages
6/04 6/043	using stationary unheated wet elements	8/194	<ul><li>• {by filtering using high voltage}</li></ul>
2006/046	<ul><li>{ with self-sucking action, e.g. wicks}</li><li>{ with a water pump}</li></ul>	8/20	<ul><li>by sterilisation</li></ul>
6/06	using moving unheated wet elements	8/22	using UV light
2006/065	using slowly rotating discs for evaporation	8/24	using 6 v right     using sterilising media
6/08	<ul> <li>using heated wet elements</li> </ul>	8/26	using ozone
6/10	using heated wet elements     heated electrically	8/28	specially adapted for combatting or avoiding
6/105	• • • {using the heat of lamps}	0/20	Legionella bacteria
6/12	<ul><li>by forming water dispersions in the air</li></ul>	8/30	<ul> <li>by ionisation</li> </ul>
6/14	using nozzles	8/40	<ul> <li>by ozonisation (for sterilisation F24F 8/26)</li> </ul>
2006/143	{using pressurised air for spraying}	8/50	<ul> <li>by odorisation</li> </ul>
2006/146	{using pressurised an for spraying} {using pressurised water for spraying}	8/60	<ul> <li>by adding oxygen</li> </ul>
6/16	<ul> <li>using pressured water for spraying;</li> <li>using rotating elements</li> </ul>	8/70	<ul> <li>by removing radon</li> </ul>
6/18	<ul> <li>by injection of steam into the air</li> </ul>	8/80	• Self-contained air purifiers
		8/90	Cleaning of purification apparatus
7/00	Ventilation	8/95	<ul> <li>specially adapted for specific purposes</li> </ul>
2007/001	• {with exhausting air ducts}	8/96	• • for removing pollen
2007/002	• • {Junction box, e.g. for ducts from kitchen, toilet	8/97	for removing tobacco smoke
	or bathroom}	8/98	for removing ozone
2007/0025	• {using vent ports in a wall}	8/99	for treating air sourced from urban areas, e.g.
7/003	• in combination with air cleaning		from streets
2007/004	• {Natural ventilation using convection}	0/00	Use of air aurrents for sersoning a g air aurtains
2007/005	• {Cyclic ventilation, e.g. alternating air supply	<b>9/00</b> 2009/002	Use of air currents for screening, e.g. air curtains  Room dividers
7/007	volume or reversing flow direction}	2009/002	• {combined with a door}
7/007	with forced flow (using ducting systems <u>F24F 7/06</u> )	2009/003	<ul><li>{combined with a door}</li><li>{using more than one jet or band in the air curtain}</li></ul>
7/013	<ul> <li>using wall or window fans, displacing air through the wall or window</li> </ul>	2009/007	• {using more than one jet of band in the air curtain}
7/02		11/00	Control or safety arrangements
7/02	Roof ventilation (ventilation of roof coverings E04D)		NOTE
	<u>E04D</u> )		NOTE  In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing
7/025			In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing
	E04D)  • {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in		
7/025	<ul><li>E04D)</li><li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li></ul>	11/0001	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}
7/025	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan</li> </ul>	2011/0002	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air}
7/025 7/04	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a</li> </ul>	2011/0002	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • • {to create overpressure in a room}
7/025 7/04 7/06	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> </ul>	2011/0002	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping
7/025 7/04	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 - F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>. {for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>. {to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>. {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 - F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>. {for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>. {to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>. {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> <li>. {using low temperature external supply air to</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 - F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>. {for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>. {to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>. {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> <li>. {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 - F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>{for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>{to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>{to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> <li>{using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}</li> <li>{for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 - F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>{for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>{to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>{to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> <li>{using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}</li> <li>{for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system,
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30	<ul> <li>In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.</li> <li>{for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>{for admittance of outside air}</li> <li>{to create overpressure in a room}</li> <li>{to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}</li> <li>{using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}</li> <li>{for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}</li> <li>for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring</li> </ul>
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • • by opening air passages
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • by closing air passages
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air} • • {to create overpressure in a room} • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside} • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling} • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies • • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke • • • by opening air passages • • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• by separation, e.g. by filtering</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air} • • {to create overpressure in a room} • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside} • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling} • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring • • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies • • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke • • • by opening air passages • • • by closing air passages • • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid • • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages;
