# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

### **H ELECTRICITY**

(NOTE omitted)

### H04 ELECTRIC COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUE

(NOTE omitted)

### **H04B** TRANSMISSION

#### NOTE

This subclass <u>covers</u> the transmission of information-carrying signals, the transmission being independent of the nature of the information, and includes monitoring and testing arrangements and the suppression and limitation of noise and interference.

## WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Details of transmission systems, not covered by a single one of groups H04B 3/00 - H04B 13/00; Details of transmission systems not characterised by the medium used for transmission	1/0035 {Channel filtering, i.e. selecting a frequency channel within a software radio system (multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals being represented by different frequencies H04L 5/06; multiplexing of
	NOTE	multicarrier modulation signals <u>H04L 5/023</u> )}
	In this group, group <u>H04B 1/0003</u> takes precedence over groups <u>H04B 1/005</u> - <u>H04B 1/76</u>	1/0039 {using DSP [Digital Signal Processor] quadrature modulation and demodulation}
1/0003	• {Software-defined radio [SDR] systems, i.e.	1/0042 {Digital filtering ( <u>H04B 1/0035</u> takes precedence; digital filters <u>per se H03H 17/00</u> )}
	systems wherein components typically implemented in hardware, e.g. filters or modulators/demodulators,	1/0046 • • {Decimation, i.e. data rate reduction techniques}
	are implented using software, e.g. by involving an AD or DA conversion stage such that at least part of the signal processing is performed in the digital domain (digital baseband systems H04L 25/00;	1/005 • {adapting radio receivers, transmitters andtransceivers for operation on two or more bands, i.e. frequency ranges}
	digital modulation/demodulation H04L 27/00;	1/0053 {with common antenna for more than one band}
	CDMA <u>H04B 1/707</u> ; TDMA <u>H04B 7/2643</u> ; image transmission <u>H04N 5/00</u> )}	1/0057 • • • {using diplexing or multiplexing filters for selecting the desired band}
1/0007	• • {wherein the AD/DA conversion occurs at radiofrequency or intermediate frequency stage}	1/006 {using switches for selecting the desired band (H04B 1/0057 takes precedence)}
1/001	• • • {Channel filtering, i.e. selecting a frequency channel within the SDR system (multiplexing	1/0064 • • { with separate antennas for the more than one band (H04B 1/0053 takes precedence) }
	of multicarrier modulation signals being represented by different frequencies	1/0067 • • { with one or more circuit blocks in common for different bands }
	<u>H04L 5/06;</u> multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals <u>H04L 5/023</u> )}	1/0071 • • • {using a common intermediate frequency for more than one band (H04B 1/0075 takes
1/0014	{using DSP [Digital Signal Processor]	precedence)}
1/0017	quadrature modulation and demodulation} {Digital filtering (H04B 1/001 takes	1/0075 {using different intermediate frequencied for the different bands}
	precedence; digital filters per se H03H 17/00)}	1/0078 { with a common intermediate frequency
1/0021	• • • {Decimation, i.e. data rate reduction techniques (H04B 1/0025 takes precedence)}	amplifier for the different intermediate frequencies, e.g. when using switched
1/0025	• • { using a sampling rate lower than twice the	intermediate frequency filters}
	highest frequency component of the sampled signal (for demodulation of angle-modulated	1/0082 {with a common local oscillator for more than one band}
1/0029	signals H03D 3/006)}	1/0085 { where one band is the image frequency
1/0028	<ul> <li>{wherein the AD/DA conversion occurs at baseband stage}</li> </ul>	band of the other and the band selection is done by image rejection}
1/0032	{ with analogue quadrature frequency conversion to and from the baseband	1/0089 {using a first intermediate frequency higher that the highest of any band received}
	(quadrature modulators and demodulators per	1/0092 {using a wideband front end}
	se H03D 3/007, H03C 3/40)}	1/0096 • {where a full band is frequency converted into another full band}
		anomer run band;

1/02	Transmitters	1/123	• • • { using adaptive balancing or compensation
1/02	<ul> <li>Transmuers</li> <li>Constructional details, e.g. casings, housings</li> </ul>	1/125	means (adaptive filter circuits and algorithms
1/03	Portable transmitters		H03H)}
1/0343	{to be carried on the body}	1/126	• • • • {having multiple inputs, e.g. auxiliary
1/0346	{Hand-held transmitters}		antenna for receiving interfering signal
1/0346	Cooling arrangements		(aerials in general H01Q)}
1/030	Circuits	1/14	Automatic detuning arrangements
2001/0408	{with power amplifiers}	1/16	Circuits
2001/0406	• • • {with power amplifiers} • • • • {having gain or transmission power control}	1/1607	• • • {Supply circuits (converters <u>H02M</u> ; filters
2001/0416	• • • {with linearisation using predistortion}		therefor H02M 1/14; voltage stabilisers
2001/0423	{ with linearisation using feedback}		G05F 1/46)
2001/0433	• • • {with linearisation using feed-forward}	1/1615	• • • • {Switching on; Switching off, e.g. remotely
2001/0441	• • • {with means for improving efficiency}		(battery saving circuits associated with
1/0458	{Arrangements for matching and coupling		selective call operation <u>H04W 52/00</u> ; details
	between power amplifier and antenna or		of power consumption reduction in a PLL, H03L 7/0802, H03L 7/14, H03L 2207/08,
	between amplifying stages (matching circuits in		H03L 2207/18; muting amplifiers by gain
	general <u>H03H</u> )}		control see H03G 3/34)}
1/0466	• • • {Fault detection or indication (H04B 1/0483	1/1623	· · · · {using tubes}
	takes precedence)}	1/163	• • {Special arrangements for the reduction of
1/0475	• • { with means for limiting noise, interference or		the damping of resonant circuits of receivers
	distortion ( <u>H04B 1/0483</u> takes precedence)}		(amplifiers <u>H03F</u> ; negative impedance
1/0483	• • • {Transmitters with multiple parallel paths}		networks for line transmission systems
2001/0491	{with frequency synthesizers, frequency		<u>H04B 3/16</u> )}
	converters or modulators}	1/1638	{Special circuits to enhance selectivity of
1/06	. Receivers		receivers not otherwise provided for (resonant
1/08	Constructional details, e.g. cabinet		circuits <u>H03H</u> )}
1/082	• • • {to be used in vehicles ( <u>H04B 1/086</u> takes	1/1646	• • • {adapted for the reception of stereophonic
	precedence; holding or mounting accessories	1/1/52	signals}
2001/09/	B60R 11/02)}	1/1653	{Detection of the presence of stereo signals and pilot signal regeneration}
2001/084 1/086	<ul><li> {with removable front panel}</li><li> {Portable receivers}</li></ul>	1/1661	• • • {Reduction of noise by manipulation of the
1/088	• • • {with parts of the receiver detachable or	1/1001	baseband composite stereophonic signal or
1/000	collapsible}		the decoded left and right channels}
1/10	Means associated with receiver for limiting or	1/1669	• • • • {of the demodulated composite stereo
1/10	suppressing noise or interference		signal}
1/1009	• • • {Placing the antenna at a place where the noise	1/1676	{of the sum or difference signal}
	level is low and using a noise-free transmission	1/1684	{of the decoded left or right stereo
	line between the antenna and the receivers		channel}
	(screened aerials H01Q 7/04; feeders for aerials	1/1692	• • • {using companding of the stereo difference
	<u>H01Q 9/00</u> )}		signal, e.g. FMX (volume compression or
1/1018	• • • {noise filters connected between the power		expansion in amplifiers <u>H03G 7/00</u> )}
	supply and the receiver (suppression or	1/18	Input circuits, e.g. for coupling to an antenna or
	limitation of noise from electric apparatus <u>H04B 15/00</u> ; demodulation <u>H03D</u> ; ripple filters		a transmission line (coupling networks between
	<u>H04B 13/00</u> , defloctdiation <u>H05B</u> , ripple filters <u>H02M 1/14</u> ; filters in general <b>95G</b> , <u>H03H</u> ;		antennas or lines and receivers independent of the nature of the receiver H03H)
	power supplies <u>H04B 1/1607</u> )}	1/20	• • • for coupling gramophone pick-up, recorder
1/1027	• • • {assessing signal quality or detecting noise/	1/20	output, or microphone to receiver
-,	interference for the received signal}	1/202	• • • {by remote control}
1/1036	• • • { with automatic suppression of narrow band	1/205	• • • {with control bus for exchanging commands
	noise or interference, e.g. by using tuneable	1,200	between units}
	notch filters ( <u>H04B 1/123</u> takes precedence;	1/207	{ with an audio or audio/video bus for signal
	filter circuits <u>H03H</u> )}		distribution (H04B 1/205 takes precedence)
2001/1045	{Adjacent-channel interference}	1/22	for receivers in which no local oscillation is
2001/1054	• • • {by changing bandwidth}		generated
2001/1063	• • • {using a notch filter}	1/24	the receiver comprising at least one
2001/1072	• • • {by tuning the receiver frequency}		semiconductor device having three or more
1/1081	{Reduction of multipath noise (by equalising		electrodes
1/100	<u>H04B 7/005</u> )}	1/26	for superheterodyne receivers (multiple
1/109	• • • {by improving strong signal performance of the receiver when strong unwanted signals are	1 /20	frequency-changing H03D 7/16)
	present at the receiver input}	1/28	• • • • the receiver comprising at least one semiconductor device having three or more
1/12	Neutralising, balancing, or compensation		electrodes
1,12	arrangements	1/30	• • • for homodyne or synchrodyne receivers
	C	2,00	(demodulator circuits H03D 1/22)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1/302		• {for single sideband receivers (demodulator circuits H03D 1/24)}	1/525	•	with means for reducing leakage of transmitter signal into the receiver
2001/305		(using dc offset compensation techniques)	1/54		using the same frequency for two directions of
2001/303		• {using de offset compensation techniques} • {using n-port mixer}	1/34	•	communication (H04B 1/44 takes precedence)
1/38		ansceivers, i.e. devices in which transmitter and	1/56		• • • with provision for simultaneous
1/36		eiver form a structural unit and in which at least	1/50	•	communication in two directions
		e part is used for functions of transmitting and	1/58		
			1/36	•	transition from single-path two-direction
1/2005		eiving			transmission to single-direction transmission
1/3805		with built-in auxiliary receivers			on each of two paths or <u>vice versa</u>
2001/3811		{Split configuration of transmission devices}	1/581		• • • {using a transformer}
1/3816		Mechanical arrangements for accommodating			• • • • {using a transformer} • • • • • {with automatic balancing}
		dentification devices, e.g. cards or chips; with	1/582		•
		connectors for programming identification devices	1/583		• • • {using a bridge network}
1/2010			1/585		{with automatic balancing}
1/3818		Arrangements for facilitating insertion or removal of identification devices	1/586		• • • {using an electronic circuit}
1/2022			1/587	•	• • • • {using opto-couplers (light transmission
1/3822		specially adapted for use in vehicles			systems <u>H04B 10/00</u> )}
1/2027		(H04B 1/3827 takes precedence)	1/588		• • • {using sampling gates}
1/3827		Portable transceivers	1/59		Responders; Transponders
1/3833		{Hand-held transceivers}	1/60		Supervising unattended repeaters
1/3838		• {Arrangements for reducing RF exposure to	1/62	•	for providing a predistortion of the signal in the
		the user, e.g. by changing the shape of the			transmitter and corresponding correction in the
2001/2044		transceiver while in use}			receiver, e.g. for improving the signal/noise ratio
2001/3844		• • { with means to alert the user that a certain	1/64		• Volume compression or expansion arrangements
1/205		exposure has been reached}	1/66	•	for reducing bandwidth of signals; for improving
1/385		{Transceivers carried on the body, e.g. in			efficiency of transmission ( <u>H04B 1/68</u> takes
		helmets}			precedence)
		• {carried in a belt or harness}	1/662	•	• {using a time/frequency relationship, e.g. time
		• {carried in a hand or on fingers}			compression or expansion}
		• {carried on the head}	1/665	•	• {using psychoacoustic properties of the ear, e.g.
		• {with extendable microphones or earphones}			masking effect}
1/3877		Arrangements for enabling portable	1/667	•	• {using a division in frequency subbands (for TV
		transceivers to be used in a fixed position, e.g.			signals <u>H04N 19/63</u> )}
1/2002		cradles or boosters	1/68	•	for wholly or partially suppressing the carrier or one
1/3883		Arrangements for mounting batteries or battery	1/60		side band
1/2000		chargers	1/69		Spread spectrum techniques
1/3888		Arrangements for carrying or protecting transceivers	2001/6904		• {using code hopping}
2001/2004			2001/6908		• {using time hopping}
2001/3894		{Waterproofing of transmission device}	2001/6912		• {using chirp}
1/40		Circuits			• {Related theory}
1/401		for selecting or indicating operating mode	1/692	•	Hybrid techniques using combinations of two or
1/403		using the same oscillator for generating both			more spread spectrum techniques
		the transmitter frequency and the receiver local	1/707		<ul> <li>using direct sequence modulation</li> </ul>
1/405		oscillator frequency	2001/70706	•	• • {using a code tracking loop, e.g. a delay locked
1/405		with multiple discrete channels			loop}
1/406	• • •	<ul> <li>(with more than one transmission mode, e.g. analog and digital modes)</li> </ul>	1/70712	•	• • {with demodulation by means of convolvers,
1/400					e.g. of the SAW type (SAW convolvers in
1/408	• • •	. the transmitter oscillator frequency being identical to the receiver local oscillator	1/80510		general <u>G06G 7/195</u> )}
		frequency	1//0/18	•	• • {with asynchronous demodulation, i.e. not
1/44			2001/50524		requiring code synchronisation}
1/44		Transmit/receive switching			• • {featuring pilot assisted reception}
1/46		by voice-frequency signals; by pilot signals	1/7073		• Synchronisation aspects
1/48		eceiver to a common transmission path, e.g.	1/70735	•	• • • {Code identification ( <u>H04B 1/7083</u> takes
		by energy of transmitter {(H04B 1/46 takes	<del></del>		precedence)}
		precedence)}	1/7075		• • • with code phase acquisition
2001/485		• • {inhibiting unwanted transmission}	1/70751	•	• • • • {using partial detection ( <u>H04B 1/70758</u>
1/50		using different frequencies for the two			takes precedence)}
1/30	• • •	directions of communication			{Partial correlation}
1/52		Hybrid arrangements, i.e. arrangements for			{Partial phase search}
1/32	• • •	transition from single-path two-direction	1/70754	•	• • • • {Setting of search window, i.e. range of
		transmission to single-direction transmission			code offsets to be searched (H04B 1/70758
		on each of two paths or <u>vice versa</u>	·		takes precedence)}
		The fact of the pants of the total	1/70755	•	• • • {Setting of lock conditions, e.g. threshold}

