CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

G PHYSICS

(NOTES omitted)

INSTRUMENTS

G05 CONTROLLING; REGULATING (NOTES omitted)

G05F SYSTEMS FOR REGULATING ELECTRIC OR MAGNETIC VARIABLES (regulating the timing or recurrence frequency of pulses in radar or radio navigation systems G01S;

regulation of current or voltage, specially adapted for use in electronic time-pieces <u>G04G 19/02</u>; closed-loop systems for regulating non-electric variables by electric means <u>G05D</u>; regulating power supply of digital computers <u>G06F 1/26</u>; for obtaining desired operating characteristics of electromagnets with armatures <u>H01F 7/18</u>; regulating electric power distribution networks <u>H02J</u>; regulating the charging of batteries <u>H02J 7/00</u>; regulation of the output of static converters, e.g. switching regulators <u>H02M</u>; regulation of the output of electric generators <u>H02N</u>, <u>H02P 9/00</u>; controlling transformers, reactors or choke coils <u>H02P 13/00</u>; regulating frequency response, gain, maximum output, amplitude or bandwidth of amplifiers <u>H03G</u>; regulating tuning of resonant circuits <u>H03J</u>; regulating characteristics of transmission lines <u>H04B</u>; controlling electric light sources <u>H05B 39/04</u>, <u>H05B 41/36</u>, <u>H05B 45/10</u>, <u>H05B 45/20</u>, <u>H05B 47/10</u>; electric control of X-ray apparatus <u>H05G 1/30</u>)

NOTES

- 1. This subclass covers:
 - systems only;
 - use of hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical, and electrical motors for varying electric characteristics of devices which restore the quantity regulated;
 - the combination of static converters and current or voltage regulators, if the invention resides in the combination.
- 2. This subclass does not cover elements per se, which are covered by the relevant subclasses.

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

G05F 3/28	covered by	<u>G05F 3/26</u>
G05F 5/02	covered by	<u>G05F 5/00</u>
G05F 5/04	covered by	<u>G05F 5/00</u>
G05F 5/06	covered by	<u>G05F 5/00</u>
G05F 5/08	covered by	<u>G05F 5/00</u>

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Automatic systems in which deviations of an electric quantity from one or more predetermined	1/10	• Regulating voltage or current (<u>G05F 1/02</u> takes precedence; for electric railways <u>B60M 3/02</u>)
	values are detected at the output of the system and fed back to a device within the system to restore the detected quantity to its predetermined value or	1/12	• wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is ac (G05F 1/625 takes precedence)
	values, i.e. retroactive systems	1/13	• • • using ferroresonant transformers as final
1/02	Regulating electric characteristics of arcs		control devices
	(arrangements for feeding electrodes <u>B23K 9/12</u> , <u>H05B 7/109</u> , <u>H05B 31/18</u> ; automatic control of power for heating by discharge <u>H05B 7/148</u>)	1/14	using tap transformers or tap changing inductors as final control devices
1/04		1/147	• • • with motor driven tap switch
	• by means of saturable magnetic devices	1/153	controlled by discharge tubes or
1/06	• • by means of discharge tubes		semiconductor devices
1/08	• • by means of semiconductor devices	1/16	combined with discharge tubes or semiconductor devices

G05F

1/20	• • • • • semiconductor devices only
1/22	combined with separate magnetic control
	devices having a controllable degree of
	saturation
1/24	using bucking or boosting transformers as final
	control devices
1/247	•••• with motor in control circuit
1/253	• • • • the transformers including plural windings in
	series between source and load (G05F 1/247
	takes precedence)
1/26	combined with discharge tubes or
	semiconductor devices
1/30	semiconductor devices only
1/32	• • • using magnetic devices having a controllable
	degree of saturation as final control devices
1/325	• • • with specific core structure, e.g. gap,
	aperture, slot, permanent magnet
1/33	•••• with plural windings through which current
	to be controlled is conducted
1/335	on different cores
1/34	combined with discharge tubes or
	semiconductor devices
1/38	semiconductor devices only
1/40	using discharge tubes or semiconductor devices
	as final control devices
1/42	discharge tubes only
1/44	semiconductor devices only
1/445	being transistors in series with the load
1/45	•••• being controlled rectifiers in series with
	the load
1/452	••••• {with pulse-burst modulation control}
1/455	•••••• with phase control
1/455 1/46	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	• • wherein the variable actually regulated by the
	-
	• wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc ($\underline{G05F 1/625}$ takes
1/46	• wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc ($\underline{G05F 1/625}$ takes precedence)
1/46	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control
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1/46 1/461	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (<u>G05F 1/625</u> takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load,
1/46 1/461	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (<u>G05F 1/625</u> takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current
1/46 1/461 1/462	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (<u>G05F 1/625</u> takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic}
1/46 1/461 1/462	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (<u>G05F 1/625</u> takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators}
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay}
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1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry,
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown}
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1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices in series with the load as final con
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence)
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply sugnally {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)}
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {With a threshold detection shunting the
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56 1/561 1/562	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {Woltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)}
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {Woltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {with a threshold detection shunting the control path of the final control device} including two stages of regulation at least
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56 1/561 1/562	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply susing semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {With a threshold detection shunting the control path of the final control device} including two stages of regulation at least one of which is output level responsive, e.g.
1/46 1/461 1/462 1/463 1/465 1/466 1/467 1/468 1/52 1/54 1/56 1/561 1/562	 wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc (G05F 1/625 takes precedence) {using an operational amplifier as final control device} {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic} {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature} {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators} {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay} {Sources with noise compensation} {Characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown} using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices additionally controlled by the unregulated supply using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices (G05F 1/461 takes precedence) {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {Woltage to current converters (amplifiers H03F)} {with a threshold detection shunting the control path of the final control device} including two stages of regulation at least