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• by separation, e.g. by filtering</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • • by opening air passages  • • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• by separation, e.g. by filtering</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting  • • Failure diagnosis
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • by closing air passages  • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting  • Failure diagnosis  • Monitoring filter performance
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • by closing air passages  • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting  • • Failure diagnosis  • • Monitoring filter performance  • • Defrosting; Preventing freezing
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125 8/133	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed liquid</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41 11/42	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • by closing air passages  • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting  • Failure diagnosis  • Monitoring filter performance
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed liquid</li> <li>• Treatment of used liquid, e.g. cleaning for</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air} • • {to create overpressure in a room} • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside} • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling} • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke • • by opening air passages • • by closing air passages • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid • • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting • • Failure diagnosis • • Monitoring filter performance • Defrosting; Preventing freezing • • of outdoor units • • of indoor units
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125 8/133	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• using dry filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed liquid</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41 11/42 11/43	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • • {for admittance of outside air}  • • {to create overpressure in a room}  • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside}  • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling}  • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)}  • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring  • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies  • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke  • • by opening air passages  • • by closing air passages  • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid  • • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting  • • Failure diagnosis  • • Monitoring filter performance  • Defrosting; Preventing freezing  • • of outdoor units
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125 8/133 8/142	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• by separation, e.g. by filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed liquid</li> <li>• Treatment of used liquid, e.g. cleaning for recycling</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41 11/42 11/43 11/46	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air} • • {to create overpressure in a room} • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside} • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling} • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke • • by opening air passages • • by closing air passages • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting • Failure diagnosis • Monitoring filter performance • Defrosting; Preventing freezing • of outdoor units • of indoor units • Improving electric energy efficiency or saving
7/025 7/04 7/06 7/065 7/08 7/10 8/00 8/10 8/108 8/117 8/125 8/133 8/142 8/15	<ul> <li>E04D)</li> <li>• {with forced air circulation by means of a built-in ventilator}</li> <li>• with ducting systems {, e.g. by double walls; with natural circulation (F24F 7/02 takes precedence)}</li> <li>• with forced air circulation, e.g. by fan {positioning of a ventilator in or against a conduit}</li> <li>• • {fan combined with single duct; mounting arrangements of a fan in a duct}</li> <li>• • with separate ducts for supplied and exhausted air {with provisions for reversal of the input and output systems}</li> <li>• • with air supply, or exhaust, through perforated wall, floor or ceiling (outlet members for directing or distributing air {into rooms or spaces, e.g. ceiling air-diffusers} F24F 13/06)</li> <li>Treatment, e.g. purification, of air supplied to human living or working spaces otherwise than by heating, cooling, humidifying or drying</li> <li>• by separation, e.g. by filtering</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• using wet filter elements</li> <li>• by direct contact with liquid, e.g. with sprayed liquid</li> <li>• Treatment of used liquid, e.g. cleaning for recycling</li> <li>• by chemical means</li> </ul>	2011/0002 2011/0004 2011/0005 2011/0006 11/0008 11/30 11/32 11/33 11/34 11/35 11/36 11/37 11/38 11/39 11/41 11/42 11/43 11/46 11/47	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F24F 2110/00 – F24F 2140/00.  • {for ventilation (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • • {for admittance of outside air} • • {to create overpressure in a room} • • {to create underpressure in a room, keeping contamination inside} • • {using low temperature external supply air to assist cooling} • {for air-humidification (F24F 11/30 takes precedence)} • for purposes related to the operation of the system, e.g. for safety or monitoring • Responding to malfunctions or emergencies • • to fire, excessive heat or smoke • • by opening air passages • • by closing air passages • • to leakage of heat-exchange fluid • Resuming operation, e.g. after power outages; Emergency starting • Failure diagnosis • Monitoring filter performance • Defrosting; Preventing freezing • of outdoor units • of indoor units • Improving electric energy efficiency or saving • Responding to energy costs