1/70756	• • • {Jumping within the code, i.e. masking	2001/7154	• • • { with means for preventing interference}
17,0700	or slewing (H04B 1/70758 takes		Arrangements for sequence synchronisation
	precedence)}		• • • {Acquisition}
1/70757	• • • { with increased resolution, i.e. higher		· · · {Tracking}
	than half a chip (H04B 1/70758 takes	1/7163	• using impulse radio
	precedence)}	1/71632	• • • { Signal aspects (H04B 1/7172 and
1/70758	{Multimode search, i.e. using multiple		H04B 1/7176 take precedence)
	search strategies}	1/71635	• • • {Transmitter aspects ( <u>H04B 1/7174</u> takes
1/7077	• • • Multi-step acquisition, e.g. multi-dwell,		precedence)}
	coarse-fine or validation	1/71637	• • • {Receiver aspects ( <u>H04B 1/7183</u> takes
1/70775	• • • • (Multi-dwell schemes, i.e. multiple		precedence)}
1/700	accumulation times}	1/717	• • Pulse-related aspects
	Parallel implementation	1/7172	• • • {Pulse shape (in general <u>H04L 25/03834</u> )}
	<ul><li>Cell search, e.g. using a three-step approach</li><li>using a code tracking loop, e.g. a delay-</li></ul>	1/7174	• • • {Pulse generation (in general
1//065	locked loop		H04L 25/03834)}
2001/70855	{Dithering}	1/7176	Data mapping, e.g. modulation
	Carrier synchronisation aspects	1/7183	Synchronisation
	Correlator structure	1/719	Interference-related aspects
	Matched filter type	1/72	• Circuits or components for simulating antennas, e.g.
	• • • {using a bank of matched fileters, e.g. Fast	1 /7 4	dummy antennas
2001/70/33	Hadamard Transform}	1/74	<ul> <li>for increasing reliability, e.g. using redundant or spare channels or apparatus {(replacing by standby</li> </ul>
1/7095	Sliding correlator type		devices for amplifiers <u>H03F 1/52</u> , <u>H03F 1/542</u> )}
	Interference-related aspects	1/745	• {using by-passing or self-healing methods}
	the interference being narrowband	1/76	Pilot transmitters or receivers for control of
	interference	-, , ,	transmission or for equalising
1/7101	• • { with estimation filters}	2/00	• •
1/7102	• • • {with transform to frequency domain}	3/00	Line transmission systems (combined with near-
1/7103	the interference being multiple access	2/02	field transmission systems <u>H04B 5/00</u> )
	interference	3/02	Details  Why id simplify (for transcrivers HOAD 1/52)
1/7105	Joint detection techniques, e.g. linear	3/03	Hybrid circuits (for transceivers <u>H04B 1/52</u> , H04B 1/58)
1 (710.72	detectors	3/04	Control of transmission; Equalising
	• • • • {using decorrelation matrix}	3/06	by the transmitted signal
1//1055	{using minimum mean squared error	3/08	in negative-feedback path of line amplifier
1/71057	[MMSE] detector}	3/10	by pilot signal
1//103/	• • • {using maximum-likelihood sequence estimation [MLSE]}	3/11	• • • using pilot wire (H04B 3/12 takes
1/7107	Subtractive interference cancellation		precedence)
	{Successive interference cancellation}	3/12	in negative-feedback path of line amplifier
	• • • {Parallel interference cancellation}	3/14	characterised by the equalising network used
	• • • {Partial interference cancellation}	3/141	• • • {using multiequalisers, e.g. bump, cosine,
	• the interference being multi-path interference		Bode}
	Determination of path profile	3/142	• • • {using echo-equalisers, e.g. transversal}
	Constructive combining of multi-path	3/143	• • • {using amplitude-frequency equalisers}
	signals, i.e. RAKE receivers	3/144	• • • • {fixed equalizers}
1/7117	Selection, re-selection, allocation or re-	3/145	• • • • {variable equalisers}
	allocation of paths to fingers, e.g. timing	3/146	• • • {using phase-frequency equalisers}
	offset control of allocated fingers	3/147	{fixed equalisers}
1/712	Weighting of fingers for combining,	3/148	· · · · {variable equalisers}
	e.g. amplitude control or phase rotation	3/16	characterised by the negative-impedance
1/713	using an inner loop using frequency hopping	2/10	network used
	Arrangements for generation of hop	3/18	wherein the network comprises semiconductor devices
1//130 • •	frequencies, e.g. using a bank of frequency	3/20	Reducing echo effects or singing; Opening or
		5,20	
			closing transmitting path; Conditioning for
	sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform		closing transmitting path; Conditioning for transmission in one direction or the other
2001/71362	sources, using continuous tuning or using a	3/21	
	sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform  • {using a bank of frequency sources}  • {using continuous tuning of a single	3/21 3/23	transmission in one direction or the other
2001/71365	<ul> <li>sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform</li> <li>• {using a bank of frequency sources}</li> <li>• {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>transmission in one direction or the other</li> <li>using a set of bandfilters</li> <li>using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers</li> </ul>
2001/71365 2001/71367	<ul> <li>sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform</li> <li>• {using a bank of frequency sources}</li> <li>• {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}</li> <li>• {using a transform}</li> </ul>		transmission in one direction or the other  using a set of bandfilters  using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers  Echo cancellers using readout of a memory
2001/71365 2001/71367 1/7143	<ul> <li>sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform</li> <li>• {using a bank of frequency sources}</li> <li>• {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}</li> <li>• {using a transform}</li> <li>• Arrangements for generation of hop patterns</li> </ul>	3/23 3/231	transmission in one direction or the other  using a set of bandfilters  using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers  {Echo cancellers using readout of a memory to provide the echo replica}
2001/71365 2001/71367 1/7143 1/715	sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform  • {using a bank of frequency sources}  • {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}  • {using a transform}  • Arrangements for generation of hop patterns  • Interference-related aspects	3/23	transmission in one direction or the other  using a set of bandfilters  using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers  {Echo cancellers using readout of a memory to provide the echo replica}  {using phase shift, phase roll or frequency
2001/71365 2001/71367 1/7143 1/715	<ul> <li>sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform</li> <li>• {using a bank of frequency sources}</li> <li>• {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}</li> <li>• {using a transform}</li> <li>• Arrangements for generation of hop patterns</li> </ul>	3/23 3/231	transmission in one direction or the other  using a set of bandfilters  using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers  {Echo cancellers using readout of a memory to provide the echo replica}