1/565	•••• sensing a condition of the system or its load in addition to means responsive to deviations in the output of the system, e.g. current, voltage, power factor (<u>G05F 1/563</u> takes
	precedence)
1/567	for temperature compensation
1/569	for protection
1/571	• • • • • with overvoltage detector
1/573	with overcurrent detector
1/5735	•••••• {with foldback current limiting}
1/575	characterised by the feedback circuit
1/577	for plural loads
1/585	providing voltages of opposite polarities
1/59	including plural semiconductor devices as final control devices for a single load
1/595	semiconductor devices connected in series
1/607	using discharge tubes in parallel with the load as final control devices
1/61	including two stages of regulation, at least one of which is output level responsive
1/613	• • • using semiconductor devices in parallel with the load as final control devices (<u>G05F 1/461</u> takes precedence)
1/614	• • • • including two stages of regulation, at least
1/618	one of which is output level responsive
1/018	using semiconductor devices in series and in parallel with the load as final control devices (<u>G05F 1/461</u> takes precedence)
1/62	• • • using bucking or boosting dc sources
1/625	• wherein it is irrelevant whether the variable
	actually regulated is ac or dc
1/63	using variable impedances in series with the load as final control devices
1/635	• • • being Hall effect devices, magnetoresistors or thermistors
1/644	being pressure-sensitive resistors
1/648	• • • • being plural resistors among which a
	selection is made
1/652	using variable impedances in parallel with the load as final control devices
1/656	using variable impedances in series and in parallel with the load as final control devices
1/66	Regulating electric power
1/67	• • to the maximum power available from a
	generator, e.g. from solar cell
1/70	• Regulating power factor; Regulating reactive current or power
3/00	Non-retroactive systems for regulating electric
	variables by using an uncontrolled element,
	or an uncontrolled combination of elements,
	such element or such combination having
	self-regulating properties {(current generators specially designed for use in phase-locked loops
2 (2 2	H03L 7/0891)}
3/02	• Regulating voltage or current
3/04	• • wherein the variable is ac
3/06	using combinations of saturated and unsaturated inductive devices, e.g. combined with resonant circuit
3/08	• • wherein the variable is dc
3/10	using uncontrolled devices with non-linear characteristics
3/12	• • • being glow discharge tubes

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3/16	• • • being semiconductor devices
3/18	using Zener diodes
3/185	••••• {and field-effect transistors}
3/20	••••• using diode- transistor combinations
	(G05F 3/18 takes precedence)
3/205	••••• {Substrate bias-voltage generators (for
	static stores <u>G11C 5/146</u>)}
3/22	• • • • • wherein the transistors are of the bipolar
	type only (<u>G05F 3/26</u> , <u>G05F 3/30</u> take
	precedence)
3/222	••••• {with compensation for device
	parameters, e.g. Early effect, gain,
	manufacturing process, or external
	variations, e.g. temperature, loading,
	supply voltage}
3/225	{producing a current or voltage as
	a predetermined function of the
2/225	temperature }
3/227	•••••• {producing a current or voltage as
	a predetermined function of the
2/24	supply voltage}
3/24	
	field-effect type only (<u>G05F 3/205</u> , <u>G05F 3/26</u> , <u>G05F 3/30</u> take precedence)
3/242	• • • • • • • { with compensation for device
3/242	parameters, e.g. channel width
	modulation, threshold voltage,
	processing, or external variations, e.g.
	temperature, loading, supply voltage}
3/245	•••••• {producing a voltage or current as
	a predetermined function of the
	temperature }
3/247	•••••• {producing a voltage or current as
	a predetermined function of the
	supply voltage}
3/26	Current mirrors
3/262	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
3/265	••••• {using bipolar transistors only}
3/267	••••• {using both bipolar and field-effect
	technology}
3/30	Regulators using the difference between
	the base-emitter voltages of two bipolar
	transistors operating at different current
	densities (G05F 3/26 takes precedence)
5/00	Systems for regulating electric variables by
2100	detecting deviations in the electric input to the
	system and thereby controlling a device within the

- system and thereby controlling a device within the system to obtain a regulated output
- 7/00 Regulating magnetic variables (details of apparatus for measuring magnetic variables involving magnetic resonance G01R 33/28)