11/49	• ensuring correct operation, e.g. by trial operation	2012/005	• • • {using heat pipes}
11/50	or configuration checks  characterised by user interfaces or communication	12/006	• • {using an air-to-air heat exchanger ( <u>F24F 12/002</u>
11/50 11/52	Indication arrangements, e.g. displays	2012/007	takes precedence)}  {using a by-pass for bypassing the heat-
11/523	for displaying temperature data	2012/007	exchanger}
11/526	giving audible indications	2012/008	• • {cyclic routing supply and exhaust air}
11/520	using one central controller connected to several		
11/34	sub-controllers	13/00	Details common to, or for air-conditioning, air-
11/56	. Remote control		humidification, ventilation or use of air currents
11/57	using telephone networks	12/02	for screening
11/58	using Internet communication	13/02	Ducting arrangements
11/59	• • • for presetting	13/0209	<ul> <li>{characterised by their connecting means, e.g. flanges}</li> </ul>
11/61	• using timers	13/0218	• • {Flexible soft ducts, e.g. ducts made of permeable
11/62	<ul> <li>characterised by the type of control or by internal</li> </ul>	13/0216	textiles}
	processing, e.g. using fuzzy logic, adaptive control	13/0227	• • {using parts of the building, e.g. air ducts inside
	or estimation of values	15/ 022/	the floor, walls or ceiling of a building}
11/63	Electronic processing	13/0236	• • { with ducts including air distributors, e.g. air
11/64	• • using pre-stored data		collecting boxes with at least three openings}
11/65	• • • for selecting an operating mode	13/0245	• • {Manufacturing or assembly of air ducts;
11/66	Sleep mode		Methods therefor}
11/67	Switching between heating and cooling	13/0254	• • {characterised by their mounting means, e.g.
	modes		supports}
11/70	. Control systems characterised by their outputs;	13/0263	• • {Insulation for air ducts}
	Constructional details thereof	13/0272	• • {Modules for easy installation or transport}
11/72	for controlling the supply of treated air, e.g. its	13/0281	• • {Multilayer duct}
11/74	pressure	13/029	• • {Duct comprising an opening for inspection, e.g.
11/74	• • • for controlling air flow rate or air velocity		manhole}
11/745	• • • {the air flow rate increasing with an increase of air-current or wind pressure}	13/04	Air-mixing units (F24F 13/06 takes precedence)
11/75	• • • • for maintaining constant air flow rate or air	13/06	• Outlets for directing or distributing air into rooms
11/73	velocity	12/0.004	or spaces, e.g. ceiling air diffuser
11/755	for cyclical variation of air flow rate or air	13/0604	{integrated in or forming part of furniture}
11/755	velocity	2013/0608	• • • {Perforated ducts}
11/76	by means responsive to temperature, e.g.	2013/0612 2013/0616	{Induction nozzles without swirl means}
	bimetal springs	13/062	<ul><li> {Outlets that have intake openings}</li><li> having one or more bowls or cones diverging in</li></ul>
11/77	by controlling the speed of ventilators	13/002	the flow direction
11/79	for controlling the direction of the supplied air	13/065	formed as cylindrical or spherical bodies which
11/80	for controlling the temperature of the supplied air	13/003	are rotatable
11/81	• • • by controlling the air supply to heat-exchangers	13/068	• • • formed as perforated walls, ceilings or floors
	or bypass channels		(F24F 13/078 takes precedence)
11/83	• • • by controlling the supply of heat-exchange	13/072	of elongated shape, e.g. between ceiling panels
	fluids to heat-exchangers	13/075	having parallel rods or lamellae directing
11/84	using valves		the outflow, e.g. the rods or lamellae being
11/85	using variable-flow pumps		individually adjustable (F24F 13/072 takes
11/86	by controlling compressors within refrigeration		precedence)
11/07	or heat pump circuits	13/078	combined with lighting fixtures
11/87	by controlling absorption or discharge of heat in outdoor units	13/08	• Air-flow control members, e.g. louvres, grilles,
11/871	<ul> <li>in outdoor units</li> <li> by controlling outdoor fans</li> </ul>		flaps or guide plates ( <u>F24F 7/013</u> , <u>F24F 13/06</u> take
11/8/1	by controlling outdoor rans     by controlling refrigerant heaters	12/001	precedence)  (for guiding air around a gurya)
11/8/3	<ul><li>by controlling retrigerant neaters</li><li>by controlling heat-storage apparatus</li></ul>	13/081	• • {for guiding air around a curve}
11/8/5	Electrical aspects, e.g. circuits	13/082	• • {Grilles, registers or guards}
11/88	Arrangement or mounting of control or safety	13/084	• • • {with mounting arrangements, e.g. snap fasteners for mounting to the wall or duct}
11/07	devices	13/085	• • • {including an air filter}
		2013/087	{using inflatable bellows}
12/00	Use of energy recovery systems in air conditioning,	2013/088	{Air-flow straightener}
	ventilation or screening (with both heat and	13/10	movable, e.g. dampers
	humidity transfer between supplied and exhausted	13/105	{composed of diaphragms or segments}
12/001	air F24F 3/147)	13/103	<ul><li> (composed of diaphragms of segments)</li><li> built up of sliding members</li></ul>
12/001	• {with heat-exchange between supplied and	13/14	<ul> <li>built up of shung members</li> <li>built up of tilting members, e.g. louvre</li> </ul>
12/002	exhausted air}  • {using an intermediate heat-transfer fluid}	13/1406	{characterised by sealing means}
12/002	• • \usung an intermediate neat-transfer fluid}	13/1400	(characterised by searing means)