3/234 3/235	<ul><li> {using double talk detection}</li><li> {combined with adaptive equaliser}</li></ul>	5/00	Near-field transmission systems, e.g. inductive or capacitive transmission systems
3/237	• • • { using two adaptive filters, e.g. for near end		<u>WARNING</u>
3/238	and for end echo cancelling} {using initial training sequence}		Group H04B 5/00 is impacted by reclassification
3/26	Improving frequency characteristic by the use of loading coils		into groups <u>H04B 5/40</u> , <u>H04B 5/43</u> and <u>H04B 5/45</u> .
3/28	Reducing interference caused by currents induced in cable sheathing or armouring		All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
3/30	Reducing interference caused by unbalanced currents in a normally balanced line	5/20	characterised by the transmission technique;
3/32	Reducing cross-talk, e.g. by compensating		characterised by the transmission medium
3/34	by systematic interconnection of lengths of cable during laying; by addition of balancing components to cable during laying		WARNING Groups <u>H04B 5/20</u> , <u>H04B 5/22</u> , <u>H04B 5/24</u> , <u>H04B 5/26</u> , <u>H04B 5/263</u> , <u>H04B 5/266</u>
3/36 3/38	<ul> <li>Repeater circuits (<u>H04B 3/58</u> takes precedence)</li> <li>for signals in two different frequency ranges transmitted in opposite directions over the same</li> </ul>		and H04B 5/28 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 5/72.
3/40	transmission path  Artificial lines; Networks simulating a line of certain length		All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
3/42	• Circuits for by-passing of ringing signals	5/22	Consolitive counling
3/44	. Arrangements for feeding power to a repeater	5/24	<ul><li>Capacitive coupling</li><li>Inductive coupling</li></ul>
3/46	along the transmission line  . Monitoring; Testing	5/26	using coils
3/462	Testing group delay or phase shift, e.g. timing	5/263	• • • • {Multiple coils at either side}
3/466	jitter Testing attenuation in combination with at	5/266	• • • {One coil at each side, e.g. with primary and secondary coils}
3/48	least one of group delay and phase shift  Testing attenuation (H04B 3/466 takes	5/28	<ul> <li>using the near field of leaky cables, e.g. of leaky coaxial cables</li> </ul>
3/487	precedence) Testing archatalon (1104B 5/400 taxes)	5/40	<ul> <li>characterised by components specially adapted for near-field transmission</li> </ul>
3/493	Testing crosstatic effects     Testing echo effects or singing		WARNING
3/50	<ul> <li>Systems for transmission between fixed stations via two-conductor transmission lines (<u>H04B 3/54</u> takes precedence)</li> </ul>		Groups <u>H04B 5/40</u> and <u>H04B 5/43</u> are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group <u>H04B 5/00</u> .
3/52	<ul> <li>Systems for transmission between fixed stations via waveguides</li> </ul>		Groups H04B 5/00, H04B 5/40 and H04B 5/43
3/54	Systems for transmission via power distribution lines		should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
3/542	• • {the information being in digital form}	5/43	Antennas
3/544	<ul> <li>{Setting up communications; Call and signalling arrangements}</li> </ul>	5/45	WARNING
3/546	<ul> <li>{Combination of signalling, telemetering, protection (circuits for remote indication of supply or distribution network condition H02J 13/00)}</li> </ul>		Group <u>H04B 5/45</u> is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups <u>H04B 5/00</u> and <u>H04B 5/72</u> .
3/548	• • {the power on the line being DC (arrangements for feeding power <u>H04L 12/10</u> ; extracting feeding power from signals <u>H04L 25/02</u> )}		Groups <u>H04B 5/00</u> , <u>H04B 5/72</u> and <u>H04B 5/45</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
3/56	<ul> <li>Circuits for coupling, blocking, or by-passing of signals</li> </ul>	5/48	Transceivers
3/58	Repeater circuits	5/70	<ul> <li>specially adapted for specific purposes</li> </ul>
3/60	Systems for communication between relatively		WARNING
	movable stations, e.g. for communication with lift (H04B 3/54 takes precedence)		Group <u>H04B 5/70</u> is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group <u>H04B 5/72</u> .
			Groups <u>H04B 5/72</u> and <u>H04B 5/70</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/72	for local intradevice communication	7/043 {using best eigenmode, e.g. beam forming
		or beam steering}
	WARNING	7/0434 {using multiple eigenmodes}
	Group $\underline{\text{H04B 5/72}}$ is impacted by	7/0439 {utilizing channel inversion}
	reclassification into groups <u>H04B 5/20</u> ,	7/0443 {utilizing "waterfilling" technique}
	H04B 5/22, H04B 5/24, H04B 5/26,	7/0447 {utilizing uniform distribution}
	H04B 5/263, H04B 5/266, H04B 5/28, H04B 5/45 and H04B 5/70.	7/0452 Multi-user MIMO systems
		7/0456 Selection of precoding matrices or
	All groups listed in this Warning should be	codebooks, e.g. using matrices antenna
	considered in order to perform a complete search.	weighting
	Scarcii.	7/046 {taking physical layer constraints into
5/73	for taking measurements, e.g. using sensing coils	account}
5/75	• • for isolation purposes	7/0465 {taking power constraints at power
5/77	• • for interrogation	amplifier or emission constraints, e.g.
5/79	• • for data transfer in combination with power	constant modulus, into account { 7/0469 {taking special antenna structures, e.g.
	transfer	7/0469 {taking special antenna structures, e.g. cross polarized antennas into account}
7/00	Radio transmission systems, i.e. using radiation	7/0473 {taking constraints in layer or codeword
7700	<b>field</b> (H04B 10/00, H04B 15/00 take precedence)	to antenna mapping into account}
7/002	• {Reducing depolarization effects}	7/0478 {Special codebook structures directed to
7/005	Control of transmission; Equalising	feedback optimisation}
7/01	• Reducing phase shift	
7/015	Reducing echo effects	WARNING
7/02	• Diversity systems; Multi-antenna system, i.e.	Group H04B 7/0478 is impacted
	transmission or reception using multiple antennas	by reclassification into groups
	(RAKE receivers <u>H04B 1/7115</u> )	<u>H04B 7/0479</u> , <u>H04B 7/048</u> and
7/022	Site diversity; Macro-diversity (using two or	<u>H04B 7/0481</u> .
	more spaced independent antennas H04B 7/04)	All groups listed in this Warning should
7/024	Co-operative use of antennas of several sites,	be considered in order to perform a
	e.g. in co-ordinated multipoint or co-operative	complete search.
	multiple-input multiple-output [MIMO]	7/0479 {for multi-dimensional arrays, e.g.
7/026	systems	horizontal or vertical pre-distortion
7/026	<ul> <li>Co-operative diversity, e.g. using fixed or mobile stations as relays</li> </ul>	matrix index [PMI]}
7/028	Spatial transmit diversity using a single antenna	<u>WARNING</u>
77020	at the transmitter}	Group H04B 7/0479 is incomplete
7/04	using two or more spaced independent antennas	pending reclassification of
		documents from group <u>H04B 7/0478</u> .
	WARNING	Groups <u>H04B 7/0478</u> and
	Group H04B 7/04 is impacted by	*
		H04B 7/0479 should be considered
	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and	<u>H04B 7/0479</u> should be considered in order to perform a complete
		H04B 7/0479 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
	reclassification into groups <u>H04B 7/04013</u> and <u>H04B 7/04026</u> .  Groups <u>H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013</u> and	in order to perform a complete search.
	reclassification into groups <u>H04B 7/04013</u> and <u>H04B 7/04026</u> .  Groups <u>H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013</u> and <u>H04B 7/04026</u> should be considered in order	in order to perform a complete
	reclassification into groups <u>H04B 7/04013</u> and <u>H04B 7/04026</u> .  Groups <u>H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013</u> and	in order to perform a complete search.
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  Intelligent reflective surfaces WARNING	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  Intelligent reflective surfaces WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in
7/04013	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
7/04013 7/04026	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING
	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}
7/04026	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete
7/04026	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • • {with codebook-based beamforming} • • • • the mobile station comprising multiple	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of
7/04026 7/0404	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {with codebook-based beamforming} • • • the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.
7/04026 7/0404 7/0408	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {with codebook-based beamforming} • • • • the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity • • • • using two or more beams, i.e. beam diversity	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and
7/04026 7/0404 7/0408 7/0413	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {with codebook-based beamforming} • • • the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity • • • using two or more beams, i.e. beam diversity • • • MIMO systems	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/0481 should be considered
7/04026 7/0404 7/0408 7/0413 7/0417 7/0421	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  • • • {with codebook-based beamforming} • • • the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity • • • using two or more beams, i.e. beam diversity • • • MIMO systems • • • {utilizing implicit feedback, e.g. steered pilot signals}	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/0481 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
7/04026 7/0404 7/0408 7/0413 7/0417	reclassification into groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  {Intelligent reflective surfaces}  WARNING  Groups H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/04.  Groups H04B 7/04, H04B 7/04013 and H04B 7/04026 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  {with codebook-based beamforming}  the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity  using two or more beams, i.e. beam diversity  MIMO systems  {utilizing implicit feedback, e.g. steered	in order to perform a complete search.  7/048 {using three or more PMIs}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/048 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/048 and H04B 7/048 should be considered in order to perform a complete search.  7/0481 {using subset selection of codebooks}  WARNING  Group H04B 7/0481 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 7/0478.  Groups H04B 7/0478 and H04B 7/0481 should be considered in order to perform a complete

