CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING (NOTE omitted)

WEAPONS; **BLASTING**

F42 AMMUNITION; BLASTING

(NOTES omitted)

F42C AMMUNITION FUZES (blasting cartridge initiators F42B 3/10; chemical aspects C06C); ARMING OR SAFETY MEANS THEREFOR (filling fuzes F42B 33/02; fitting or extracting primers in or from fuzes F42B 33/04; containers for fuzes F42B 39/30)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Impact fuzes, i.e. fuzes actuated only by	7/12	• Percussion fuzes of the double-action type, i.e. fuzes
	ammunition impact		cocked and fired in a single movement, e.g. by
1/02	 with firing-pin structurally combined with fuze 		pulling an incorporated percussion pin or hammer
1/04	 operating by inertia of members on impact 		(percussion caps <u>F42C 19/10</u>)
1/06	• • • for any direction of impact {(electric contact parts <u>F42C 19/06</u>)}	9/00	Time fuzes; Combined time and percussion or pressure-actuated fuzes; Fuzes for timed self-
1/08	 with delayed action after ignition of fuze (time fuzes F42C 9/00) (or after impact) 	0./02	destruction of ammunition
1/09	• • the fuze activating a propulsive charge for	9/02 9/04	the timing being caused by mechanical means
	propelling the ammunition or the warhead into the air, e.g. in rebounding projectiles	9/04	 by spring motor {(<u>F42C 9/141</u> takes precedence; housings for fuzes specially adapted for winding or setting <u>F42C 19/02</u>)}
1/10	• without firing-pin	9/041	• • • {the clockwork activating a security device,
1/12	• with delayed action after ignition of fuze (time fuzes F42C 9/00)		e.g. for unlocking the firing-pin}
1/14	. operating at a predetermined distance from ground	9/043	• • • {and the firing-pin being activated by impact}
	or target by means of a protruding member	9/045	• • • { and the firing-pin being activated by a
3/00	Fuzes actuated by exposure to a liquid, e.g.		spring}
	seawater (<u>F42C 5/00</u> takes precedence; time fuzes F42C 9/00)	9/046	• • • • { and the activating spring being the spring of the clock-work mechanism}
		9/048	{Unlocking of clockwork mechanisms, e.g.
5/00	Fuzes actuated by exposure to a predetermined		by inertia or centrifugal forces; Means for
	ambient fluid pressure {(fluid-pressure-operated		disconnecting the clockwork mechanism from
5 /0.2	switches <u>H01H 35/24</u>)}		the setting mechanism}
5/02	barometric pressure	9/06	• • by flow of fluent material, e.g. shot, fluids
7/00	Fuzes actuated by application of a predetermined mechanical force, e.g. tension, torsion, pressure	9/08	 the timing being caused by chemical action, e.g. of acids {(F42C 9/14 takes precedence)}
	(by ammunition impact F42C 1/00, by exposure to a	9/10	• the timing being caused by combustion {(F42C 9/14)
	predetermined ambient fluid pressure F42C 5/00)		takes precedence)}
7/02	Contact fuzes, i.e. fuzes actuated by mechanical	9/12	 with ring combustion elements
	contact between a stationary ammunition, e.g. a land	9/14	 Double fuzes; Multiple fuzes
	mine, and a moving target, e.g. a person (<u>F42C 7/12</u> takes precedence)	9/141	 {Impact fuze in combination with a clockwork time fuze}
7/04	actuated by applying pressure on the ammunition head	9/142	 {combined time and percussion fuzes in which the timing is caused by combustion}
7/06	and comprising pneumatic or hydraulic	9/144	• • • {with ring or spiral combustion elements}
	retarding means	9/145	• • {combined time and percussion fuzes in which
7/08	• of release type, i.e. actuated by releasing pressure	0/147	the timing is caused by chemical reaction}
7/10	from the ammunition head of antenna type	9/147	• • {Impact fuze in combination with electric time fuze}
		9/148	• • {Proximity fuzes in combination with other