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12/003 • • • {using a heat pump}

13/1413	• • • { using more than one tilting member, e.g.	2110/65	Concentration of specific substances or
	with several pivoting blades (F24F 13/15		contaminants
	takes precedence)}	2110/66	Volatile organic compounds [VOC]
13/142	• • • { using pivoting blades with intersecting	2110/68	Radon
	axles}	2110/70	Carbon dioxide
13/1426	• • • {characterised by actuating means}	2110/72	Carbon monoxide
2013/1433	• • • • { with electric motors }	2110/74	Ozone
2013/144	• • • • { with thermoactuators }	2110/76	Oxygen
2013/1446	• • • • { with gearings }	2110/80	Electric charge
2013/1453	• • • • { with cables, e.g. bowden cables }		
2013/146	• • • • { with springs }	2120/00	Control inputs relating to users or occupants
2013/1466	• • • • { with pneumatic means }	2120/10	. Occupancy
2013/1473	• • • • { with cams or levers }	2120/12	Position of occupants
2013/148	• • • • {with magnets}	2120/14	Activity of occupants
13/1486	• • • {characterised by bearings, pivots or hinges}	2120/20	Feedback from users
2013/1493	• • • • {using an elastic membrane}	2130/00	Control inputs relating to environmental factors
13/15	with parallel simultaneously tiltable lamellae	2130/00	not covered by group F24F 2110/00
13/16	built up of parallelly-movable plates	2130/10	• Weather information or forecasts
13/18	• specially adapted for insertion in flat panels, e.g.	2130/20	• Sunlight
	in door or window-pane	2130/30	Artificial light
13/20	Casings or covers	2130/40	Noise
2013/202	• • {Mounting a compressor unit therein}	2130/40	• 110150
2013/205	• • {Mounting a ventilator fan therein}	2140/00	Control inputs relating to system states
2013/207	• • {with control knobs; Mounting controlling	2140/10	• Pressure
2018/207	members or control units therein}	2140/12	Heat-exchange fluid pressure
13/22	Means for preventing condensation or evacuating	2140/20	Heat-exchange fluid temperature
	condensate	2140/30	. Condensation of water from cooled air
2013/221	• • {to avoid the formation of condensate, e.g. dew}	2140/40	Damper positions, e.g. open or closed
13/222	• • {for evacuating condensate}	2140/50	. Load
13/224	• • {in a window-type room air conditioner}	2140/60	Energy consumption
2013/225	• • • {by evaporating the condensate in the cooling		
	medium, e.g. in air flow from the condenser}		
2013/227	• • • {Condensate pipe for drainage of condensate	2202/00	<b>- D . . . . . . . . . .</b>
	from the evaporator}	2203/00	Devices or apparatus used for air treatment
2013/228	• • {Treatment of condensate, e.g. sterilising}	2203/02	System or Device comprising a heat pump as a
13/24	Means for preventing or suppressing noise		subsystem, e.g. combined with humidification/
2013/242	• • {Sound-absorbing material}		dehumidification, heating, natural energy or with
2013/245	• • {using resonance}	2202/021	hybrid system
2013/247	• • {Active noise-suppression}	2203/021	Compression cycle
13/26	Arrangements for air-circulation by means of	2203/023	with turbine used for expansion
	induction, e.g. by fluid coupling or thermal effect	2203/025	with turbine for compression
13/28	Arrangement or mounting of filters	2203/026	Absorption - desorption cycle