7/0486	{taking channel rank into account}	7/0647 {Variable feedback rate}
7,0100		7/065 {Variable contents, e.g. long-
	WARNING	term or short-short}
	Group H04B 7/0486 is impacted	7/0652 {Feedback error handling}
	by reclassification into group	7/0654 {at the receiver, e.g. antenna
	<u>H04B 7/0487</u> .	verification at mobile station}
	Groups H04B 7/0486 and H04B 7/0487 should be considered in order to	7/0656 {at the transmitter, e.g. error detection at base station}
	perform a complete search.	7/0658 {Feedback reduction}
7/0487	{Codebooks having a nested structure}	7/066 {Combined feedback for a number
7/0467	WARNING	of channels, e.g. over several subcarriers like in orthogonal
	Group H04B 7/0487 is incomplete	frequency division multiplexing
	pending reclassification of	[OFDM]}
	documents from group H04B 7/0486.	7/0663 {using vector or matrix manipulations}
	Groups <u>H04B 7/0486</u> and	7/0665 {Feed forward of transmit weights to the
	H04B 7/0487 should be considered	receiver}
	in order to perform a complete search.	7/0667 {of delayed versions of same signal (using
	scarcii.	space-time coding H04L 1/0618)}
7/0491	using two or more sectors, i.e. sector diversity	7/0669 {using different channel coding
7/0495	using overlapping sectors in the same base	between antennas (space-time coding
<b>5</b> .10 c	station to implement MIMO for antennas	<u>H04L 1/0618</u> )}
7/06	at the transmitting station	7/0671 {using different delays between
7/0602	• • • • {using antenna switching ( <u>H04B 7/0686</u> takes precedence; antenna beam directivity	antennas} 7/0673 {using feedback from receiving side}
	switching H01Q 3/24)}	7/0676 {using reedback from receiving side}
7/0604	• • • • {with predefined switching scheme}	delays}
7/0606	{Random or pseudo-random switching	7/0678 {using different spreading codes between
	scheme}	antennas (code allocation <u>H04J 13/16</u> )}
7/0608	• • • • { Antenna selection according to transmission parameters }	7/068 {using space frequency diversity (space-frequency coding <u>H04L 1/0606</u> )}
7/061	• • • • • {using feedback from receiving side}	7/0682 {using phase diversity (e.g. phase
7/0613	• • • {using simultaneous transmission	sweeping)}
	( $\underline{\text{H04B 7/0686}}$ takes precedence)}	7/0684 {using different training sequences per
7/0615	• • • • {of weighted versions of same signal}	antenna}
7/0617	{for beam forming}	7/0686 {Hybrid systems, i.e. switching and simultaneous transmission}
7/0619	{ using feedback from receiving side (feedback signaling for adaptive	7/0689 {using different transmission schemes,
	modulation/coding H04L 1/0001)}	at least one of them being a diversity
7/0621	• • • • {Feedback content}	transmission scheme}
7/0623	{Auxiliary parameters, e.g. power	7/0691 {using subgroups of transmit antennas}
	control [PCB] or not acknowledged	7/0693 {switching off a diversity branch, e.g. to
	commands [NACK], used as	save power}
T/0.62.6	feedback information}	7/0695 {using beam selection}
7/0626	(Channel coefficients, e.g. channel	<u>WARNING</u>
7/0628	state information [CSI]} {Diversity capabilities}	Group H04B 7/0695 is impacted
7/063		by reclassification into groups
77003	those covered in groups	H04B 7/06952, H04B 7/06954,
	H04B 7/0623 - H04B 7/0634, e.g.	<u>H04B 7/06956, H04B 7/06958,</u>
	channel matrix rank or transmit	H04B 7/0696, H04B 7/06962,
	mode selection}	<u>H04B 7/06964, H04B 7/06966</u> and H04B 7/06968.
7/0632	(Channel quality parameters, e.g.	All groups listed in this Warning should
7/0/24	channel quality indicator [CQI]}	be considered in order to perform a
7/0634	• • • • • • {Antenna weights or vector/matrix coefficients}	complete search.
7/0636	• • • • • • {Feedback format}	
7/0639	{Using selective indices, e.g. of a	
	codebook, e.g. pre-distortion matrix index [PMI] or for beam selection}	
7/0641	(5100 110 11 1)	
7/0641	{Differential feedback} {Feedback on request}	
7/0645	{Variable feedback}	
.,0043	( runnote recorder)	

7/06952	• • • • • {Selecting one or more beams from a plurality of beams, e.g. beam training, management or sweeping}	7/084 {Equal gain combining, only phase adjustments (antenna beam scanning or forming by phase or amplitude control
	WARNING	<u>H01Q 3/26</u> , e.g. phased arrays)}
	Groups H04B 7/06952,	7/0842 {Weighted combining}
	H04B 7/06954, H04B 7/06956,	7/0845 {per branch equalization, e.g. by
	H04B 7/06958, H04B 7/0696,	an FIR-filter or RAKE receiver per
	H04B 7/06962, H04B 7/06964,	antenna branch (rake receivers as such
	H04B 7/06966 and H04B 7/06968	H04B 1/7115)}
	are incomplete pending	7/0848 {Joint weighting}
	reclassification of documents from group <u>H04B 7/0695</u> .	7/0851 (using training sequences or error signal (minimizing error signal
	All groups listed in this Warning	<u>H04B 7/0854</u> )}
	should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	7/0854 (using error minimizing algorithms, e.g. minimum mean squared error [MMSE], "cross-correlation" or
7/06954	{Sidelink beam training with support	matrix inversion}
1/00/34	from third instance, e.g. the third	7/0857 {using maximum ratio combining
	instance being a base station}	techniques, e.g. signal-to- interference
7/06956	• • • • • { using a selection of antenna panels }	ratio [SIR], received signal strenght
7/06958	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	indication [RSS]}
.,	refinement}	7/086 {using weights depending on external
7/0696	{Determining beam pairs}	parameters, e.g. direction of arrival
7/06962	{Simultaneous selection of transmit	[DOA], predetermined weights or
	[Tx] and receive [Rx] beams at	beamforming } 7/0862 {receiver computing weights based on
	both sides of a link}	7/0862 {receiver computing weights based on information from the transmitter}
7/06964	{Re-selection of one or more beams	7/0865 {Independent weighting, i.e. weights
	after beam failure}	based on own antenna reception
7/06966	• • • • • • {using beam correspondence; using	parameters}
	channel reciprocity, e.g. downlink	7/0868 {Hybrid systems, i.e. switching and
	beam training based on uplink	combining}
7/0/0/0	sounding reference signal [SRS]}	7/0871 {using different reception schemes, at least
7/06968	(using quasi-colocation [QCL]	one of them being a diversity reception
7/0/07	between signals}	scheme}
7/0697	<ul><li> {using spatial multiplexing}</li><li> at the receiving station</li></ul>	7/0874 {using subgroups of receive antennas}
7/08 7/0802	• • • • {using antenna selection (H04B 7/0868)	7/0877 (switching off a diversity branch, e.g. to
7/0802	takes precedence; antenna beam directivity	save power}
	switching H01Q 3/24)}	7/088 {using beam selection}
7/0805	• • • { with single receiver and antenna	7/0882 {using post-detection diversity}
	switching (H04B 7/0822 takes	7/0885 {with combination}
	precedence)}	7/0888 {with selection}
7/0808	{comparing all antennas before	7/0891 {Space-time diversity (rake receivers
	reception}	<u>H04B 1/7115;</u> space-time decoding
7/0811	{during preamble or gap period}	H04L 1/0631)}
7/0814	{based on current reception conditions,	7/0894 {using different delays between antennas}
	e.g. switching to different antenna when	7/0897 {using beamforming per multi-path, e.g. to cope with different directions of arrival
	signal level is below threshold}	[DOA] at different multi-paths}
7/0817	• • • • { with multiple receivers and antenna path	7/10 • • Polarisation diversity; Directional diversity
	selection}	7/12 . Frequency diversity
7/082	• • • • { selecting best antenna path }	7/14 . Relay systems
7/0822	{according to predefined selection	7/145 • Passive relay systems
7/0025	scheme}	7/15 . Active relay systems
7/0825	• • • • {with main and with auxiliary or diversity	7/155 Ground-based stations (H04B 7/204 takes
7/0828	antennas} { with delay elements in antenna paths}	precedence)
	The state of the s	7/15507 {Relay station based processing for cell
7/0831	• • • • {Compensation of the diversity switching process for non-uniform properties or	extension or control of coverage area,
	faulty operations of the switches used in	(network planning with network coordinated
	the diversity switching process}	processing with regard to cell extension
7/0834	• • • • {based on external parameters, e.g.	<u>H04W 16/26</u> ; network topologies using
	subscriber speed or location}	dedicated repeater stations <u>H04W 84/047</u> ;
7/0837	• • • {using pre-detection combining	terminal devices adapted for relaying to or
	$(\underline{\text{H04B 7/0868}} \text{ takes precedence})$	from an other terminal H04W 88/04)}