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fuzes}

9/16	• • for self-destruction of ammunition $\{(\underline{F42C} \ 9/141 \ - \underline{F42C} \ 9/148 \ take \ precedence)\}$	15/00	Arming-means in fuzes; Safety means for preventing premature detonation of fuzes or
9/18	when the spin rate falls below a predetermined		charges
	limit, e.g. a spring force being stronger than the locking action of a centrifugally-operated lock	15/005	 {Combination-type safety mechanisms, i.e. two or more safeties are moved in a predetermined sequence to each other}
11/00	Electric fuzes ({in combination with other fuzes <u>F42C 9/14</u> }; proximity fuzes <u>F42C 13/00</u> ; {safety	15/16	wherein the firing pin is displaced out of the action line for safety (F42C 15/40 takes precedence)
	or arming effected by electric means F42C 15/40; electric contact parts for fuzes F42C 19/06}; electric igniters F42C 19/12, {F42B 3/12 - F42B 3/18; optical	15/18	 wherein a carrier for an element of the pyrotechnic or explosive train is moved (F42C 15/40 takes precedence)
	initiators <u>F42B 3/113</u> })	15/184	using a slidable carrier
11/001	• {Electric circuits for fuzes characterised by the	15/188	using a stituable carrier using a rotatable carrier
	ammunition class or type (<u>F42C 11/02</u> - <u>F42C 11/06</u> take precedence; mechanical fuzes having electric igniters for hand grenades or marine warheads	15/192	 rotatable in a plane which is parallel to the longitudinal axis of the projectile by the action of centrifugal or inertia forces
	<u>F42C 14/025</u> , <u>F42C 14/045</u>)}	15/196	
11/002	• • {Smart ammunition fuzes, i.e. having an integrated scanning, guiding and firing system}		on the carrier body, e.g. the carrier having eccentrically mounted weights or eccentric
11/003	• • {for hand grenades}	15/20	centre of gravity
11/005	• • {for marine warheads, e.g. torpedoes, mines, depth charges}	15/20	wherein a securing-pin or latch is removed to arm the fuze, e.g. removed from the firing-pin
11/006	• • {for fall bombs}	15/01	$\{\frac{\text{F42C 9/041}}{\text{and}}\}$ and $\frac{\text{F42C 15/40}}{\text{F42C 15/32}}$ take precedence)
11/007	• • {for land mines}	15/21	• using spring action (<u>F42C 15/32</u> takes
11/008	• {Power generation in electric fuzes (F42C 11/02,		precedence)
11/02	F42C 11/04 and F42C 15/295 take precedence)} with piezo-crystal	15/22	• using centrifugal force (F42C 15/23 takes precedence)
		15/23	 by unwinding a flexible ribbon or tape
11/04	with current induction	15/24	 wherein the safety or arming action is effected
11/06	• with time delay by electric circuitry		by inertia means (<u>F42C 15/196</u> , <u>F42C 15/20</u> take
11/065	• • {Programmable electronic delay initiators in projectiles}	15/26	precedence)using centrifugal force
12/00	Duranianitas francas Francas francascas de decembricas	15/28	• operated by flow of fluent material, e.g. shot, fluids
13/00	Proximity fuzes; Fuzes for remote detonation {(F42C 9/148 takes precedence; constructional details	13/20	(F42C 15/26 takes precedence)
		15/285	• • stored within the fuze housing
12/002	<u>F42C 19/00</u> ; mounting of antennas <u>F42B 30/006</u>)}	15/29	operated by fluidic oscillators; operated by
13/003 13/006	 {operated by variations in electrostatic field} {for non-guided, spinning, braked or gravity-driven		dynamic fluid pressure, e.g. ram-air operated
	weapons, e.g. parachute-braked sub-munitions}	15/295	• operated by a turbine or a propeller; Mounting
13/02	 operated by intensity of light or similar radiation 		means therefor
13/023	• • {using active distance measurement}	15/30	• • of propellant gases, i.e. derived from propulsive
13/026	{Remotely actuated projectile fuzes operated by		charge or rocket motor
13/04	optical transmission links} operated by radio waves	15/31	 generated by the combustion of a pyrotechnic or explosive charge within the fuze
13/042	• Speraced by faulto waves • Special on distance determination by coded radar	15/32	• operated by change of fluid pressure (<u>F42C 5/00</u> ,
13/042	techniques}		F42C 15/29 take precedence)
13/045	• {using transmission of F.M. waves}	15/33	by breaking a vacuum or pressure container
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15/34	• wherein the safety or arming action is effected by
13/047	• • {Remotely actuated projectile fuzes operated by radio transmission links}		a blocking-member in the pyrotechnic or explosive train between primer and main charge (F42C 15/18,
13/06	operated by sound waves		F42C 15/40 take precedence)
13/08	operated by variations in magnetic field	15/36	• wherein arming is effected by combustion or fusion
14/00	{Mechanical} fuzes characterised by the		of an element; {Arming methods using temperature
	ammunition class or type (F42C 1/00, {F42C 7/00, F42C 9/00, F42C 11/001}, F42C 13/00, F42C 15/00	15/38	gradients}(<u>F42C 15/31</u> takes precedence) • wherein arming is effected by chemical action
	take precedence)		(<u>F42C 3/00</u> takes precedence)
14/02 14/025	for hand grenades• {having electric igniters}	15/40	 wherein the safety or arming action is effected electrically
		15/42	• • from a remote location, e.g. for controlled mines
14/04	• for torpedoes, marine mines or depth charges (influenced marine mines <u>F42B 22/04</u>)		or mine fields
14/045	• • {having electric igniters}	15/44	. Arrangements for disarming, or for rendering
14/06	• for fall bombs		harmless, fuzes after arming, e.g. after launch
14/08	 for land mines 	17/00	Fuze-setting apparatus
		17/02	• Fuze-setting keys
			for electric fuzes
		17/04	• 101 electric fuzes