# • 4 . 1 . • 41.

ventilation units

. Arrangement or mounting of filters

. Arrangement or mounting of heat-exchangers

Supports for air-conditioning, air-humidification or

13/30

13/32

		==00/1000	v v comprising a cy pass chamier
Indexing sch	eme associated with group F24F 11/00, relating to	2203/1012	Details of the casing or cover
control inputs, e.g. measured or estimated values or parameters		2203/1016	combined with another type of cooling principle,
-	•		e.g. compression cycle
2110/00	Control inputs relating to air properties	2203/102	combined with a heat pipe
2110/10	. Temperature	2203/1024	combined with a humidifier
2110/12	of the outside air	2203/1028	combined with a spraying device
2110/20	. Humidity	2203/1032	Desiccant wheel
2110/22	• of the outside air	2203/1036	Details
2110/30	. Velocity	2203/104	Heat exchanger wheel
2110/32	• • of the outside air	2203/1044	• • performing other movements, e.g. sliding
2110/40	• Pressure, e.g. wind pressure	2203/1048	Geometric details
2110/50	Air quality properties	2203/1052	comprising a non-axial air flow
2110/52	of the outside air	2203/1056	comprising a reheater
2110/60	Odour	2203/106	Electrical reheater
2110/62	Tobacco smoke	2203/1064	Gas fired reheater
2110/64	Airborne particle content	2203/1068	comprising one rotor
	•	2203/1000	

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2203/028 . . . using a solid absorbing medium

2203/1004 . . Bearings or driving means

2203/1072 • • comprising two rotors

2203/1008 . . comprising a by-pass channel

2203/10 . Rotary wheel

2203/1076	comprising three rotors
2203/108	comprising rotor parts shaped in sector form
2203/1084	comprising two flow rotor segments
2203/1088	comprising three flow rotor segments
2203/1092	comprising four flow rotor segments
2203/1096	comprising sealing means
2203/12	<ul> <li>Dehumidifying or humidifying belt type</li> </ul>

## **Air-conditioning**

2221/00	Details on features not otherwise mustided for
2221/00	Details or features not otherwise provided for
2221/02	. combined with lighting fixtures
2221/08	Installation or apparatus for use in sport halls, e.g.
2221/10	swimming pools, ice rings
2221/10	combined with, or integrated in, furniture
2221/12	• transportable
2221/125	mounted on wheels
2221/14	• mounted on the ceiling
2221/16	• mounted on the roof
2221/17	• mounted in a wall
2221/18	combined with domestic apparatus
2221/183	combined with a hot-water boiler
2221/186	combined with a fireplace
2221/20	. mounted in or close to a window
2221/22	. Cleaning ducts or apparatus
2221/225	using a liquid
2221/26	improving the aesthetic appearance
2221/28	using the Coanda effect
2221/30	. comprising fireproof material
2221/32	• preventing human errors during the installation, use
	or maintenance, e.g. goofy proof
2221/34	. Heater, e.g. gas burner, electric air heater
2221/36	Modules, e.g. for an easy mounting or transport
2221/38	Personalised air distribution
2221/40	HVAC with raised floors
2221/42	Mobile autonomous air conditioner, e.g. robots
2221/44	Protection from terrorism or theft
2221/46	. Air flow forming a vortex
2221/48	. HVAC for a wine cellar
2221/50	. HVAC for high buildings, e.g. thermal or pressure
	differences
2221/52	• Weather protecting means, e.g. against wind, rain or
	snow
2221/54	. Heating and cooling, simultaneously or alternatively
2221/56	. Cooling being a secondary aspect