7/15514	satellite mobile telephony service systems	7/18515 {Transmission equipment in satellites or space-based relays}
7/15521	H04B 7/18536)} {combining by calculations packets received	7/18517 {Transmission equipment in earth stations}
	from different stations before transmitting the combined packets as part of network	7/18519 {Operations control, administration or maintenance}
	coding (network coding aspects for detection	7/18521 {Systems of inter linked satellites, i.e. inter
	or prevention of errors in the information received <u>H04L 1/0076</u> ; network traffic	satellite service (for optical links between
	management with optimizing of information	satellites <u>H04B 10/118</u> )}
	sizing, e.g. header compression, by using	7/18523 {Satellite systems for providing broadcast service to terrestrial stations, i.e. broadcast
	assembly and disassembly of packets	satellite service (arrangements specially
54.5500	<u>H04W 28/065</u> )}	adapted for satellite broadcast receiving
7/15528	• • • {Control of operation parameters of a relay station to exploit the physical medium}	H04H 40/90; picture transmission via
7/15535	• • • • {Control of relay amplifier gain (amplifier	satellite <u>H04N 1/00103</u> ; television transmission via satellite <u>H04N 7/20</u> )}
	gain control in general H03G 3/00; gain	7/18526 {Arrangements for data linking,
	control reducing self - or loop interference	networking or transporting, or for
7/15540	H04B 7/15578)}	controlling an end to end session (data
7/15542	{Selecting at relay station its transmit and receive resources (selection of	switching networks <u>H04L 12/00</u> )}
	wireless resources by user or terminal	7/18528 {Satellite systems for providing two-way communications service to a network of
	H04W 72/02; arrangements affording	fixed stations, i.e. fixed satellite service
	multiple use of the transmission path by	or very small aperture terminal [VSAT]
	two-dimensional division of the resources <u>H04L 5/0003</u> , or by allocating sub-	system}
	channels <u>H04L 5/003</u> )}	7/1853 {Satellite systems for providing telephony service to a mobile station, i.e. mobile
7/1555	{Selecting relay station antenna mode, e.g.	satellite service (for selecting H04W)}
	selecting omnidirectional -, directional	7/18532 {Arrangements for managing transmission,
7/15557	beams, selecting polarizations}	i.e. for transporting data or a signalling
7/15557	• • • {Selecting relay station operation mode, e.g. between amplify and forward mode, decode	message}
	and forward mode or FDD - and TDD mode}	7/18534 {for enhancing link reliablility, e.g. satellites diversity}
7/15564	` '	7/18536 {Shadowing compensation therefor, e.g.
_,,,	reduction}	by using an additional terrestrial relay}
7/15571	• • • • {by signal isolation, e.g. isolation by frequency or by antenna pattern, or by	7/18539 {Arrangements for managing radio,
	polarization}	resources, i.e. for establishing or releasing a connection}
7/15578	{by gain adjustment}	7/18541 {for handover of resources}
7/15585	• • • • {by interference cancellation}	7/18543 {for adaptation of transmission
7/15592	{Adapting at the relay station	parameters, e.g. power control (for
	communication parameters for supporting cooperative relaying, i.e. transmission of	detecting or preventing errors in the
	the same data via direct - and relayed path	information received <u>H04L 1/00</u> )} 7/18545 { Arrangements for managing station
	(cooperative diversity <u>H04B 7/024</u> )}	mobility, i.e. for station registration or
7/165	employing angle modulation	localisation}
7/17	• • • employing pulse modulation, e.g. pulse code	7/18547 {for geolocalisation of a station
7/185	modulation Space-based or airborne stations; {Stations	(position fixing by direction or distance determination <u>G01S 5/00</u> )}
77103	for satellite systems \(\frac{(H04B 7/204 takes}{\text{takes}}\)	7/1855 {using a telephonic control signal, e.g.
	precedence)	propagation delay variation, Doppler
7/18502	• • • {Airborne stations}	frequency variation, power variation,
7/18504	{ Aircraft used as relay or high altitude atmospheric platform}	beam identification}
7/18506	{Communications with or from aircraft,	7/18552 {using a telephonic control signal and a second ranging satellite
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	i.e. aeronautical mobile service}	(determining absolute distances
7/18508	• • • • { with satellite system used as relay, i.e.	from a plurality of spaced points of
	aeronautical mobile satellite service}	known location G01S 5/14)}
7/1851	• • • • {Systems using a satellite or space-based relay (H04B 7/18508, H04B 7/18521 take	7/18554 {using the position provided by an existing geolocalisation system}
	precedence; providing specific services	7/18556 {using a location database}
	H04B 7/18523 - H04B 7/18576)}	7/18558 {Arrangements for managing
7/18513	• • • • {Transmission in a satellite or space-based	communications, i.e. for setting up,
	system}	maintaining or releasing a call between
		stations}

7(107)	7/2040 (F
7/1856 {for call routing}	7/2048 {Frame structure, synchronisation or frame
7/18563 {Arrangements for interconnecting	acquisition in SS-TDMA systems}
multiple systems (data switching networks	7/208 Frequency-division multiple access
H04L 12/00)}	{[FDMA]}
7/18565 { Arrangements for preventing	7/212 Time-division multiple access {[TDMA]}
unauthorised access or for providing user	7/2121 {Channels assignment to the different
protection (arrangements for secret or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
secure communication H04L 9/00)}	stations}
	7/2123 (Variable assignment, e.g. demand
7/18567 {Arrangements for providing additional	assignment}
services to the basic mobile satellite	7/2125 (Synchronisation)
telephony service}	7/2126 {using a reference station}
7/18569 {Arrangements for system physical	7/2128 {Changing of the reference station}
machines management, i.e. for	7/216 Code division or spread-spectrum multiple
construction operations control,	
administration, maintenance}	access {[CDMA, SSMA]}
7/18571 {for satellites; for fixed or mobile	7/22 • Scatter propagation systems {, e.g. ionospheric,
stations}	tropospheric or meteor scatter}
	7/24 • for communication between two or more posts
7/18573 {for operations control, administration	(wireless communication networks <u>H04W</u> )
or maintenance}	7/26 at least one of which is mobile
7/18576 {Satellite systems for providing narrowband	7/2603 { Arrangements for wireless physical layer
data service to fixed or mobile stations, e.g.	control (H04B 7/2612 takes precedence)}
using a minisatellite, a microsatellite (for	
selecting <u>H04W</u> )}	7/2606 {Arrangements for base station coverage
7/18578 {Satellite systems for providing broadband	control, e.g. by using relays in tunnels}
data service to individual earth stations (for	$7/2609$ {Arrangements for range control, e.g. by
selecting <u>H04W</u> ; provisions for broadband	using remote antennas}
connection, <u>H04Q 11/0478</u> )}	7/2612 {Arrangements for wireless medium
	access control, e.g. by allocating
7/1858 {Arrangements for data transmission	physical layer transmission capacity
on the physical system, i.e. for data	( <u>H04B 7/2615</u> - <u>H04B 7/2643</u> take precedence;
bit transmission between network	provision for broadband connection
components}	H04Q 11/0478)}
7/18582 {Arrangements for data linking, i.e. for	
data framing, for error recovery, for	7/2615 {using hybrid frequency-time division multiple
multiple access}	access [FDMA-TDMA]}
7/18584 { Arrangements for data networking, i.e.	7/2618 {using hybrid code-time division multiple
for data packet routing, for congestion	access [CDMA-TDMA]}
control (data switching networks	7/2621 {using frequency division multiple access
H04L 12/00)}	[FDMA] ( $\underline{H04B7/2615}$ takes precedence)}
	7/2625 {using common wave}
	7/2628 {using code-division multiple access [CDMA]
for an end to end data transport or check}	or spread spectrum multiple access [SSMA]
7/18589 {Arrangements for controlling an end	(H04B 7/2618 takes precedence)
to end session, i.e. for initialising,	
synchronising or terminating an end to end	7/2631 {for broadband transmission}
link}	7/2634 {for channel frequency control}
7/18591 {Arrangements for interconnecting	7/2637 {for logical channel control}
multiple systems (data switching networks	7/264 {for data rate control}
H04L 12/00)}	7/2643 {using time-division multiple access [TDMA]
7/18593 {Arrangements for preventing	( <u>H04B 7/2615</u> , <u>H04B 7/2618</u> take precedence)}
unauthorised access or for providing user	7/2646 {for broadband transmission}
protection (arrangements for secret or	
	7/265 {for channel frequency control}
secure communication <u>H04L 9/00</u> )}	7/2653 {for logical channel control}
7/18595 {Arrangements for adapting broadband	7/2656 { for structure of frame, burst}
applications to satellite systems}	7/2659 {for data rate control}
7/18597 { Arrangements for system physical	7/2662 {Arrangements for Wireless System
machines management, i.e. for	Synchronisation}
construction, operations control,	7/2665 { Arrangements for Wireless Frequency
administration, maintenance}	Division Multiple Access [FDMA] System
7/19 Earth-synchronous stations	
7/195 Non-synchronous stations	Synchronisation}
	7/2668 {Arrangements for Wireless Code-
7/204 Multiple access	Division Multiple Access [CDMA]
7/2041 {Spot beam multiple access}	System Synchronisation, (for code
7/2043 {Mixed mode, TDM and FDM systems}	acquisition <u>H04B 1/7075</u> , for code tracking
7/2045 {SS-FDMA, FDMA satellite switching}	<u>H04B 1/7085</u> )}
7/2046 {SS-TDMA, TDMA satellite switching}	
,	