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19/00	Details of fuzes (except F42C 15/00)			
19/02	• Fuze bodies; Fuze housings			
19/04	Protective caps			
19/06	Electric contact parts specially adapted for use with			
	electric fuzes {(switches operated by change of speed <u>H01H 35/06</u> ; switches operated by change of acceleration, e.g. shock or vibration, inertia switches <u>H01H 35/14</u> ; fluid-pressure-operated switches <u>H01H 35/24</u>)}			
19/07	Nose-contacts for projectiles or missiles			
19/08	 Primers (initiators for blasting cartridges <u>F42B 3/10</u>; ignition means for rocket engine plants <u>F02K 9/95</u>); Detonators 			
19/0803	 {characterised by the combination of <u>per se</u> known chemical composition in the priming substance} 			
19/0807	 {characterised by the particular configuration of the transmission channels from the priming energy source to the charge to be ignited, e.g. multiple channels, nozzles, diaphragms or filters} 			
19/0811	• • {characterised by the generation of a plasma for initiating the charge to be ignited}			
19/0815	• • {Intermediate ignition capsules, i.e. self-contained primary pyrotechnic module transmitting the initial firing signal to the secondary explosive, e.g. using electric, radio frequency, optical or percussion signals to the secondary explosive (initiators for blasting cartridges or air bags F42B 3/10)}			
19/0819	• • {Primers or igniters for the initiation of rocket motors, i.e. pyrotechnical aspects thereof}			
19/0823	• • {Primers or igniters for the initiation or the propellant charge in a cartridged ammunition (primers for caseless ammunition F42C 19/085)}			
19/0826	• • {comprising an elongated perforated tube, i.e. flame tube, for the transmission of the initial energy to the propellant charge, e.g. used for artillery shells and kinetic energy penetrators}			
19/083	• • • {characterised by the shape and configuration of the base element embedded in the cartridge bottom, e.g. the housing for the squib or percussion cap}			
19/0834	• • • {Arrangements of a multiplicity of primers or detonators dispersed within a propellant charge for increased efficiency}			
19/0838	• • {Primers or igniters for the initiation or the explosive charge in a warhead (<u>F42C 19/095</u> takes precedence)}			
19/0842	• • • {Arrangements of a multiplicity of primers or detonators, dispersed within a warhead, for multiple mode selection}			
19/0846	• • • {Arrangements of a multiplicity of primers or detonators, dispersed within a warhead, for increased efficiency}			
19/085	• Primers for caseless ammunition			
19/09	Primers or detonators containing a hollow charge			
19/095	Arrangements of a multiplicity of primers or detonators, dispersed around a warhead, one of the primers or detonators being selected for directional detonation effects			
19/10	Percussion caps			
19/12	electric			
19/14	• • • operable also in the percussion mode			
21/00	Checking fuzes; Testing fuzes			

Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass

99/00

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