7/2671		
	{Arrangements for Wireless Time-	10/07953 {Monitoring or measuring OSNR, BER or
	Division Multiple Access [TDMA] System	Q}
	Synchronisation}	10/07955 {Monitoring or measuring power}
7/2675	• • • • {Frequency synchronisation}	10/07957 {Monitoring or measuring wavelength}
7/2678	• • • • {Time synchronisation}	10/0797 {Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater
7/2681	• • • • • {Synchronisation of a mobile station	equipment}
	with one base station}	10/0799 {Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver
7/2684	• • • • • {Synchronisation of a mobile station	equipment}
	with more than one base station}	10/11 • Arrangements specific to free-space transmission,
7/2687	• • • • • {Inter base stations synchronisation}	i.e. transmission through air or vacuum
7/269	• • • • • • {Master/slave synchronisation}	10/112 • Line-of-sight transmission over an extended range
7/2693	• • • • • • {Centralised synchronisation,	10/1121 • • • {One-way transmission}
	i.e. using external universal time	10/1123 {Bidirectional transmission}
	reference, e.g. by using a global	10/1125 {using a single common optical path}
	positioning system [GPS] or by	10/1127 {using two distinct parallel optical paths}
	distributing time reference over the	10/1129 {Arrangements for outdoor wireless
	wireline network}	networking of information}
7/2696	• • • • • • • Over the air autonomous	10/114 Indoor or close-range type systems
	synchronisation, e.g. by monitoring	10/1141 • • • {One-way transmission}
	network activity ( <u>H04B 7/2693</u> takes	10/1143 {Bidirectional transmission}
	precedence)}	10/1149 {Arrangements for indoor wireless networking
10/00	Transmission systems employing electromagnetic	of information}
	waves other than radio-waves, e.g. infrared, visible	10/116 Visible light communication
	or ultraviolet light, or employing corpuscular	10/118 specially adapted for satellite communication
	radiation, e.g. quantum communication	10/25 • Arrangements specific to fibre transmission
	NOTE	10/2507 • for the reduction or elimination of distortion or
	NOTE	dispersion
	In this group, non-optical transmission systems are	10/25073 • • • {using spectral equalisation, e.g. spectral
	classified in group <u>H04B 10/90</u> .	filtering }
10/03	Arrangements for fault recovery	10/25077 • • • {using soliton propagation}
10/03	using working and protection systems	10/2513 due to chromatic dispersion
10/032	{(H04J 14/0287 takes precedence)}	10/25133 • • • • {including a lumped electrical or optical}
10/035	• using loopbacks	dispersion compensator (H04B 10/2519,
10/033	<ul><li>using bypasses</li></ul>	H04B 10/2525 takes precedence)}
10/038	Arrangements for monitoring or testing transmission	10/25137 { using pulse shaping at the transmitter,
10/07	systems; Arrangements for fault measurement of	e.g. pre-chirping or dispersion supported
	transmission systems	transmission [DST]}
10/071	using a reflected signal, e.g. using optical time	10/2519 using Bragg gratings
10/0/1	domain reflectometers [OTDR]	10/2525 using dispersion-compensating fibres
10/073	• using an out-of-service signal (H04B 10/071	10/25253 {with dispersion management, i.e. using a
10/0/5	takes precedence)	combination of different kind of fibres in
		combination of unferent kind of fibres in
10/0731	Testing or characterisation of ontical devices	
10/0731	• • { Testing or characterisation of optical devices, e.g. amplifiers}	the transmission system}
	e.g. amplifiers}	the transmission system} 10/2531 using spectral inversion
10/0731 10/075	e.g. amplifiers} . using an in-service signal ( <u>H04B 10/071</u> takes	the transmission system} 10/2531 using spectral inversion 10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or
10/075	<ul><li>e.g. amplifiers}</li><li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li></ul>	the transmission system} 10/2531 using spectral inversion 10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering
10/075 10/077	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> </ul>	the transmission system} 10/2531 using spectral inversion 10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering 10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect
10/075 10/077 10/0771	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> </ul>	the transmission system} 10/2531 using spectral inversion 10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering 10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect 10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]
10/075 10/077	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]
10/075 10/077 10/0771	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}</li> <li>using measurements of the data signal</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779 10/079 10/0791	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}</li> <li>using measurements of the data signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779	e.g. amplifiers}  using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)  using a supervisory or additional signal  Fault location on the transmission path}  Fault location on the transmission path parameters}  Fault location on the transmitter or line receiver equipment}  Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}  Susing measurements of the data signal  Fault location on the transmission path}  Retwork aspects, e.g. central monitoring of	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}  10/25752 {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779 10/079 10/0791 10/0793	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}</li> <li>using measurements of the data signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}  10/25752 {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}  10/25753 {Distribution optical network, e.g. between a
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779 10/079 10/0791	e.g. amplifiers}  using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)  using a supervisory or additional signal  {Fault location on the transmission path}  {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}  {Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}  {Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}  {Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}  using measurements of the data signal  {Fault location on the transmission path}  {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}  {Performance monitoring; Measurement of	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}  10/25752 {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}  10/25753 {Distribution optical network, e.g. between a base station and a plurality of remote units}
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779 10/079 10/0793 10/0795	<ul> <li>e.g. amplifiers}</li> <li>using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)</li> <li>using a supervisory or additional signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}</li> <li>{Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}</li> <li>using measurements of the data signal</li> <li>{Fault location on the transmission path}</li> <li>{Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}</li> <li>{Performance monitoring; Measurement of transmission parameters}</li> </ul>	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}  10/25752 {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}  10/25753 {Distribution optical network, e.g. between a base station and a plurality of remote units}
10/075 10/077 10/0771 10/0773 10/0775 10/0777 10/0779 10/079 10/0791 10/0793	e.g. amplifiers}  using an in-service signal (H04B 10/071 takes precedence)  using a supervisory or additional signal  {Fault location on the transmission path}  {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}  {Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}  {Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}  {Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}  using measurements of the data signal  {Fault location on the transmission path}  {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}  {Performance monitoring; Measurement of	the transmission system}  10/2531 using spectral inversion  10/2537 due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering  10/2543 due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect  10/255 Self-phase modulation [SPM]  10/2557 Cross-phase modulation [XPM]  10/2563 Four-wave mixing [FWM]  10/2569 due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]  10/2572 {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}  10/2575 Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier  10/25751 {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission H04N 7/22)}  10/25752 {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}  10/25753 {Distribution optical network, e.g. between a base station and a plurality of remote units}

10/05550		10/505		
10/25/58	• {between a central unit and a single remote	10/505	• • • {using external modulation}	
	unit by means of an optical fibre}	10/5051	• • • • {using a series, i.e. cascade, combination	
10/25759	• • {Details of the reception of RF signal or		of modulators}	
	the optical conversion before the optical	10/5053	• • • • {using a parallel, i.e. shunt, combination o	f
	fibre}		modulators}	
10/2581 M	ultimode transmission	10/5055	• • • • {using a pre-coder}	
	ing a single light source for multiple stations	10/5057	• • • • {using a feedback signal generated by	
	Bidirectional transmission}	10/3037	analysing the optical output}	
		10/50570		
	{Transmission components ( <u>H04B 10/40</u> takes	10/50572	• • • • • {to control the modulating signal	
	precedence)}		amplitude including amplitude	
	ngements for networking		distortion}	
	Combination of different networks, e.g. star and		• • • • • {to control the modulator DC bias}	
rir	ng configuration in the same network or two	10/50577	• • • • {to control the phase of the modulating	
rir	ng networks interconnected}		signal}	
10/272 St	ar-type networks {or tree-type networks}	10/5059	• • • • { using a feed-forward signal generated by	
10/2725	{Star-type networks without a headend}		analysing the optical or electrical input}	
	ing-type networks	10/50593	• • • • {to control the modulating signal	
	{Ring-type networks with a headend}		amplitude including amplitude	
			distortion}	
	us-type networks	10/50595	• • • • • {to control the modulator DC bias}	
10/29 . Repe				
	which processing or amplification is carried	10/30397	• • • • {to control the phase of the modulating	
ou	t without conversion of the main signal from		signal}	
op	otical form	10/506	• • • {Multiwavelength transmitters}	
10/2912	{characterised by the medium used for	10/508	• Pulse generation, e.g. generation of solitons	
	amplification or processing}	10/516	Details of coding or modulation	
	• {using lumped semiconductor optical	10/5161	• • • {Combination of different modulation	
	amplifiers [SOA]}		schemes}	
10/2916	• {using Raman or Brillouin amplifiers}	10/5162	• • {Return-to-zero modulation schemes}	
	Signal power control	10/5165	• • {Carrier suppressed; Single sideband; Double	
		10/3103	sideband or vestigial}	
10/2931	• {using AGC ( <u>H04B 10/294</u> takes	10/51/7	— ·	
	precedence)}	10/5167	{Duo-binary; Alternative mark inversion;	
	• {considering the whole optical path}		Phase shaped binary transmission}	
10/2935	<ul><li>• { with a cascade of amplifiers }</li></ul>	10/524	Pulse modulation	
10/2937	• • {Systems with a repeater placed only at	10/532	Polarisation modulation	
	the beginning or the end of the system,	10/54	Intensity modulation	
	i.e. repeaterless systems, e.g. systems with	10/541	• • • {Digital intensity or amplitude modulation}	
	only post and pre-amplification}	10/548	Phase or frequency modulation	
10/2939	• • {Network aspects}	10/556	Digital modulation, e.g. differential phase	
	• in a multiwavelength system, e.g. gain	10,330	shift keying [DPSK] or frequency shift	
10/2)4 • • •	equalisation		keying [FSK]	
10/2041	•	10/5561		
10/2941	• • {using an equalising unit, e.g. a filter	10/5561	{Digital phase modulation}	
10/00/0	( <u>H04B 10/296</u> takes precedence)}	10/5563	• • • • {Digital frequency modulation}	
10/2942	• • {using automatic gain control [AGC]	10/564	Power control	
	$(\underline{\text{H04B 10/296}} \text{ takes precedence})$	10/572	• • Wavelength control	
10/296	Transient power control, e.g. due to	10/58	Compensation for non-linear transmitter output	
	channel add/drop or rapid fluctuations in	10/588	in external modulation systems	
	the input power	10/60	• Receivers	
10/297	Bidirectional amplification	10/61	Coherent receivers	
	• {A single amplifier for both directions}			
	• {Each direction being amplified separately}	10/612	• • • {for optical signals modulated with a format	
	Two-way repeaters, i.e. repeaters amplifying		different from binary or higher-order PSK [X-	
			PSK], e.g. QAM, DPSK, FSK, MSK, ASK}	
	separate upward and downward lines}	10/613	• • • (including phase diversity, e.g., having in-	
	Signal waveform processing, e.g. reshaping or		phase and quadrature branches, as in QPSK	
	retiming		coherent receivers}	
10/40 • Tran	sceivers	10/614	{comprising one or more polarization beam	
10/43 us	ing a single component as both light source		splitters, e.g. polarization multiplexed	
an	d receiver, e.g. using a photoemitter as a		[PolMux] X-PSK coherent receivers,	
	otoreceiver		polarization diversity heterodyne coherent	
_	smitters		receivers ( <u>H04J 14/06</u> takes precedence)}	
	Structural aspects}	10/615	• • • {Arrangements affecting the optical part of the	
	{LED transmitters}	10,010	receiver}	
		10/6151		
	{Laser transmitters}	10/0131	• • • {comprising a polarization controller at the	
10/504	• {using direct modulation}		receiver's input stage}	

10/616	• • • {Details of the electronic signal processing in coherent optical receivers}	10/80	• Optical aspects relating to the use of optical transmission for specific applications, not provided
10/6161 10/6162	<ul><li> {Compensation of chromatic dispersion}</li><li> {Compensation of polarization related</li></ul>		for in groups <u>H04B 10/03</u> - <u>H04B 10/70</u> , e.g. optical power feeding or optical transmission through water
	effects, e.g., PMD, PDL}	10/801	• • {using optical interconnects, e.g. light coupled isolators, circuit board interconnections}
10/6163	• • • {Compensation of non-linear effects in the fiber optic link, e.g. self-phase modulation	10/802	• • . {for isolation, e.g. using optocouplers}
	[SPM], cross-phase modulation [XPM], four	10/803	• • • (Free space interconnects, e.g. between circuit
	wave mixing [FWM]}	10,000	boards or chips}
10/6164	{Estimation or correction of the frequency	10/806	• • {Arrangements for feeding power}
	offset between the received optical signal and the optical local oscillator}	10/807	• • • {Optical power feeding, i.e. transmitting power using an optical signal}
10/6165	• • • Estimation of the phase of the received	10/808	• • • {Electrical power feeding of an optical
	optical signal, phase error estimation or		transmission system}
	phase error correction}	10/85	• • Protection from unauthorised access, e.g.
10/6166	• • • {Polarisation demultiplexing, tracking		eavesdrop protection
	or alignment of orthogonal polarisation components}	10/90	Non-optical transmission systems, e.g. transmission
10/63	Homodyne { , i.e. coherent receivers where		systems employing non-photonic corpuscular radiation
	the local oscillator is locked in frequency and		
	phase to the carrier signal}	11/00	Transmission systems employing sonic, ultrasonic
10/64	• • Heterodyne {, i.e. coherent receivers where,		or infrasonic waves
	after the opto-electronic conversion, an	13/00	Transmission systems characterised by the
	electrical signal at an intermediate frequency [IF] is obtained}		medium used for transmission, not provided for in
10/65	• • {Intradyne, i.e. coherent receivers with a free	12/005	groups <u>H04B 3/00</u> - <u>H04B 11/00</u>
10,00	running local oscillator having a frequency	13/005	<ul> <li>{Transmission systems in which the medium consists of the human body}</li> </ul>
	close but not phase-locked to the carrier signal}	13/02	Transmission systems in which the medium consists
10/66	Non-coherent receivers, e.g. using direct		of the earth or a large mass of water thereon, e.g.
10/65	detection		earth telegraphy
10/67 10/671	<ul><li>Optical arrangements in the receiver</li><li>(for controlling the input optical signal)</li></ul>	14/00	Transmission systems not characterised by the
10/671	• • • • {for controlling the input optical signal} • • • • • {for controlling the power of the input	21,00	medium used for transmission (details thereof
10/072	optical signal}		<u>H04B 1/00</u> )
10/673	• • • • { using an optical preamplifier}	14/002	• {characterised by the use of a carrier modulation
10/674	{using a variable optical attenuator}	4.4/0.04	(using subcarrier modulation <u>H04B 14/08</u> )}
10/675	• • • • { for controlling the optical bandwidth of	14/004	• • {Amplitude modulation}
	the input signal, e.g. spectral filtering}	14/006 14/008	<ul><li>. {Angle modulation}</li><li>. {Polarisation modulation}</li></ul>
10/676	<ul> <li> {for all-optical demodulation of the input optical signal}</li> </ul>	14/02	characterised by the use of pulse modulation (in
10/677	• • • • { for differentially modulated signal, e.g.	, -	radio transmission relays <u>H04B 7/17</u> )
10/077	DPSK signals}	14/023	• • {using pulse amplitude modulation}
10/69	Electrical arrangements in the receiver	14/026	• • {using pulse time characteristics modulation, e.g.
10/691	• • • {Arrangements for optimizing the	1.4/0.4	width, position, interval}
	photodetector in the receiver}	14/04	. using pulse code modulation
10/6911	• • • • {Photodiode bias control, e.g. for	14/042 14/044	<ul><li> {Special circuits, e.g. comparators}</li><li> {Sample and hold circuits (in general</li></ul>
10/693	compensating temperature variations} {Arrangements for optimizing the	14/044	G11C 27/02)}
10/093	preamplifier in the receiver}	14/046	• • • {Systems or methods for reducing noise or
10/6931	• • • • • {Automatic gain control of the		bandwidth}
	preamplifier}	14/048	• • • { Non linear compression or expansion }
10/6932	• • • • {Bandwidth control of bit rate adaptation}	14/06	• using differential modulation, e.g. delta
10/6933	· · · · · {Offset control of the differential	14/062	modulation
10/605	preamplifier}	14/062	<ul> <li>• { using delta modulation or one-bit differential modulation [1DPCM]}</li> </ul>
10/695	• • • {Arrangements for optimizing the decision element in the receiver, e.g. by using	14/064	• • • • {with adaptive feedback}
	automatic threshold control}	14/066	• • • { using differential modulation with several bits
10/697	{Arrangements for reducing noise and		[NDPCM]}
	distortion}	14/068	• • • { with adaptive feedback }
10/6971	• • • • {using equalisation}	14/08	<ul> <li>characterised by the use of a sub-carrier</li> </ul>
10/6972			
10/2072	{using passive filtering}	15/00	Suppression or limitation of noise or interference
10/6973 10/70	<ul><li> {using passive filtering}</li><li> {using noise matching networks}</li><li>. Photonic quantum communication</li></ul>	<b>15/00</b> 15/005	Suppression or limitation of noise or interference (by means associated with receiver H04B 1/10)  • {Reducing noise, e.g. humm, from the supply}

15/02	<ul> <li>Reducing interference from electric apparatus by means located at or near the interfering apparatus</li> </ul>	17/20	• of receivers
15/025	Reducing interference from ignition apparatus of		WARNING
15/025	fuel engines (cables with high resistance <u>H01B</u> )}		Group H04B 17/20 is impacted by
15/04	the interference being caused by substantially		reclassification into groups H04B 17/201,
	sinusoidal oscillations, e.g. in a receiver or in a		H04B 17/202, H04B 17/203, H04B 17/204, H04B 17/22, H04B 17/221, H04B 17/25,
15/06	tape-recorder by local oscillators of receivers		H04B 17/252, H04B 17/253, H04B 17/254 and
	·		<u>H04B 17/255</u> .
17/00	Monitoring; Testing (of line transmission systems		All groups listed in this Warning should be
	H04B 3/46; arrangements for monitoring or testing transmission systems employing electromagnetic		considered in order to perform a complete
	waves other than radio waves H04B 10/07)		search.
17/0082	• {using service channels; using auxiliary channels}	17/201	• • { for measurement of specific parameters of the
17/0085	• • {using test signal generators}		receiver or components thereof}
17/0087	• • {using auxiliary channels or channel simulators}		WARNING
17/10	• of transmitters		Groups H04B 17/201, H04B 17/202,
17/101	<ul> <li>• {for measurement of specific parameters of the transmitter or components thereof}</li> </ul>		<u>H04B 17/203</u> and <u>H04B 17/204</u> are
17/102	• • {Power radiated at antenna}		incomplete pending reclassification of
17/103	{Reflected power, e.g. return loss}		documents from group H04B 17/20.
17/104	• • • {of other parameters, e.g. DC offset, delay or		All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete
	propagation times}		search.
17/11 17/12	for calibration	17/202	• • • {Power received at the antenna}
17/12	<ul> <li>of transmit antennas, e.g. of the amplitude or phase</li> </ul>	17/202	• • {Receiver sensitivity}
17/13	• • • of power amplifiers, e.g. gain or non-linearity	17/204	• • • {of interfering signals, e.g. passive
17/14	• • • of the whole transmission and reception path,		intermodulation}
	e.g. self-test loop-back	17/21	for calibration; for correcting measurements
17/15	• • Performance testing		WARNING
	WARNING		Group H04B 17/21 is impacted by
	Group <u>H04B 17/15</u> is impacted by		reclassification into groups H04B 17/22 and
	reclassification into group <u>H04B 17/191</u> .		<u>H04B 17/221</u> .
	Groups <u>H04B 17/15</u> and <u>H04B 17/191</u> should		Groups <u>H04B 17/21</u> , <u>H04B 17/22</u> and <u>H04B 17/221</u> should be considered in order to
	be considered in order to perform a complete search.		perform a complete search.
		1=100	
17/16	Test equipment located at the transmitter	17/22	• • • {for calibration of the receiver components}
17/17	<ul> <li>Detection of non-compliance or faulty performance, e.g. response deviations</li> </ul>		WARNING
	(H04B 17/18 takes precedence)		Groups <u>H04B 17/22</u> and <u>H04B 17/221</u>
17/18	Monitoring during normal operation		are incomplete pending reclassification of
17/19	Self-testing arrangements		documents from groups H04B 17/20 and H04B 17/21.
17/191	• • • {Over-the-air testing}		All groups listed in this Warning should be
	<u>WARNING</u>		considered in order to perform a complete
	Group H04B 17/191 is incomplete pending		search.
	reclassification of documents from group	17/221	• • • • {of receiver antennas, e.g. as to amplitude or
	H04B 17/15.		phase}
	Groups H04B 17/15 and H04B 17/191 should be considered in order to perform a	17/23	Indication means, e.g. displays, alarms, audible
	complete search.	17/04	means
	-	17/24 17/25	<ul><li>with feedback of measurements to the transmitter</li><li>{taking multiple measurements}</li></ul>
		11/23	
			WARNING
			Groups H04B 17/25, H04B 17/252,
			H04B 17/253, H04B 17/254 and H04B 17/255 are incomplete pending reclassification of

are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group  $\underline{\text{H04B 17/20}}$ .

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete

search.

17/252	<ul> <li>• (measuring signals from different transmission points or directions of arrival, e.g. in multi</li> </ul>	<ul><li>17/30 . of propagation channels</li><li>17/309 . Measuring or estimating channel quality</li></ul>
	RAT or dual connectivity}	parameters
17/253	• • • {measuring at different locations or reception	WARNING
17/254	<ul><li>points}</li><li>• {measuring at different reception times}</li></ul>	Group H04B 17/309 is impacted by
17/255	• • • {measuring at different states of transmission,	reclassification into groups H04B 17/346 and
	e.g. active or idle; measuring at different	H04B 17/347.
	measurement rates; measuring with different measurement schedules}	Groups <u>H04B 17/309</u> , <u>H04B 17/346</u> and <u>H04B 17/347</u> should be considered in order to
17/26	using historical data, averaging values or statistics	perform a complete search.
17/27	• • for locating or positioning the transmitter	17/318 Received signal strength
17/29	. Performance testing	WARNING .
	WARNING	Group H04B 17/318 is impacted by
	Group H04B 17/29 is impacted by reclassification into groups H04B 17/294,	reclassification into group <u>H04B 17/328</u> .
	H04B 17/295, H04B 17/296 and	Groups H04B 17/318 and H04B 17/328 should be considered in order to perform a
	<u>H04B 17/297</u> .	complete search.
	All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete	17/327 Received signal code power [RSCP]
	search.	17/328 {Reference signal received power [RSRP];
17/294	• • { with test equipment located at the receiver }	Reference signal received quality [RSRQ]}
	WARNING	WARNING
	Group H04B 17/294 is incomplete pending	Group H04B 17/328 is incomplete
	reclassification of documents from group	pending reclassification of documents from group H04B 17/318.
	<u>H04B 17/29</u> . Groups <u>H04B 17/29</u> and <u>H04B 17/294</u>	Groups H04B 17/318 and H04B 17/328
	should be considered in order to perform a	should be considered in order to perform
	complete search.	a complete search.
17/295	{Detection of non-compliance or faulty	17/336 Signal-to-interference ratio [SIR] or carrier-to-interference ratio [CIR]
	performance, e.g. response deviations (monitoring during normal operations	17/345 Interference values ({signal-to-interference
	(mointoring during normal operations H04B 17/296)}	ratio [SIR] or carrier-to-interference ratio
	WARNING	[CIR] H04B 17/336) 17/346 {Noise values (signal-to-interference ratio
	Group H04B 17/295 is incomplete pending	[SIR] or carrier-to-interference ratio [CIR]
	reclassification of documents from group	<u>H04B 17/336</u> )}
	<u>H04B 17/29</u> . Groups <u>H04B 17/29</u> and <u>H04B 17/295</u>	WARNING
	should be considered in order to perform a	Group <u>H04B 17/346</u> is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group
	complete search.	H04B 17/309.
17/296	• • • {Monitoring performance during normal	Groups <u>H04B 17/309</u> and <u>H04B 17/346</u>
	operation}	should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
	WARNING	•
	Group H04B 17/296 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group	17/347 {Path loss}
	H04B 17/29.	WARNING
	Groups <u>H04B 17/29</u> and <u>H04B 17/296</u>	Group H04B 17/347 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group
	should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	<u>H04B 17/309</u> .
17/207		Groups <u>H04B 17/309</u> and <u>H04B 17/347</u>
17/297	{Self-testing arrangements}	should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
	WARNING	17/354 Adjacent channel leakage power
	Group H04B 17/297 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group	17/364 Delay profiles
	H04B 17/29.	17/373 Predicting channel quality {or other radio
	Groups H04B 17/29 and H04B 17/297	frequency [RF]} parameters 17/382 for resource allocation, admission control or
	should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	handover
	-	17/391 Modelling the propagation channel

2201/696 . relating to Dowlink 2201/696 . relating to Uplink 2201/696 . relating to Uplink 2201/696 . relating to Uplink 2201/70701 . relating to direct sequence modulation 2201/70702 . featuring pilot assisted reception 2201/70703 . using multiple or variable rates 2201/70703 . using multiple or variable rates 2201/70705 . Rate detection 2201/70706 . with means for reducing the peak-to-average power ratio 2201/70707 . Efficiency-related aspects 2201/70707 . Efficiency-related aspects 2201/70707 . with discontinuous detection 2201/7070 . with dynamic control of receiver resources 2201/7071 . with dynamic control of receiver resources 2201/7071 . with dynamic control of receiver resources 2201/7071 . with dynamic control of receiver resources 2201/70714 . Reducing hardware requirements 2201/70715 . with application-specific features 2201/70716 . Quadrature 2201/70718 . Particular systems or standards 2201/70719 . CDMA2000 2201/70719 . CDMA2000 2201/70720 . HDR 2201/70721 . HSDPA/HSUPA 2201/70722 . HSDPA/HSUPA 2201/70723 . Multi-carrier HSPA 2201/70724 . UMTS 2201/70725 . Systems for power line communications 2201/70727 . using fast Fourier transform 2201/70728 . Frequency aspects 2201/70736 . DSA 2201/70737 . Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/70737 . Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/70797 . Methods of preventing interference 2201/70797 . Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/70797 . Methods of preventing interference 2201/70797 . Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/70979 . Methods of preventing interference 2201/70979 . Methods of preventing interference 2201/709979 . Metho				
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sitength indicator [RSSI] for a given goographic region]  17401	17/3912			
17/3913     Predictive models, e.g. based on neural     2201/7133     Frequency hopping     Fat finger issues in RAKE receivers				
1740				<del>-</del>
network models) 17/401 (with selective localization) 17/402 (using different frequencies) 17/403 (series de by local oscillators) 17/404 (selective localization) 17/405 (sentented by local oscillators) 17/406 (selected by local filters) 17/407 (selected by local filters) 17/408 (selected by local filters) 17/409 (selected by local multipliers, dividers, modulators) 17/409 (suising coded addresses) 17/407 (without selective localization) 17/407 (selected by local multipliers, dividers, modulators) 17/408 (suising coded addresses) 17/409 (selected by local multipliers, dividers, modulators) 17/409 (selected with localization) 17/409 (se	17/3913			
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17402				
17/403 (generated by local filters) 17/404 (selected by local filters) 17/405 (generated by local miltipliers, dividers, modulators) 17/406 (using coded addresses) 17/407 . (without selective localization) 17/408 . (using uccessive loop-backs) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 18/104 . (and the second of the				
17/404 . (selected by local filters) 17/405 . (generated by local multipliers, dividers, modulators) 17/406 . (using coded addresses) 17/407 . (without selective localization) 17/408 . (using stocestive loop-backs) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement) 17/409 . (by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement provided in the substitution of the power or surver or s				
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2201/70716 Quadrature 2201/70718 Particular systems or standards 2201/70718 Particular systems or standards 2201/70719 CDMA2000 2201/7072				
2201/70718 Particular systems or standards 2201/70719 CDMA2000 2201/7072				
2201/70719 CDMA2000 2201/7072				
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2201/70724 UMTS  2201/70726 Asynchronous CDMA  2201/70727 using fast Fourier transform  2201/70728 Frequency aspects  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation synchronisation  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7070 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7097 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7097 Determine interference  2201/7097 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference				
2201/70726 Asynchronous CDMA  2201/70727 using fast Fourier transform  2201/70728 Frequency aspects  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation synchronisation  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7077 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7097 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/709718 Determine interference			2203/3473	-
2201/70727 using fast Fourier transform  2201/70728 Frequency aspects  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation synchronisation  2201/7073 2D search  2201/7073 2D search  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7073 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7074 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/7097 Direct sequence modulation interference  2201/70970 Methods of preventing interference  2201/709718 Determine interference  2201/700737 Determine interference  2201/700737 Determine interference			2203/5479	
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2201/7097 DSA 2201/7097 Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/7097 Methods of preventing interference 2201/709718 Determine interference				
2201/7097 Direct sequence modulation interference 2201/709709 Methods of preventing interference 2201/709718 Determine interference 2201/709718 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference				
2201/709709 Methods of preventing interference 2201/709718 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference 2201/709737 Determine interference			2210/00	Indexing scheme relating to optical transmission
2201/709718 Determine interference optical amplifiers or dispersion compensators				
Optical amplifiers of dispersion compensators			2210/003	• Devices including multiple stages, e.g., multi-stage
2210/006 Devices for generating or processing an RF of				
2201/700724 II-luidint-uf-u-u-u-u-iti-u-ti-u-u-			2210/006	• Devices for generating or processing an RF signal
2201/709736 Hybrid interference mitigation schemes by optical means 2201/709745 Iterative interference mitigation schemes				by optical means

### H04B

2210/07	Monitoring an optical transmission system using a
	supervisory signal (OAM for WDM transmission
	<u>H04J 14/0272</u> )
2210/071	using alarms
2210/072	using an overhead signal
2210/074	using a superposed, over-modulated signal
2210/075	using a pilot tone
2210/077	using a separate fibre
2210/078	using a separate wavelength
2210/08	Shut-down or eye-safety
2210/25	Distortion or dispersion compensation
2210/252	• after the transmission line, i.e. post-compensation
2210/254	• • before the transmission line, i.e. pre-
	compensation
2210/256	at the repeater, i.e. repeater compensation
2210/258	treating each wavelength or wavelength band
	separately
2210/516	• Optical conversion of optical modulation formats,
	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK
2210/516 2210/517	- •
	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK
2210/517	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or <u>vice versa</u>
2210/517	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system
2210/517 <b>2215/00</b>	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level
2210/517 <b>2215/00</b> 2215/061	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems
2210/517 2215/00 2215/061 2215/062	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference
2210/517 <b>2215/00</b> 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics
2210/517 <b>2215/00</b> 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics  by changing the frequency of clock or reference
2210/517 2215/00 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063 2215/064 2215/065	<ul> <li>e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK</li> <li>Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa</li> <li>Reducing interference at the transmission system level</li> <li>Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems</li> <li>by inhibiting burst transmission</li> <li>by smoothing the transmission power envelope</li> <li>Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics</li> <li>by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency</li> </ul>
2210/517 2215/00 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063 2215/064 2215/065 2215/066	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics  by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency  by stopping a clock generator
2215/00 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063 2215/064 2215/065 2215/066 2215/067	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics  by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency  by stopping a clock generator  by modulation dispersion
2210/517  2215/00  2215/061 2215/062 2215/063 2215/064  2215/065  2215/066 2215/067 2215/068	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems by inhibiting burst transmission by smoothing the transmission power envelope Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency by stopping a clock generator by modulation dispersion by avoiding a reception frequency range
2215/00 2215/061 2215/062 2215/063 2215/064 2215/065 2215/066 2215/067	e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK  Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or vice versa  Reducing interference at the transmission system level  Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems  by inhibiting burst transmission  by smoothing the transmission power envelope  Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics  by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency  by stopping a clock generator  by modulation dispersion